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### PART I - THE SCHEDULE

#### SECTION B - SUPPLIES OR SERVICES AND PRICES/COSTS

# B.1 LEVEL OF EFFORT--COST REIMBURSEMENT TERM CONTRACT (EPAAR 1552.211-73) (APR 1984) DEVIATION

- (a) The Contractor shall perform all work and provide all required reports within the level of effort specified below. The Government will order 20,000 direct labor hours for the base period which represents the Government's best estimate of the level of effort required to fulfill these requirements.
- (b) Direct labor includes personnel such as engineers, scientists, draftsmen, technicians, statisticians, and programmers and not support personnel such as company management, typists, and key punch operators even though such support personnel are normally treated as direct labor by the Contractor. The level of effort specified in paragraph (a) includes Contractor, subcontractor, and consultant labor hours.
- (c) Under any circumstances, if the Government orders or the Contractor provides less than 90 percent of the level of effort specified for the base period or any optional period exercised, an equitable downward adjustment of the fixed fee, if any, for that period will be made. The Government may require the Contractor to provide additional effort up to 110 percent of the level of effort for any period until the estimated cost for that period has been reached. However, this additional effort shall not result in any increase in the fixed fee, if any. If this is a cost-plus-incentive-fee (CPIF) contract, the term "fee" in this paragraph means "base fee and incentive fee." If this is a cost-plus-award-fee (CPAF) contract, the term "fee" in this paragraph means "base fee and award fee."
- (d) If the level of effort specified to be ordered during a given base or option period is not ordered during that period, that level of effort may not be accumulated and ordered during a subsequent period.
- (e) These terms and conditions do not supersede the requirements of either the "Limitation of Cost" or "Limitation of Funds" clauses.

## B.2 WORK ASSIGNMENTS (EPAAR 1552.211-74) (APR 1984) ALTERNATE I (MAY 1994) DEVIATION

- (a) The Contractor shall perform work under this contract as specified in written work assignments issued by the Contracting Officer.
  - (b) Each work assignment will include (1) a numerical designation, (2) the

estimate of required labor hours, (3) the period of performance and schedule of deliverables, and (4) the description of the work.

(c) The Contractor shall acknowledge receipt of each work assignment by returning to the Contracting Officer a signed copy of the work assignment within 5 calendar days after its receipt. The Contractor shall begin work immediately upon receipt of a work assignment.

Within 15 calendar days after receipt of a work assignment, the Contractor shall submit two copies of a work plan to the Project Officer and one copy to the Contracting Officer. The work plan shall include a detailed technical and staffing plan and a detailed cost estimate.

Within 45 calendar days after receipt of the work plan, the Contracting Officer will provide written approval or disapproval of it to the Contractor.

If the Contractor has not received approval on a work plan within 60 calendar days after its submission, the Contractor shall stop work on that work assignment. Also, if the Contracting Officer disapproves a work plan, the Contractor shall stop work until the problem causing the disapproval is resolved. In either case, the Contractor shall resume work only when the Contracting Officer finally approves the work plan.

- (d) This clause does not change the requirements of the "Level of Effort" clause, nor the notification requirements of either the "Limitation of Cost" or "Limitation of Funds" clauses.
- (e) Work assignments shall not allow for any change to the terms or conditions of the contract. Where any language in the work assignment may suggest a change to the terms or conditions, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Contracting Officer.
- (f) Within 20 days of receipt of the work assignment or similar tasking document, the Contractor shall provide a conflict of interest certification.

Before submitting the conflict of interest certification, the contractor shall search its records accumulated, at a minimum, over the past three years immediately prior to the receipt of the work assignment or similar tasking document. In the COI certification, the Contractor must certify to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief, that all actual or potential organizational conflicts of interest have been reported to the Contracting Officer or that to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief, no actual or potential organizational conflicts of interest exist. In addition, the Contractor must certify that its personnel who perform work under this work assignment or relating to this work assignment have been informed of their obligation to report personal and organizational conflicts of interest to the Contractor. The certification shall also include a statement that the Contractor recognizes its continuing obligation to identify and report any actual or potential conflicts of interest arising during performance of this

work assignment.

## B.3 ESTIMATED COST AND FIXED FEE (EP 52.216-190) (APR 1984)

- (a) The estimated cost of this contract is \$0.00.
- (b) The fixed fee is \$0.00.
- (c) The total estimated cost and fixed fee is \$0.00.

## B.4 LIMITATION OF FUNDS NOTICE (EP 52.232-100) (APR 1984)

(a)	Pursu	ant	to	the	Lim	itat	ion	of	Fund	s c	clau	se,	ind	crem	ent	cal	fu	ndi	ng :	in	the
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of		a	re j	prov	ride	d to	CO	ver	the	COI	rres	pond	ding	g in	cre	emen	ıt (	of	fixe	ed	fee.
The ar	nount	allo	tte	d fo	r c	osts	is	est	cimat	ed	to	cove	er t	the	cor	ntra	ct	or'	s		
perfor	rmance	thr	ougl	h																	

(b) When the contract is fully funded as specified in the Estimated Cost and Fixed Fee Clause (EP 52.216-190), the Limitation of Cost clause shall become applicable.

## B.5 RECAPITULATION TABLE

A. BASE PERIOD: 05/01/03 - 04/30/04							
Funding Action	Estimated Cost	<u>Fixed Fee</u>	Total CPFF				
Initial Award	TBD upon award	TBD upon award	TBD upon award				
Modification No							
Funded	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00				
Total CPFF							
Unfunded							

#### SECTION C - DESCRIPTION/SPECIFICATIONS/WORK STATEMENT

# C.1 NOTICE REGARDING PROHIBITED CONTRACTOR ACTIVITIES ON ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (EPA) CONTRACTS (EP 52.000-000) (NOV 1994)

The Contractor shall not perform any of the following activities on behalf of EPA in connection with this contract:

- 1. The actual preparation of Congressional testimony.
- 2. The interviewing or hiring of individuals for employment at EPA.
- 3. Developing and/or writing of Position Descriptions and Performance Standards.
- 4. The actual determination of Agency policy.
- 5. Participating as a voting member on a Performance Evaluation Board; participating in and/or attending Award Fee meetings.
- 6. Preparing Award Fee Letters, even under typing services contracts.
- 7. The actual preparation of Award Fee Plans.
- 8. The preparation of documents on EPA Letterhead other than routine administrative correspondence.
- 9. Reviewing vouchers and invoices for the purposes of determining whether costs, hours, and work performed are reasonable.
- 10. The preparation of Statements of Work, Work Assignments, Technical Direction Documents, Delivery Orders, or any other work issuance document under a contract that the contractor is performing or may perform. Such a work issuance document, prepared by an EPA prime contractor under an EPA prime contract for its subcontractor, is exempt from this prohibition.
- 11. The actual preparation of responses to audit reports from the Inspector General, General Accounting Office, or other auditing entities.
- 12. Preparing responses to Congressional correspondence.
- 13. The actual preparation of responses to Freedom of Information Act requests, other than routine, non-judgmental correspondence.
- 14. Any contract which authorizes a contractor to represent itself as EPA to

outside parties.

- 15. Conducting administrative hearings.
- 16. Reviewing findings concerning the eligibility of EPA employees for security clearances.
- 17. The actual preparation of an office's official budget request.

# C.2 STATEMENT OF WORK--CONTRACT WHERE WORK IS ORDERED BY WORK ASSIGNMENTS OR DELIVERY ORDERS (EP 52.210-110) (APR 1984)

The Contractor shall furnish the necessary personnel, material, equipment, services and facilities (except as otherwise specified), to perform the Statement of Work/Specifications included as Attachment 1.

The Contractor shall perform work under this contract only as directed in work assignements issued by the Contracting Officer.

# C.3 COMPLIANCE WITH EPA POLICIES FOR INFORMATION RESOURCES MANAGEMENT (EPAAR 1552.211-79) (OCT 2000)

- (a) <u>Definition</u>. Information Resources Management (IRM) is defined as any planning, budgeting, organizing, directing, training, promoting, controlling, and managing activities associated with the burden, collection, creation, use and dissemination of information. IRM includes both information itself, and the management of information and related resources such as personnel, equipment, funds, and technology. Examples of these services include but are not limited to the following:
- (1) The acquisition, creation, or modification of a computer program or automated data base for delivery to EPA or use by EPA or contractors operating EPA programs.
- (2) The analysis of requirements for, study of the feasibility of, evaluation of alternatives for, or design and development of a computer program or automated data base for use by EPA or contractors operating EPA programs.
- (3) Services that provide EPA personnel access to or use of computer or word processing equipment, software, or related services.
- (4) Services that provide EPA personnel access to or use of: Data communications; electronic messaging services or capabilities; electronic bulletin boards, or other forms of electronic information dissemination; electronic record-keeping; or any other automated information services.

- (b) General. The Contractor shall perform any IRM related work under this contract in accordance with the IRM policies, standards and procedures set forth in this clause and noted below. Upon receipt of a work request (i.e. delivery order or work assignment), the Contractor shall check this listing of directives (see paragraph (d) for electronic access). The applicable directives for performance of the work request are those in effect on the date of issuance of the work request.
- (1) IRM Policies, Standards and Procedures. The 2100 Series (2100-2199) of the Agency's Directive System contains the majority of the Agency's IRM policies, standards and procedures.
- (2) Groundwater Program IRM Requirement. A contractor performing any work related to collecting Groundwater data; or developing or enhancing data bases containing Groundwater quality data shall comply with <u>EPA Order 7500.1A</u> <u>Minimum Set of Data Elements for Groundwater</u>.
- (3) EPA Computing and Telecommunications Services. <u>The Enterprise</u> <u>Technology Services Division (ETSD) Operational Directives Manual</u> contains procedural information about the operation of the Agency's computing and telecommunications services. Contractors performing work for the Agency's National Computer Center or those who are developing systems which will be operating on the Agency's national platforms must comply with procedures established in the Manual. (This document may be found at: http://basin.rtpnc.epa.gov:9876/etsd/directives.nsf.)
- (c) <u>Printed Documents</u>. Documents listed in (b)(1) and (b)(2) may be obtained from:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Office of Administration
Facilities Management and Services Division
Distribution Section
Mail Code: 3204
Ariel Rios Building
1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460
Phone: (202) 260-5797

- (d) <u>Electronic Access</u>. Electronic access. A complete listing, including full text, of documents included in the 2100 Series of the Agency's Directive System is maintained on the EPA Public Access Server on the Internet at http://epa.gov/docs/irmpoli8/.
- C.4 ACQUISITION AND USE OF ENVIRONMENTALLY PREFERABLE PRODUCTS AND SERVICES (EP-S 97-1) (MAY 1999)

- (a) Executive Order 13101 of September 14, 1998, entitled "Greening the Government through Waste Prevention, Recycling, and Federal Acquisition" and Section 6002 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) of 1976, as amended (42 U.S.C. 6962, Pub L. 94-580, 90 Stat. 2822) require Federal agencies to procure designated items with the highest recovered materials content practicable.
- (b) In the performance of this contract, the Contractor shall comply with the requirements of the following issuances:
- (1) Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 247, Comprehensive Guideline for Procurement of Products Containing Recovered Materials (CPG), which designates items that are or can be made with recovered materials, and its companion pieces, the Recovered Materials Advisory Notices (RMANs). The CPG and RMANs provide recommended procurement practices, including recommended recovered material content levels, for purchasing products designated in the CPG. The Contractor shall comply with these recommendations, and such other CPG revisions and RMANs as the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) may issue with respect to the procurement of products that contain recovered materials. (Copies of the CPG or RMANs, as well as information on manufacturers and vendors of designated items may be obtained by calling EPA's RCRA Hotline at (800) 424-9346, or, in the Washington, D.C., metropolitan area, at (703) 412-9810.)
- (2) In complying with the requirements of paragraph (b), the Contractor shall coordinate its concerns and program guidance with  ${\tt EPA's}$  Recycling Coordinator.
- (c) The Contractor shall prepare and submit reports on the purchase of products containing recovered materials from time to time in accordance with written direction (e.g., in specified format) from the EPA Recycling Coordinator through the Contracting Officer. Reports shall be submitted to the EPA Recycling Coordinator, with a copy to the Contracting Officer, Mail Code 3204, Washington, D.C. 20460.

## SECTION D - PACKAGING AND MARKING

[For this Solicitation, there are NO clauses in this Section]

## SECTION E - INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE

#### E.1 NOTICE Listing Contract Clauses Incorporated by Reference

NOTICE:

The following solicitation provisions and/or contract clauses pertinent to this section are hereby incorporated by reference:

FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (48 CFR CHAPTER 1)

NUMBER DATE TITLE

52.246-5 APR 1984 INSPECTION OF SERVICES--COST-REIMBURSEMENT

# E.2 HIGHER-LEVEL CONTRACT QUALITY REQUIREMENT (GOVERNMENT SPECIFICATION) (FAR 52.246-11) (MAR 2001)

The Contractor shall comply with the higher-level quality standard selected below.

	Title	Numbering	Date	Tailoring
[ 🗸 ]	Specifications and	ANSI/ASQC E4	1994	See below
	Guidelines for Quality			
	Systems for Environ			
	mental Data Collection			
	and Environmental			
	Technology Programs			

[ $\mathbf{X}$ ] Requirements for the following types Quality Assurance Projects Plans as required in conjunction with work assignments in accordance with Attachment 10, Pages 10-1 thru 10-21:

As authorized by FAR 52.246-11, the higher-level quality standard ANSI/ASQC E4 is tailored as follows:

The solicitation and contract require the offeror/contractor to demonstrate conformance to ANSI/ASQC E4 by submitting the quality documentation described below.

In addition, after award of the contract, the Contractor shall revise, when applicable, quality documentation submitted before award to address specific comments provided by EPA and submit the revised documentation to the Contracting Officer's Representative.

After award of the contract, the Contractor shall also implement all quality documentation approved by the Government.

A. **Pre-award Documentation:** The offeror must submit the following quality system documentation as a separate and identifiable part of its technical proposal: (CO, select one or more)

	Documentation	Specifications				
[ <b>x</b> ]	Quality Management Plan	EPA Requirements for Quality  Management Plans (QA/R-2) [dated 03/20/01]				
[ ]	Joint Quality Management Plan/Quality Assurance Project Plan for the contract	EPA Requirements for Quality  Management Plans (QA/R-2) [dated 03/20/01] and EPA Requirements for Quality Assurance Project Plans (QA/R) [dated 03/20/01]				
[ ]	Programmatic Quality Assurance Project Plan for the entire program (contract)	EPA Requirements for Quality  Assurance Project Plans (QA/R-5)  [dated 03/20/01]				
[ ]	Other Equivalent: NRMRL's Quality System Specifications	<u>in accordance with attached</u> <u>Definitions</u>				

This documentation will be prepared in accordance with the specifications identified above, or equivalent specifications defined by EPA. Work involving

environmental data generation or use shall not commence until the Government has approved this documentation and incorporated it into the contract.

B. **Post-award Documentation:** The Contractor shall submit the following quality system documentation to the Contracting Officer's Representative at the time frames identified below: (CO, select one or more)

	Documentation	Specification	<u>Due After</u>
[ ]	Quality Management Plan	EPA Requirements for Quality Management Plans (QA/R-2) [dated 03/20/01]	Award of contract
[ ]	Joint Quality Management Plan/Quality Assurance Project Plan for the contract	EPA Requirements for  Quality Management Plans (QA/R-2) [dated 03/20/01] and EPA Requirements for Quality Assurance Project Plans (QA/R-5) [dated 03/20/02]	Award of contract
[ ]	Quality Assurance Project Plan for the contract	EPA Requirements for Quality Assurance Project Plans (QA/R-5 [dated 03/20/01]	Award of contract
[ ]	Programmatic Quality Assurance Project Plan for the entire program (contract)	EPA Requirements for Quality Assurance Project Plans (QA/R-5 [dated 03/20/01]	Award of contract
[x]	Quality Assurance Project Plan for each applicable project	EPA Requirements for Quality Assurance Project Plans (QA/R-5 [dated 03/20/01]	Issuance of statement of work for the project
[ ]	Project-specific supplement to Programmatic Quality Assurance Project Plan for each applicable project.	EPA Requirements for Quality Assurance Project Plans (QA/R-5 [dated 03/20/01]	Issuance of statement of work for the project

[	]	Other Equivalent:		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	[ ] award of
				contract
				[ ] issuance
				of statement
				of work for
				the project

This documentation will be prepared in accordance with the specifications identified above or equivalent specifications defined by EPA.

The Government will review and return the quality documentation, with comments, and indicating approval or disapproval. If necessary, the contractor shall revise the documentation to address all comments and shall submit the revised documentation to the government for approval.

The Contractor shall not commence work involving environmental data generation or use until the Government has approved the quality documentation.

(Note: Statement of work includes statements of work to perform projects under work assignments, task orders, delivery orders, etc.)

## E.3 INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE (EP 52.246-100) (APR 1984)

- (a) The Contracting Officer or the duly authorized representative will perform inspection and acceptance of materials and services to be provided.
- (b) For the purposes of this clause, the Project Officer is the authorized representative of the Contracting Officer.
  - (c) Inspection and acceptance will be performed at:
    - U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
      National Risk Management Research Laboratory/APPCD
      Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27711

#### SECTION F - DELIVERIES OR PERFORMANCE

#### F.1 NOTICE Listing Contract Clauses Incorporated by Reference

NOTICE:

The following solicitation provisions and/or contract clauses pertinent to this section are hereby incorporated by reference:

FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (48 CFR CHAPTER 1)

NUMBER DATE TITLE

52.242-15 AUG 1989 STOP WORK ORDER ALTERNATE I (APR 1984)

#### F.2 REPORTS OF WORK (EPAAR 1552.211-70) (OCT 2000)

The Contractor shall prepare and deliver reports, including plans, evaluations, studies, analyses and manuals in accordance with Attachment 2. Each report shall cite the contract number, identifying the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency as the sponsoring agency, and identify the name of the contractor preparing the report.

The OMB clearance number for progress reports delivered under this contract is 2030-0005 with an expiration date of February 28, 2003.

### F.3 WORKING FILES (EPAAR 1552.211-75) (APR 1984)

The Contractor shall maintain accurate working files (by task or work assignment) on all work documentation including calculations, assumptions, interpretations of regulations, sources of information, and other raw data required in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall provide the information contained in its working files upon request of the Contracting Officer.

## F.4 ADVISORY AND ASSISTANCE SERVICES (EPAAR 1552.211-78) (APR 1984)

All reports containing recommendations to the Environmental Protection Agency shall include the following information on the cover of each report:

(a) name and business address of the contractor; (b) contract number; (c) contract dollar amount; (d) whether the contract was subject to full and open competition or a sole source acquisition (e) name of the EPA Project Officer and the EPA Project Officer's office identification and location; and (f) date

of report.

## F.5 PERIOD OF PERFORMANCE (EP 52.212-140) (APR 1984)

The period of performance of this contract shall be from the effective date of the contract through 12 months after the effective date inclusive of all required reports.

## SECTION G - CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION DATA

#### G.1 PAYMENT OF FEE (EPAAR 1552.216-74) (MAY 1991)

- (a) The term "fee" in this clause refers to either the fixed fee under a cost-plus-fixed-fee type contract, or the base fee under a cost-plus-award-fee type contract.
- (b) The Government will make provisional fee payments on the basis of percentage of work completed. Percentage of work completed is the ratio of direct labor hours performed to the direct labor hours set forth in clause 1552.211-73, "Level of Effort--Cost-Reimbursement Term Contract."

# G.2 SUBCONTRACTING PROGRAM FOR SMALL BUSINESS AND SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS (EP 52.219-105) (APR 1984)

The subcontracting plan submitted by the Contractor and approved by the Contracting Officer for this requirement is incorporated as Attachment

G.3 SUBCONTRACTING REPORTS--SMALL BUSINESS AND SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS CONCERNS (EP 52.219-120) (OCT 1991)

The Contractor shall submit Standard Form (SF) 294, Subcontracting Report for Individual Contracts, and/or SF 295, Summary Contract Report, in accordance with the instructions on the forms.

Submit copies of these reports to:

Distribution Addressee

original Contracting Officer

1 copy Senior Program Manager

U.S. EPA

Office of Small & Disadvantaged Business Utilization (1230C)

Ariel Rios Building

1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.

Washington, D.C. 20460

1 copy Mr. Norman White

U.S. EPA

Cincinnati Procurement Operations Division 26 West Martin Luther King Drive Cincinnati, OH 45268-7001

#### G.4 SUBMISSION OF INVOICES (EPAAR 1552.232-70) (JUN 1996) DEVIATION

In order to be considered properly submitted, an invoice or request for contract financing payment must meet the following requirements in addition to the requirements of FAR 32.905:

- (a) Unless otherwise specified in the contract, an invoice or request for contract financing payment shall be submitted as an original and five copies. The contractor shall submit the invoice or request for contract financing payment to the following offices/individuals in the contract: the original and two copies to the Accounting Operations office shown in Block 12 on the cover of the contract; two copies to the Project Officer (the Project Officer may direct one of these copies to a separate address); and one copy to the Contracting Officer.
- (b) The Contractor shall prepare its invoice or request for contract financing payment on the prescribed Government forms. Standard Forms Number 1034, Public Voucher for Purchases and Services other than Personal, shall be used by contractors to show the amount claimed for reimbursement. Standard Form 1035, Public Voucher for Purchases and Services other than Personal -Continuation Sheet, shall be used to furnish the necessary supporting detail or additional information required by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor may submit self-designed forms which contain the required information.
- (c)(1) The Contractor shall prepare a contract level invoice or request for contract financing payment in accordance with the invoice preparation instructions identified as a separate attachment in Section J of the contract. If contract work is authorized by individual work assignments, the invoice or request for contract financing payment shall also include a summary of the current and cumulative amounts claimed by cost element for each work assignment and for the contract total, as well as any supporting data for each work assignment as identified in the instructions.
- (2) The invoice or request for contract financing payment shall include current and cumulative charges by major cost element such as direct labor, overhead, travel, equipment, and other direct costs. For current costs, each major cost element shall include the appropriate supporting schedule identified in the invoice preparation instructions. Cumulative charges represent the net sum of current charges by cost element for the contract period.
- (d)(1) The charges for subcontracts shall be further detailed in a supporting schedule showing the major cost elements for each subcontract.

- (d)(2) On a case-by-case basis, when needed to verify the reasonableness of subcontractor costs, the Contracting Officer may require that the contractor obtain from the subcontractor cost information in the detail set forth in (c)(2). This information should be obtained through a means which maintains subcontractor confidentiality (for example, via sealed envelopes), if the subcontractor expresses CBI concerns.
- (e) Invoices or requests for contract financing payment must clearly indicate the period of performance for which payment is requested. Separate invoices or requests for contract financing payment are required for charges applicable to the basic contract and each option period.
- (f)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of the clause of this contract at FAR 52.216-7, Allowable Cost and Payment, invoices or requests for contract financing payment shall be submitted once per month unless there has been a demonstrated need and Contracting Officer approval for more frequent billings. When submitted on a monthly basis, the period covered by invoices or requests for contractor financing payments shall be the same as the period for monthly progress reports required under this contract.
- (2) If the Contracting Officer allows submissions more frequently than monthly, one submittal each month shall have the same ending period of performance as the monthly progress report.
- (3) Where cumulative amounts on the monthly progress report differ from the aggregate amounts claimed in the invoice(s) or request(s) for contract financing payments covering the same period, the contractor shall provide a reconciliation of the difference as part of the payment request.

## G.5 INDIRECT COSTS (EPAAR 1552.242-70) (APR 1984) DEVIATION

(a) In accordance with paragraph (d) of the "Allowable Cost and Payment" clause, the final indirect cost rates applicable to this contract shall be established between the Contractor and the appropriate Government representative (EPA, other Government agency, or auditor), as provided by FAR 42.703-1(a). EPA's procedures require a Contracting Officer determination of indirect cost rates for its contracts. In those cases where EPA is the cognizant agency (see FAR 42.705-1), the final rate proposal shall be submitted to the cognizant audit activity and to the following:

Environmental Protection Agency Chief, Cost and Rate Negotiation Service Center Office of Acquisition Management (3802R) Ariel Rios Building 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, D. C. 20460 The Contractor shall also follow the notification and cost impact procedures prescribed in paragraph (b) below.

Where EPA is not the cognizant agency, the final rate proposal shall be submitted to the above-cited address, to the cognizant audit agency, and to the designated Contracting Officer of the cognizant agency. Upon establishment of the final indirect cost rates, the Contractor shall submit an executed Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data (see FAR 15.406-2) applicable to the data furnished in connection with the final rates to the cognizant audit agency. The final rates shall be contained in a written understanding between the Contractor and the appropriate Government representative. Pursuant to the "Allowable Cost and Payment" clause, the allowable indirect costs under this contract shall be obtained by applying the final agreed upon rate(s) to the appropriate bases.

(b) Until final annual indirect cost rates are established for any period, the Government shall reimburse the Contractor at billing rates established by the appropriate Government representative in accordance with FAR 42.704, by means of a separate indirect cost rate agreement or a contract modification subject to adjustment when the final rates are established. The established billing rates are currently as follows:

Cost Center (to be determined upon contract award)
Period
Rate
Base

These billing rates may be prospectively or retroactively revised by mutual agreement, at the request of either the Government or the Contractor, to prevent substantial overpayment or underpayment.

- (1) For any retroactive indirect cost rate adjustments (i.e.,indirect costs already billed), including final indirect cost rate adjustments, the Contractor shall provide to the Cost Policy and Rate Negotiation Section, with copies to the current EPA Contracting Officers of active contracts, a cost impact statement showing the effect of the indirect cost rate changes for each contract. This statement shall compare the cost billed to the cost the Contractor proposes to bill.
- (2) For prospective indirect cost rate adjustments only, the Contractor shall notify the current EPA Contracting Officers of the new proposed rates when it proposes rates to the Cost Policy and Rate Negotiation Section.
- (3) For either prospective or retroactive indirect cost rate adjustments, the Contractor shall provide the Cost Policy and Rate Negotiation Section with the names of the current EPA Contracting Officers for the affected contracts.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) above, ceilings are hereby established on indirect costs reimbursable under this contract. The Government shall not be obligated to pay the Contractor any additional amount on account of indirect costs in excess of the ceiling rates listed below:

Cost Center (To be completed upon award)
Period
Rate
Base

The ceiling rates specified above are applicable from the effective date of the contract through the end of the period of performance including any option periods.

### G.6 CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION REPRESENTATIVES (EP 52.242-100) (AUG 1984)

Project Officer(s) for this contract:

Project Officer:

TO BE IDENTIFIED AT TIME OF CONTRACT AWARD

Contract Specialist(s) responsible for administering this contract:

Administrative Contracting Officer:

TO BE IDENTIFIED AT TIME OF CONTRACT AWARD

## G.7 GOVERNMENT PROPERTY (EPAAR 1552.245-73) (OCT 2000) DEVIATION

- (a) The contractor shall not fabricate or acquire, on behalf of the Government, either directly or indirectly through a subcontract, any item of property without written approval from the Contracting officer.
- (b) In accordance with paragraph (a) above, the contractor is authorized to acquire and/or fabricate the equipment listed below for use in the performance of this contract. The equipment is subject to the provisions of the "Government Property" clause.

no	ne		

(c) The Government will provide the following item(s) of Government property to the contractor for use in the performance of this contract. This

property shall be used and maintained by the contractor in accordance with the provisions of the "Government Property" clause.

(d) The "EPA Contract Property Administration Requirements" provided below apply to this contract.

## U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Property Administration Requirements (PAR)

- 1. PURPOSE. This document sets forth the requirements for Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) contractors in the performance of their Government property management responsibilities under contracts with EPA. These requirements supplement those contained in the Government property clause(s) in this contract, and part 45 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR).
- 2. DELEGATION OF CONTRACT PROPERTY ADMINISTRATION. EPA has delegated much of its contract property management oversight to the Defense Contract Management Command (DCMC). Shortly after award of a contract, the EPA contracting officer (CO) delegates the functions of property administration and plant clearance (disposal) for the contract to DCMC. Upon acceptance of that delegation, DCMC will provide notification to the contractor, identifying the assigned property administrator (PA) and plant clearance officer (PLCO). If the contract is not delegated to DCMC for administration, any reference to PA and PLCO throughout this document shall be construed to mean CO. The DCMC PA is available to the contractor for assistance in all matters of property administration. Notwithstanding the delegation, as necessary, the contractor may contact their EPA CO. In the event of disagreement between the contractor and the DCMC PA, the contractor should seek resolution from the CO. Unless otherwise directed in the contract, or this document, all originals of written information or reports, except direct correspondence between the contractor and the DCMC PA, relative to Government property, should be forwarded to the administrative CO assigned to this contract.

## 3. REQUESTS FOR GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

- a. In accordance with FAR 45.102, the contractor shall furnish all property required for performing Government contracts. If a contractor believes that Government facilities are required for performance of the contract, the contractor shall submit a written request to the CO. At a minimum, the request shall contain the following elements:
  - 1. Contract number for which the facilities are required.
  - 2. An item(s) description, quantity and estimated cost.
- 3. Certification that no like contractor facilities exist which could be utilized.

- 4. A detailed description of the task-related purpose of the facilities.
- 5. Explanation of negative impact if facilities are not provided by the Government.
- 6. If applicable, recommend the exception under FAR 45.302-1(a) or any applicable EPA class deviation (available upon request), and provide any other information which would support the furnishing of facilities, including contractor-acquired property (CAP).
- 7. Except when the request is for material, a lease versus purchase analysis shall be furnished with the request to acquire property on behalf of the Government.

The contractor may not proceed with acquisition of facilities on behalf of the Government until receipt of written authorization from the EPA CO.

4. TRANSFER OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY. When the contractor receives Government-furnished property (GFP), the contractor should receive, from the transferor, (either EPA or another contractor) all of the applicable data elements (Attachment 1 of this clause) needed to maintain the required records. If this information is not provided at the time of receipt of the property, the contractor shall request it from the EPA CO. The CO will attempt to obtain the data from the previous property holder, or, if data does not exist, will assist the current property holder in estimating the elements. Prior to signing an acceptance document for the property, the receiving contractor should perform a complete inventory of the property. Responsibility, as well as accountability, passes with the signed acceptance.

When, at the written direction of the EPA CO, the contractor transfers GFP to another contractor, or another Agency, the contractor shall provide the applicable data elements (Attachment 1 of this clause). Upon return of the property to EPA, the same data must be provided by the contractor to the EPA CO.

## 5. RECORDS OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

- a. In accordance with FAR 45.505 and 45.505-1, the contractor shall establish and maintain adequate property records for all Government property, regardless of value, including property provided to and in the possession of a subcontractor. Material (supplies) provided by the Government or acquired by the contractor and billed as a direct charge to the Government is Government property and records must be established as such.
- b. The contractor shall establish and maintain the official Government property record. (If the contract contains the FAR Clause 52.245-1, the Government will maintain the official Government property records.) Such records shall contain the applicable data elements (Attachment 1 of this

### clause) for all items of Government property regardless of cost.

- c. The Contractor shall identify all Superfund property and designate it as such both on the item and on the official Government property record. If it is not practicable to tag the item, the contractor shall write the ID number on a tag, card or other entity that may be kept with the item or in a file.
- d. Support documentation used for posting entries to the property record shall provide complete, current and auditable data. Entries shall be posted to the record in a timely manner following an action.
- e. For Government vehicles, in addition to the data elements required by EPA, the contractor shall also comply with the General Services Administration (GSA) and Department of Energy (DOE) record and report requirements supplied with all EPA provided motor vehicles. If the above requirements were not provided with the vehicle, the contractor shall notify the EPA CO.
- f. When Government property is disclosed to be in the possession or control of the contractor but not provided under any contract, the contractor shall record and report the property in accordance with FAR 45.502(f) and (h).
- **6. INVENTORIES OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.** The contractor shall conduct a complete physical inventory of EPA property at least once per year, unless otherwise directed by the PA. Reconciliation shall be completed within 30 calendar days of inventory completion. The contractor shall report the results of the inventory, including any discrepancies, to the DCMC PA upon completion of the reconciliation. The contractor's records shall indicate the completion date of the inventory.

See section 9 herein, Contract Closeout, for information on final inventories.

- **7. REPORTS OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.** In accordance with FAR 45.505-14, EPA requires an annual summary report, for each contract, by contract number, of Government property in the contractor's possession as of September 30 each year.
- a. For each classification listed in FAR 45.505-14(a), except material, the contractor shall provide the total acquisition cost and total quantity. If there are zero items in a classification, or if there is an ending balance of zero, the classification must be listed with zeros in the quantity and acquisition cost columns.
- b. For material, the contractor shall provide the total acquisition cost only.
- c. Property classified as facilities, special tooling, special test equipment, and agency peculiar must be reported on two separate lines. The first line shall include the total acquisition cost and quantity of all items or systems with a unit acquisition cost of \$25,000 or more. The second line

shall include the total acquisition cost and quantity of all items with a unit acquisition cost of less than \$25,000.

- d. For items comprising a system, which is defined as ``a group of interacting items functioning as a complex whole,'' the contractor may maintain the record as a system noting all components of the system under the main component or maintain individual records for each item. However, for the annual report of Government property the components must be reported as a system with one total dollar amount for the system, if that system total is \$25,000 or more.
- e. The reports are to be  ${\bf received}$  at EPA and DCMC no later than October 31 of each year.
  - f. Distribution shall be as follows:

Original to: EPA CO

1 copy: DCMC PA

- g. EPA Contractors are required to comply with GSA's and DOE's special reporting requirements for motor vehicles. A statement of these requirements will be provided by the EPA Facility Management and Services Division (FMSD) concurrent with receipt of each vehicle.
- h. The contractor shall provide detailed reports on an as-needed basis, as may be requested by the CO or the PA.
- **8. DISPOSITION OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY**. The disposition process is composed of three distinct phases: identification of excess property, reporting of excess property, and final disposition.
- a. <u>Identification of Excess Property</u>. The disposition process begins with the contractor identifying Government property that is excess to its contract. **Effective contractor property control systems provide for disclosing excesses as they occur.** Once inactive Government property has been determined to be excess to the contract to which it is accountable, it must be screened against the contractor's other EPA contracts for further use. If the property may be reutilized, the contractor shall notify the CO in writing. Government property will be transferred to other contracts only when the COs on both the current contract and the receiving contract authorize such a transfer in writing.
- b. Reporting Excess Government Property. Excess Government property shall be reported in accordance with FAR Subpart 45.6. Inventory schedules A-E (SF Forms 1426-1434) provide the format for reporting of excess Government property. Instructions for completing the forms are located at FAR 45.606-5 and samples may be found in FAR 53.301-1426 thru 1434. Inventory schedules shall be forwarded to the DCMC PLCO with a copy to the EPA CO. The cover

letter, which accompanies the inventory schedules, must include the EPA CO's name, address and telephone number. Inventory schedules must also contain a notification if the property is Superfund property. If the property is Superfund property, the contractor must also prominently include the following language on the inventory schedule: "Note to PLCO: Reimbursement to the EPA Superfund is required." When requested, by the PLCO or the CO, the contractor will provide the fair market value for those items requested.

- c. Disposition Instructions.
- 1. If directed in writing by the EPA CO, the contractor will retain all or part of the excess Government property under the current contract for possible future requirements. The contractor shall request, from the PLCO, withdrawal from the inventory schedule of those items to be retained.
- 2. If directed in writing by the EPA CO, the contractor shall transfer the property to another EPA contractor. The contractor will transfer the property by shipping it in accordance with the instructions provided by the CO. The contractor shall request, from the PLCO, withdrawal from the inventory schedule of those items to be transferred. Further, the contractor shall notify the CO when the transfer is complete.
- 3. If directed in writing by the EPA CO, the contractor shall transfer the property to EPA. The contractor shall ship/deliver the property in accordance with the instructions provided by the CO. The contractor will request, from the PLCO, withdrawal from the inventory schedule of those items to be transferred to EPA. Further, the contractor shall notify the CO when the transfer is complete.
- 4. The contractor will ship the property elsewhere if directed, in writing, by the PLCO.
- 5. The PLCO will either conduct the sale or instruct the contractor to conduct a sale of surplus property. The contractor will allow prospective bidders access to property offered for sale.
- 6. Property abandoned by the PLCO on the contractor's site must be disposed of in a manner that does not endanger the health and safety of the public.
- 7. To effect transfer of accountability, the contractor shall provide the recipient of the property with the applicable data elements set forth in Attachment 1 of this clause. The contractor shall also obtain either a signed receipt from the recipient, or proof of shipment. The contractor shall update the official Government property record to indicate the disposition of the item and to close the record.
- $oldsymbol{9.}$  CONTRACT CLOSEOUT. The contractor shall complete a physical inventory of  $oldsymbol{all}$  Government property at contract completion and the results, including any

discrepancies, shall be reported to the DCMC PA. In the case of a terminated contract, the contractor shall comply with the inventory requirements set forth in the applicable termination clause. The results of the inventory, as well as a detailed inventory listing, must be forwarded to the CO. For terminated contracts, the contractor will conduct and report the inventory results as directed by the CO.

However, in order to expedite the disposal process, contractors may be required to, or may elect to submit to the CO, an inventory schedule for disposal purposes up to six (6) months prior to contract completion. If such an inventory schedule is prepared, the contractor must indicate the earliest date that each item may be disposed.

The contractor shall update all property records to show disposal action. The contractor shall notify the DCMC PA, in writing, when all work has been completed under the contract and all Government property accountable to the contract has been disposed.

Attachment 1

**REQUIRED DATA ELEMENTS.** Where applicable (all elements are not applicable to material) the contractor is required to maintain, at a minimum, the information related to the following data elements for EPA Government property:

Contractor Identification/Tag Number;
Description;
Manufacturer;
Model;
Serial Number;
Acquisition Date;
Date received;
Acquisition Cost\*;
Acquisition Document Number;
Location;
Contract Number;
Account Number (if supplied);
Superfund (Yes/No);
Inventory Performance Date;
Disposition Date.

\* Acquisition cost shall include the price of the item plus all taxes, transportation and installation charges allocable to that item.

NOTE: For items comprising a system which is defined as, "a group of interacting items functioning as a complex whole," the contractor may maintain the record as a system noting all components of the system under the main component or maintain individual records for each item. However, for the Annual Report of Government Property, the components must be reported as a system with one total dollar amount for the system, if that system total is \$25,000 or more.

### SECTION H - SPECIAL CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS

## H.1 DISPLAY OF EPA OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL HOTLINE POSTER (EPAAR 1552.203-71) (AUG 2000)

- (a) For EPA contracts valued at \$1,000,000 or more including all contract options, the contractor shall prominently display EPA Office of Inspector General Hotline posters in contractor facilities where the work is performed under the contract.
- (b) Office of Inspector General hotline posters may be obtained from the EPA Office of Inspector General, ATTN: OIG Hotline (2443), 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20460, or by calling (202) 260-5113.
- (c) The Contractor need not comply with paragraph (a) of this clause if it has established a mechanism, such as a hotline, by which employees may report suspected instances of improper conduct, and provided instructions that encourage employees to make such reports.

## H.2 PRINTING (EPAAR 1552.208-70) (OCT 2000)

### (a) Definitions.

"Printing" is the process of composition, plate making, presswork, binding and microform; or the end items produced by such processes and equipment. Printing services include newsletter production and periodicals which are prohibited under EPA contracts.

"Composition" applies to the setting of type by hot-metal casting, photo typesetting, or electronic character generating devices for the purpose of producing camera copy, negatives, a plate or image to be used in the production of printing or microform.

"Camera copy" (or "camera-ready copy") is a final document suitable for printing/duplication.

"Desktop Publishing" is a method of composition using computers with the final output or generation of camera copy done by a color inkjet or color laser printer. This is not considered "printing." However, if the output from desktop publishing is being sent to a typesetting device (i.e., Linotronic) with camera copy being produced in either paper or negative format, these services are considered "printing".

"Microform" is any product produced in a miniaturized image format, for mass or general distribution and as a substitute for conventionally printed material. Microform services are classified as printing services and includes microfiche and microfilm. The contractor may make up to two sets of microform files for archival purposes at the end of the contract period of performance.

"Duplication" means the making of copies on photocopy machines employing

electrostatic, thermal, or other processes without using an intermediary such as a negative or plate.

"Requirement" means an individual photocopying task. (There may be multiple requirements under a Work Assignment or Delivery Order. Each requirement would be subject to the photocopying limitation of 5,000 copies of one page or 25,000 copies of multiple pages in the aggregate per requirement).

#### (b) Prohibition.

The contractor shall not engage in, nor subcontract for, any printing in connection with the performance of work under this contract. Duplication of more than 5,000 copies of one page or more than 25,000 copies of multiple pages in the aggregate per requirement constitutes printing. The intent of the limitation is not to allow the duplication of final documents for use by the Agency. In compliance with EPA Order 2200.4a, EPA Publication Review Procedure, the Office of Communications, Education, and Media Relations is responsible for the review of materials generated under a contract published or issued by the Agency under a contract intended for release to the public.

### (c) Affirmative Requirements.

- (1) Unless otherwise directed by the contracting officer, the contractor shall use double-sided copying to produce any progress report, draft report or final report.
- (2) Unless otherwise directed by the contracting officer, the contractor shall use recycled paper for reports delivered to the Agency which meet the minimum content standards for paper and paper products as set forth in EPA's Web site for the Comprehensive Procurement Guidelines at: http://www.epa.gov/cpg/.

## (d) Permitted Contractor Activities.

- (1) The prohibitions contained in paragraph (b) do not preclude writing, editing, or preparing manuscript copy, or preparing related illustrative material to a final document (camera-ready copy) using desktop publishing.
- (2) The contractor may perform a requirement involving the duplication of less than 5,000 copies of only one page, or less than 25,000 copies of multiple pages in the aggregate, using one color (black), so long as such pages do not exceed the maximum image size of 10\3/4\ by 14\1/4\ inches, or 11 by 17 paper stock. Duplication services below these thresholds are not considered printing. If performance of the contract will require duplication in excess of these limits, contractors must immediately notify the contracting officer in writing. EPA may then seek a waiver from the Joint Committee on Printing, U. S. Congress. The intent of the limitation is to allow `incidental' duplication (drafts, proofs) under a contract. The intent of the limitation is not to allow the duplication of copies of final documents for use by the Agency or as distributed as instructed by the Agency.
  - (3) The contractor may perform a requirement involving the multi-color

duplication of no more than 100 pages in the aggregate using color copier technology, so long as such pages do not exceed the maximum image size of  $10\3/4\$  by  $14\1/4\$  inches, or 11 by 17 paper stock. Duplication services below these thresholds are not considered printing. If performance of the contract will require duplication in excess of these limits, contractors must immediately notify the contracting officer in writing. EPA may then seek a waiver from the Joint Committee on Printing, U. S. Congress.

(4) The contractor may perform the duplication of no more than a total of 100 diskettes or CD-ROM's. Duplication services below these thresholds are not considered printing. If performance of the contract will require duplication in excess of these limits, contractors must immediately notify the contracting officer in writing. EPA may then seek a waiver from the Joint Committee on Printing, U. S. Congress.

#### (e) Violations.

The contractor may not engage in, nor subcontract for, any printing in connection with the performance of work under the contract. The cost of any printing services in violation of this clause will be disallowed, or not accepted by the Government.

#### (f) Flowdown Provision.

The contractor shall include in each subcontract which may involve a requirement for any printing/duplicating/copying a provision substantially the same as this clause.

## H.3 ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST (EPAAR 1552.209-71) (MAY 1994) ALTERNATE I to paragraph (e)(MAY 1994)

- (a) The Contractor warrants that, to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief, there are no relevant facts or circumstances which could give rise to an organizational conflict of interest, as defined in FAR Subpart 9.5, or that the Contractor has disclosed all such relevant information.
- (b) Prior to commencement of any work, the Contractor agrees to notify the Contracting Officer immediately that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no actual or potential conflict of interest exists or to identify to the Contracting Officer any actual or potential conflict of interest the firm may have. In emergency situations, however, work may begin but notification shall be made within five (5) working days.
- (c) The Contractor agrees that if an actual or potential organizational conflict of interest is identified during performance, the Contractor will immediately make a full disclosure in writing to the Contracting Officer. This disclosure shall include a description of actions which the Contractor has taken or proposes to take, after consultation with the Contracting Officer, to avoid, mitigate, or neutralize the actual or potential conflict of interest. The Contractor shall continue performance until notified by the

Contracting Officer of any contrary action to be taken.

- (d) Remedies The EPA may terminate this contract for convenience, in whole or in part, if it deems such termination necessary to avoid an organizational conflict of interest. If the Contractor was aware of a potential organizational conflict of interest prior to award or discovered an actual or potential conflict after award and did not disclose it or misrepresented relevant information to the Contracting Officer, the Government may terminate the contract for default, debar the Contractor from Government contracting, or pursue such other remedies as may be permitted by law or this contract.
- (e) The Contractor agrees to insert in each subcontract or consultant agreement placed hereunder provisions which shall conform substantially to the language of this clause, including this paragraph, unless otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer.

## H.4 NOTIFICATION OF CONFLICTS OF INTEREST REGARDING PERSONNEL (EPAAR 1552.209-73) (MAY 1994) ALTERNATE I (JUN 1994) DEVIATION

- (a) In addition to the requirements of the contract clause entitled "Organizational Conflicts of Interest," the following provisions with regard to employee personnel performing under this contract shall apply until the earlier of the following two dates: the termination date of the affected employee(s) or the expiration date of the contract.
- (b) The Contractor agrees to notify immediately the EPA Project Officer and the Contracting Officer of (1) any actual or potential personal conflict of interest with regard to any of its employees working on or having access to information regarding this contract, or (2) any such conflicts concerning subcontractor employees or consultants working on or having access to information regarding this contract, when such conflicts have been reported to the Contractor. A personal conflict of interest is defined as a relationship of an employee, subcontractor employee, or consultant with an entity that may impair the objectivity of the employee, subcontractor employee, or consultant in performing the contract work.
- (c) The Contractor agrees to notify each Project Officer and Contracting Officer prior to incurring costs for that employee's work when an employee may have a personal conflict of interest. In the event that the personal conflict of interest does not become known until after performance on the contract begins, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Contracting Officer of the personal conflict of interest. The Contractor shall continue performance of this contract until notified by the Contracting Officer of the appropriate action to be taken.
- (d) The Contractor agrees to insert in any subcontract or consultant agreement placed hereunder provisions which shall conform substantially to the language of this clause, including this paragraph (d), unless otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer.

#### H.5 CONTRACTOR PERFORMANCE EVALUATIONS (EPAAR 1552.209-76) (MAY 1999)

The contracting officer shall complete a Contractor Performance Report (Report) within ninety (90) business days after the end of each 12 months of contract performance (interim Report) or after the last 12 months (or less) of contract performance (final Report) in accordance with EPAAR 1509.170-5. The contractor shall be evaluated based on the following ratings and performance categories:

Ratings: 0 = unsatisfactory,

1 = poor,

2 = fair,

3 = good,

4 = excellent,

5 = outstanding.

### <u>Performance Categories</u>:

<u>Quality</u>: Compliance with contract requirements; accuracy of reports; effectiveness of personnel; and technical excellence.

#### Rating

- O--Contractor is not in compliance and is jeopardizing achievement of contract objectives
- 1--Major problems have been encountered
- 2--Some problems have been encountered
- 3--Minor inefficiencies/errors have been identified
- 4--Contractor is in compliance with contract requirements and/or delivers quality products/services
- 5--The contractor has demonstrated an outstanding performance level that justifies adding a point to the score. It is expected that this rating will be used in those circumstances when contractor performance clearly exceeds the performance level described as "Excellent."

<u>Cost Control</u>: Record of forecasting and controlling target costs; current, accurate and complete billings; relationship of negotiated costs to actuals; cost efficiencies.

### Rating

- 0--Contractor is unable to manage costs effectively
- 1--Contractor is having major difficulty managing costs effectively
- 2--Contractor is having some problems managing costs effectively
- 3--Contractor is usually effective in managing costs
- 4--Contractor is effective in managing costs and submits current, accurate, and complete billings
- 5--The contractor has demonstrated an outstanding performance level

that justifies adding a point to the score. It is expected that this rating will be used in those circumstances when contractor performance clearly exceeds the performance level described as "Excellent."

<u>Timeliness of Performance</u>: Met interim milestones; reliability; responsive to technical direction; completed on time, including wrap-up and contract administration; met delivery schedules; no liquidated damages assessed.

### Rating

- 0--Contractor delays are jeopardizing performance of contract objectives
- 1--Contractor is having major difficulty meeting milestones and delivery schedule
- 2--Contractor is having some problems meeting milestones and delivery schedule
- 3--Contractor is usually effective in meeting milestones and delivery schedule
- 4--Contractor is effective in meeting milestones and delivery schedule
- 5--The contractor has demonstrated an outstanding performance level that justifies adding a point to the score. It is expected that this rating will be used in those circumstances when contractor performance clearly exceeds the performance level described as "Excellent."

<u>Business Relations</u>: Effective management, including subcontracts; reasonable/cooperative behavior; responsive to contract requirements; notification of problems; flexibility; pro-active versus reactive; effective small/small disadvantage business subcontracting program.

### Rating

- O--Response to inquiries, technical/service/administrative issues is not effective
- 1--Response to inquiries, technical/service/administrative issues is marginally effective
- 2--Response to inquiries, technical/service/administrative issues is somewhat effective
- 3--Response to inquiries, technical/service/administrative issues is usually effective
- 4--Response to inquiries, technical/service/administrative issues is effective
- 5--The contractor has demonstrated an outstanding performance level that justifies adding a point to the score. It is expected that this rating will be used in those circumstances when contractor performance clearly exceeds the performance level described as "Excellent."
- (a) The contracting officer shall initiate the process for completing

interim Reports within five (5) business days after the end of each 12 months of contract performance by requesting the project officer to evaluate contractor performance for the interim Report. In addition, the contracting officer shall initiate the process for completing final Reports within five (5) business days after the last 12 months (or less) of contract performance by requesting the project officer to evaluate contractor performance for the final Report. The final Report shall cover the last 12 months (or less) of contract performance. Within thirty (30) business days after the project officer receives a request from the contracting officer to complete an evaluation, the project officer shall:

- (1) Complete a description of the contract requirements;
- (2) Evaluate contractor performance and assign a rating for quality, cost control, and timeliness of performance categories (including a narrative for each rating);
- (3) Provide any information regarding subcontracts, key personnel, and customer satisfaction;
- (4) Assign a recommended rating for the business relations performance category (including a narrative for the rating); and
- (5) Provide additional information appropriate for the evaluation or future evaluations.
  - (b) The contracting officer shall:
- (1) Ensure the accuracy of the project officer's evaluation by verifying that the information in the contract file corresponds with the designated project officer's ratings;
- (2) Assign a rating for the business relations performance category (including a narrative for the rating);
- (3) Concur with or revise the project officer's ratings after consultation with the project officer;
- (4) Provide any additional information concerning the quality, cost control, and timeliness of performance categories if deemed appropriate for the evaluation or future evaluations (if any), and provide any information regarding subcontracts, key personnel, and customer satisfaction; and
- (5) Forward the Report to the contractor within ten (10) business days after the contracting officer receives the project officer's evaluation.
- (c) The contractor shall be granted thirty (30) business days from the date of the contractor's receipt of the Report to review and provide a response to the contracting officer regarding the contents of the Report. The contractor

#### shall:

- (1) Review the Report;
- (2) Provide a response (if any) to the contracting officer on company letter head or electronically;
  - (3) Complete contractor representation information; and
- (4) Forward the Report to the contracting officer within the designated thirty (30) business days.
- (d) The contractor's response to the Report may include written comments, rebuttals (disagreements), or additional information. If the contractor does not respond to the Report within the designated thirty (30) business days, the specified ratings in the Report are deemed appropriate for the evaluation period. In this instance, the contracting officer shall complete the Agency review and sign the Report within three (3) business days after expiration of the specified 30 business days.
- (e) If the contractor submits comments, rebuttals (disagreements), or additional information to the contracting officer which contests the ratings, the contracting officer, in consultation with the project officer, shall initially try to resolve the disagreement(s) with the contractor.
- (f) If the disagreement(s) is (are) not resolved between the contractor and the contracting officer, the contracting officer shall provide a written recommendation to one level above the contracting officer for resolution as promptly as possible, but no later than five (5) business days after the contracting officer is made aware that the disagreement(s) has (have) not been resolved with the contractor. The individual who is one level above the contracting officer shall:
  - (1) Review the contracting officer's written recommendation; and
- (2) Provide a written determination to the contracting officer for summary ratings (ultimate conclusion for ratings pertaining to the performance period being evaluated) within five (5) business days after the individual one level above the contracting officer receives the contracting officer's written recommendation.
- (g) If the disagreement is resolved, the contracting officer shall complete the Agency review and sign the Report within three (3) business days after consultation.
- (h) The contracting officer shall complete the Agency review and sign the Report within three (3) business days after the contracting officer receives a written determination for summary ratings from one level above the contracting officer.

(i) An interim or final Report is considered completed after the contracting officer signs the Report. The contracting officer must provide a copy of completed Reports (interim and final) to the contractor within two (2) business days after completion.

## H.6 ADVANCED UNDERSTANDING--UNCOMPENSATED TIME (EPAAR 1552.215-74) (AUG 1999)

- (a) The estimated cost of this contract is based upon the Contractor's proposal which specified that exempt personnel identified to work at the Contractor's facilities will provide uncompensated labor hours to the contract totaling \_\_\_\_\_\_ percent of compensated labor. (Note: the commitment for uncompensated time, and the formula elements in paragraph (b) below, apply only to exempt personnel working at the Contractor's facilities and does not include non-exempt personnel or exempt personnel working at other facilities.) Uncompensated labor hours are defined as hours of exempt personnel in excess of regular hours for a \_\_\_\_\_ pay period which are actually worked and recorded in accordance with the company policy, entitled, \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- (b) Recognizing that the probable cost to the Government for the labor provided under this contract is calculated assuming a proposed level of uncompensated labor hours, it is hereby agreed that in the event the proposed level of uncompensated labor hours are not provided, an adjustment, calculated in accordance with the following formula will be made to the contract amount.

Formula: Adjustment equals estimated value of uncompensated time hours not provided.

Target uncompensated time percent minus \_\_\_\_\_ percent.

Shortage of uncompensated time percent minus actual cost percent.  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{E}}$ 

Estimated value of uncompensated time hours not provided equals shortage of uncompensated time percent times total exempt applicable direct labor costs (including applicable indirect costs).

- (c) Within three weeks after the end of the contract, the Contractor shall submit a statement concerning the amount of uncompensated time hours delivered during the contract. In the event there is a shortage of uncompensated time hours provided, a calculation, utilizing the above formula will be made and this calculation will be the basis for an adjustment in the contract amount.
- (d) In the event adjustments are made to the contract, the adjusted amounts shall not be allowable as a direct or indirect cost to this or any other Government contract.
- H.7 OPTION TO EXTEND THE TERM OF THE CONTRACT--COST-TYPE CONTRACT (EPAAR 1552.217-71) (APR 1984) DEVIATION

The Government has the option to extend the term of this contract for 2 additional period(s). If more than 60 days remain in the contract period of performance, the Government, without prior written notification, may exercise this option by issuing a contract modification. To exercise this option within the last 60 days of the period of performance, the Government must provide to the Contractor written notification prior to that last 60-day period. This preliminary notification does not commit the Government to exercising the option. Use of an option will result in the following contract modifications:

(a) The "Period of Performance" clause will be amended as follows to cover the Base and Option Periods:

Period	Start Date	End Date
Option Period I	5/1/03	4/31/04
Option Period II	5/1/05	4/31/06

(b) Paragraph (a) of the "Level of Effort" clause will be amended to reflect a new and separate level of effort of:

Option	Level of Effort
Period	<u>Direct Labor Hours</u>
I	20,000
II	20,000

(c) The "Estimated Cost and Fixed Fee" clause will be amended to reflect increased estimated costs and fixed fees for each option period as follows:

Option Period	Estimated Cost	Fixed Fee	<u>Total</u>
	<del></del>		

(d) If this contract contains "not to exceed amounts" for elements of other direct costs (ODC), those amounts will be increased as follows:

#### None Identified

## H.8 OPTION FOR INCREASED QUANTITY--COST-TYPE CONTRACT (EPAAR 1552.217-73) (JUN 1997)

(a) By issuing a contract modification, the Government may increase the estimated level of effort by:

	Level of Effort
Period	(Direct Labor Hours)
BASE Period	10,000
Option Period I	10,000
Option Period II	10,000

The Government may issue a maximum of  $\underline{10}$  orders to increase the level of effort in multiples of  $\underline{1,000}$  hours during any given period.

The estimated cost and fixed fee of each multiple of hours is as follows:

	Estimated		
Period	Cost	Fixed Fee	Total
Base Period			
Option Period I			
Option Period II			

- (b) When these options are exercised, paragraph (a) of the "Level of Effort" clause and the "Estimated Cost and Fixed Fee" clause will be modified accordingly.
- (c) If this contract contains "not to exceed amounts" for elements of other direct costs (ODCs), those amounts will be increased as follows:

### H.9 MENTOR-PROTEGE PROGRAM (EPAAR 1552.219-70) (OCT 2000)

(a) The Contractor has been approved to participate in the EPA Mentor-Protege program. The purpose of the Program is to increase the participation of small disadvantaged businesses (SDBs) as subcontractors, suppliers, and ultimately as prime contractors; to establish a mutually beneficial relationship with SDB's and EPA's large business prime contractors (although

small businesses may participate as Mentors); to develop the technical and corporate administrative expertise of SDBs which will ultimately lead to greater success in competition for contract opportunities; to promote the economic stability of SDBs; and to aid in the achievement of goals for the use of SDBs in subcontracting activities under EPA contracts.

- (b) The Contractor shall submit an executed Mentor-Protege agreement to the contracting officer, with a copy to the Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization or the Small Business Specialist, within thirty (30) calendar days after the effective date of the contract. The contracting officer will notify the Contractor within thirty (30) calendar days from its submission if the agreement is not accepted.
- (c) The Contractor as a Mentor under the Program agrees to fulfill the terms of its agreement(s) with the Protege firm(s).
- (d) If the Contractor or Protege firm is suspended or debarred while performing under an approved Mentor-Protege agreement, the Contractor shall promptly give notice of the suspension or debarment to the Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization and the contracting officer.
- (e) Costs incurred by the Contractor in fulfilling their agreement(s) with the Protege firm(s) are not reimbursable on a direct basis under this contract.
- (f) In an attachment to Standard Form 294, Subcontracts Report for Individual Contracts, the Contractor shall report on the progress made under their Mentor-Protege agreement(s), providing:
  - (1) The number of agreements in effect; and
- (2) The progress in achieving the developmental assistance objectives under each agreement, including whether the objectives of the agreement have been met, problem areas encountered, and any other appropriate information.

### H.10 SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS TARGETS (EPAAR 1552.219-73) (OCT 2000)

(a) In accordance with FAR 19.1202-4(a) and EPAAR 52.219-72, the following small disadvantaged business (SDB) participation targets proposed by the contractor are hereby incorporated into and made part of the contract:

	NAICS		Percentage of
Contractor	Industry		Total Contract
Targets	Subsector	Dollars	Value
Total Prime	İ	Ì	
Contractor			
Targets			
(Including			

	joint venture			
	partners)			
	Total			
	Subcontractor			
- [	Targets			

(b) The following specifically identified SDB(s) was (were) considered under the Section M-SDB participation evaluation factor or subfactor (continue on separate sheet if more space is needed):

(1)	
(2)	
(3)	
(4)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

The contractor shall promptly notify the contracting officer of any substitution of firms if the new firms are not SDB concerns.

(c) In accordance with FAR 52.219-25, Small Disadvantaged Business Participation Program - Disadvantaged Status and Reporting, the contractor shall report on the participation of SDB concerns in the performance of the contract no less than thirty (30) calendar days prior to each annual contractor performance evaluation, or as otherwise directed by the contracting officer.

# H.11 UTILIZATION OF RURAL AREA SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS (EP 52.219-110) (APR 1990)

- (a) (1) "Rural area small business concern," as used in this clause, means a small business concern that is located and conducts its principal operations in a rural geographic area (county or parish) listed in the Small Business Administration's Listing of Non-Metropolitan Rural Counties by State.
- (2) "Small business concern," as used in this clause, means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria and size standard in 13 CFR 121.
- (b) It is the policy of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that rural area small business concerns shall have the maximum practicable opportunity to participate in performing contracts awarded by EPA.
- (c) The contractor shall use its best efforts to give rural area small business concerns the opportunity to participate in the subcontracts it awards to the fullest extent consistent with efficient performance of this contract.

(d) The contractor shall incorporate the substance of this clause in any subcontract that may provide for additional subcontracting opportunities.

## H.12 UTILIZATION OF HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES (EP 52.219-115) (JUL 1991)

- (a) It is the Policy of the Environmental Protection Agency that historically black colleges and universities shall have the maximum practicable opportunity to participate in performing contracts awarded by the Agency.
- (b) The Contractor shall use its best efforts to give historically black colleges and universities the opportunity to participate in any subcontracts awarded to the fullest extent consistent with efficient performance of this contract.
- (c) The contractor shall incorporate the substance of this clause in any subcontract which may provide for additional subcontracting opportunities.

### H.13 PROJECT EMPLOYEE CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT (EPAAR 1552.227-76) (MAY 1994)

- (a) The Contractor recognizes that Contractor employees in performing this contract may have access to data, either provided by the Government or first generated during contract performance, of a sensitive nature which should not be released to the public without Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) approval. Therefore, the Contractor agrees to obtain confidentiality agreements from all of its employees working on requirements under this contract.
- (b) Such agreements shall contain provisions which stipulate that each employee agrees that the employee will not disclose, either in whole or in part, to any entity external to EPA, the Department of Justice, or the Contractor, any information or data (as defined in FAR Section 27.401) provided by the Government or first generated by the Contractor under this contract, any site-specific cost information, or any enforcement strategy without first obtaining the written permission of the EPA Contracting Officer. If a contractor, through an employee or otherwise, is subpoenaed to testify or produce documents, which could result in such disclosure, the Contractor must provide immediate advance notification to the EPA so that the EPA can authorize such disclosure or have the opportunity to take action to prevent such disclosure. Such agreements shall be effective for the life of the contract and for a period of five (5) years after completion of the contract.
- (c) The EPA may terminate this contract for convenience, in whole or in part, if it deems such termination necessary to prevent the unauthorized disclosure of information to outside entities. If such a disclosure occurs without the written permission of the EPA Contracting Officer, the Government may terminate the contract, for default or convenience, or pursue other

remedies as may be permitted by law or this contract.

(d) The Contractor further agrees to insert in any subcontract or consultant agreement placed hereunder, except for subcontracts or consultant agreements for well drilling, fence erecting, plumbing, utility hookups, security guard services, or electrical services, provisions which shall conform substantially to the language of this clause, including this paragraph, unless otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer.

# H.14 PROJECT EMPLOYEE CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT (EPAAR 1552.227-76) (MAY 1994) ALTERNATE I (JUN 1994) DEVIATION

- (a) The Contractor recognizes that Contractor employees in performing this contract may have access to data, either provided by the Government or first generated during contract performance, of a sensitive nature which should not be released to the public without Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) approval. Therefore, the Contractor agrees to obtain confidentiality agreements from all of its employees working on requirements under this contract.
- (b) Such agreements shall contain provisions which stipulate that each employee agrees that the employee will not disclose, either in whole or in part, to any entity external to EPA, the Department of Justice, or the Contractor, any information or data (as defined in FAR Section 27.401) provided by the Government or first generated by the Contractor under this contract, any site-specific cost information, or any enforcement strategy without first obtaining the written permission of the EPA Contracting Officer. If a contractor, through an employee or otherwise, is subpoenaed to testify or produce documents, which could result in such disclosure, the Contractor must provide immediate advance notification to the EPA so that the EPA can authorize such disclosure or have the opportunity to take action to prevent such disclosure. Such agreements shall be effective for the life of the contract and for a period of five (5) years after completion of the contract.
- (c) The EPA may terminate this contract for convenience, in whole or in part, if it deems such termination necessary to prevent the unauthorized disclosure of information to outside entities. If such a disclosure occurs without the written permission of the EPA Contracting Officer, the Government may terminate the contract, for default or convenience, or pursue other remedies as may be permitted by law or this contract.
- (d) The Contractor agrees to insert in any subcontract or consultant agreement placed hereunder provisions which shall conform substantially to the language of this clause, including this paragraph (d), unless otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer.

### H.15 INSURANCE LIABILITY TO THIRD PERSONS (EPAAR 1552.228-70) (OCT 2000)

(a)(1) Except as provided in subparagraph (2) below, the Contractor shall

provide and maintain workers' compensation, employer's liability, comprehensive general liability (bodily injury), and comprehensive automobile liability (bodily injury and property damage) insurance, and such other insurance as the Contracting officer may require under this contract.

- (2) The Contractor may, with the approval of the Contracting officer, maintain a self-insurance program; provided that, with respect to workers' compensation, the Contractor is qualified pursuant to statutory authority.
- (3) All insurance required by this paragraph shall be in a form and amount and for those periods as the Contracting officer may require or approve and with insurers approved by the Contracting officer.
- (b) The Contractor agrees to submit for the Contracting officer's approval, to the extent and in the manner required by the Contracting officer, any other insurance that is maintained by the Contractor in connection with the performance of this contract and for which the Contractor seeks reimbursement.
- (c) The Contractor shall be reimbursed for that portion of the reasonable cost of insurance allocable to this contract, and required or approved under this clause, in accordance with its established cost accounting practices.

### H.16 INSURANCE COVERAGE (EP 52.228-100) (JUL 1993)

As provided in paragraph (a)(1) of EPAAR 1552.228-70, "Insurance Liability to Third Persons", the Contractor shall maintain the minimum amounts of liability insurance coverage set forth in FAR 28.307-2, unless otherwise required by the Contracting Officer.

### H.17 STATE AND LOCAL TAXES (EPAAR 1552.229-70) (NOV 1989)

In accordance with FAR 29.303 and FAR 31.205-41, the Contractor or any subcontractor under this contract shall not be reimbursed for payment of any State and local taxes for which an exemption is available. The Contractor is responsible for determining the availability of State and local tax exemptions and obtaining such exemptions, if available. The Contractor shall include this clause, suitably modified to identify the parties, in all subcontracts at any tier. The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer if problems arise in obtaining a State and local tax exemption. The contractor may seek a waiver by the Contracting Officer from this requirement if the administrative burden of seeking an exemption appears to outweigh the potential savings to the Government.

### H.18 SCREENING BUSINESS INFORMATION FOR CLAIMS OF CONFIDENTIALITY (EPAAR 1552.235-70) (APR 1984)

(a) Whenever collecting information under this contract, the Contractor agrees to comply with the following requirements:

- (1) If the Contractor collects information from public sources, such as books, reports, journals, periodicals, public records, or other sources that are available to the public without restriction, the Contractor shall submit a list of these sources to the appropriate program office at the time the information is initially submitted to EPA. The Contractor shall identify the information according to source.
- (2) If the Contractor collects information from a State or local Government or from a Federal agency, the Contractor shall submit a list of these sources to the appropriate program office at the time the information is initially submitted to EPA. The Contractor shall identify the information according to source.
- (3) If the Contractor collects information directly from a business or from a source that represents a business or businesses, such as a trade association:
- (i) Before asking for the information, the Contractor shall identify itself, explain that it is performing contractual work for the Environmental Protection Agency, identify the information that it is seeking to collect, explain what will be done with the information, and give the following notice:
- (A) You may, if you desire, assert a business confidentiality claim covering part or all of the information. If you do assert a claim, the information will be disclosed by EPA only to the extent, and by means of the procedures, set forth in 40 CFR Part 2, Subpart B.
- (B) If no such claim is made at the time this information is received by the Contractor, it may be made available to the public by the Environmental Protection Agency without further notice to you.
- (C) The Contractor shall, in accordance with FAR Part 9, execute a written agreement regarding the limitations of the use of this information and forward a copy of the agreement to the Contracting Officer.
- (ii) Upon receiving the information, the Contractor shall make a written notation that the notice set out above was given to the source, by whom, in what form, and on what date.
- (iii) At the time the Contractor initially submits the information to the appropriate program office, the Contractor shall submit a list of these sources, identify the information according to source, and indicate whether the source made any confidentiality claim and the nature and extent of the claim.
- (b) The Contractor shall keep all information collected from nonpublic sources confidential in accordance with the clause in this contract entitled "Treatment of Confidential Business Information" as if it had been furnished to the Contractor by EPA.

(c) The Contractor agrees to obtain the written consent of the Contracting Officer, after a written determination by the appropriate program office, prior to entering into any subcontract that will require the subcontractor to collect information. The Contractor agrees to include this clause, including this paragraph (c), and the clause entitled "Treatment of Confidential Business Information" in all subcontracts awarded pursuant to this contract that require the subcontractor to collect information.

## H.19 TREATMENT OF CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION (EPAAR 1552.235-71) (APR 1984)

- (a) The Contracting Officer, after a written determination by the appropriate program office, may disclose confidential business information (CBI) to the Contractor necessary to carry out the work required under this contract. The Contractor agrees to use the CBI only under the following conditions:
- (1) The Contractor and Contractor's employees shall: (i) use the CBI only for the purposes of carrying out the work required by the contract; (ii) not disclose the information to anyone other than properly cleared EPA employees without the prior written approval of the Assistant General Counsel for Contracts and Information Law; and (iii) return to the Contracting Officer all copies of the information, and any abstracts or excerpts therefrom, upon request by the Contracting Officer, whenever the information is no longer required by the Contractor for the performance of the work required by the contract, or upon completion of the contract.
- (2) The Contractor shall obtain a written agreement to honor the above limitations from each of the Contractor's employees who will have access to the information before the employee is allowed access.
- (3) The Contractor agrees that these contract conditions concerning the use and disclosure of CBI are included for the benefit of, and shall be enforceable by, both EPA and any affected businesses having a proprietary interest in the information.
- (4) The Contractor shall not use any CBI supplied by EPA or obtained during performance hereunder to compete with any business to which the CBI relates.
- (b) The Contractor agrees to obtain the written consent of the CO, after a written determination by the appropriate program office, prior to entering into any subcontract that will involve the disclosure of CBI by the Contractor to the subcontractor. The Contractor agrees to include this clause, including this paragraph (b), in all subcontracts awarded pursuant to this contract that require the furnishing of CBI to the subcontractor.

## H.20 TREATMENT OF CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION (TSCA) (EPAAR 1552.235-76) (APR 1996)

- (a) The Project Officer (PO) or his/her designee, after a written determination by the appropriate program office, may disclose confidential business information (CBI) to the Contractor necessary to carry out the work required under this contract. The Contractor agrees to use the CBI only under the following conditions:
- (1) The Contractor and Contractor's employees shall (i) use the CBI only for the purposes of carrying out the work required by the contract; (ii) not disclose the information to anyone other than properly cleared EPA employees without the prior written approval of the Assistant General Counsel for Information Law or his/her designee; and (iii) return the CBI to the PO or his/her designee, whenever the information is no longer required by the Contractor for performance of the work required by the contract, or upon completion of this contract.
- (2) The Contractor shall obtain a written agreement to honor the above limitations from each of the Contractor's employees who will have access to the information before the employee is allowed access.
- (3) The Contractor agrees that these contract conditions concerning the use and disclosure of CBI are included for the benefit of, and shall be enforceable by, both EPA and any affected businesses having a proprietary interest in the information.
- (4) The Contractor shall not use any CBI supplied by EPA or obtained during performance hereunder to compete with any business to which the CBI relates.
- (b) The Contractor agrees to obtain the written consent of the CO, after a written determination by the appropriate program office, prior to entering into any subcontract that will involve the disclosure of CBI by the Contractor to the subcontractor. The Contractor agrees to include this clause, including this paragraph (b), in all subcontracts awarded pursuant to this contract that require the furnishing of CBI to the subcontractor.

### H.21 DATA SECURITY FOR FEDERAL INSECTICIDE, FUNGICIDE, AND RODENTICIDE ACT CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION (EPAAR 1552.235-77) (DEC 1997)

The Contractor shall handle Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) confidential business information (CBI) in accordance with the contract clause entitled "Treatment of Confidential Business Information" and "Screening Business Information for Claims of Confidentiality," the provisions set forth below, and the Contractor's approved detailed security plan.

(a) The Project Officer (PO) or his/her designee, after a written determination by the appropriate program office, may disclose FIFRA CBI to the contractor necessary to carry out the work required under this contract. The Contractor shall protect all FIFRA CBI to which it has access (including CBI

used in its computer operations) in accordance with the following requirements:

- (1) The Contractor and Contractor's employees shall follow the security procedures set forth in the FIFRA Information Security Manual. The manual may be obtained from the Project Officer (PO) or the Chief, Information Services Branch (ISB), Program Management and Support Division, Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP) (H7502C), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Ariel Rios Building, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20460.
- (2) The Contractor and Contractor's employees shall follow the security procedures set forth in the Contractor's security plan(s) approved by EPA.
- (3) Prior to receipt of FIFRA CBI by the Contractor, the Contractor shall ensure that all employees who will be cleared for access to FIFRA CBI have been briefed on the handling, control, and security requirements set forth in the FIFRA Information Security Manual.
- (4) The Contractor Document Control Officer (DCO) shall obtain a signed copy of the FIFRA "Contractor Employee Confidentiality Agreement" from each of the Contractor's employees who will have access to the information before the employee is allowed access.
- (b) The Contractor agrees that these requirements concerning protection of FIFRA CBI are included for the benefit of, and shall be enforceable by, both EPA and any affected business having a proprietary interest in the information.
- (c) The Contractor understands that CBI obtained by EPA under FIFRA may not be disclosed except as authorized by the Act, and that any unauthorized disclosure by the Contractor or the Contractor's employees may subject the Contractor and the Contractor's employees to the criminal penalties specified in FIFRA (7 U.S.C. 136h(f)). For purposes of this contract, the only disclosures that EPA authorizes the Contractor to make are those set forth in the clause entitled "Treatment of Confidential Business Information."
- (d) The Contractor agrees to include the provisions of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in all subcontracts awarded pursuant to this contract that require the furnishing of CBI to the subcontractor.
- (e) At the request of EPA or at the end of the contract, the Contractor shall return to the EPA PO or his/her designee all documents, logs, and magnetic media which contain FIFRA CBI. In addition, each Contractor employee who has received FIFRA CBI clearance will sign a "Confidentiality Agreement for Contractor Employees Upon Relinquishing FIFRA CBI Access Authority." The Contractor DCO will also forward those agreements to the EPA PO or his/her designee, with a copy to the CO, at the end of the contract.
  - (f) If, subsequent to the date of this contract, the Government changes the

security requirements, the CO shall equitably adjust affected provisions of this contract, in accordance with the "Changes" clause when:

- (1) The Contractor submits a timely written request for an equitable adjustment; and
  - (2) The facts warrant an equitable adjustment.

# H.22 DATA SECURITY FOR TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION (EPAAR 1552.235-78) (DEC 1997)

The Contractor shall handle Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) confidential business information (CBI) in accordance with the contract clause entitled "Treatment of Confidential Business Information" and "Screening Business Information for Claims of Confidentiality."

- (a) The Project Officer (PO) or his/her designee, after a written determination by the appropriate program office, may disclose TSCA CBI to the contractor necessary to carry out the work required under this contract. The Contractor shall protect all TSCA CBI to which it has access (including CBI used in its computer operations) in accordance with the following requirements:
- (1) The Contractor and Contractor's employees shall follow the security procedures set forth in the TSCA CBI Security Manual. The manual may be obtained from the Director, Information Management Division (IMD), Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics (OPPT), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Ariel Rios Building, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20460. Prior to receipt of TSCA CBI by the Contractor, the Contractor shall ensure that all employees who will be cleared for access to TSCA CBI have been briefed on the handling, control, and security requirements set forth in the TSCA CBI Security Manual.
- (2) The Contractor shall permit access to and inspection of the Contractor's facilities in use under this contract by representatives of EPA's Assistant Administrator for Administration and Resources Management, and the TSCA Security Staff in the OPPT, or by the EPA Project Officer.
- (3) The Contractor Document Control Officer (DCO) shall obtain a signed copy of EPA Form 7740-6, "TSCA CBI Access Request, Agreement, and Approval," from each of the Contractor's employees who will have access to the information before the employee is allowed access. In addition, the Contractor shall obtain from each employee who will be cleared for TSCA CBI access all information required by EPA or the U.S. Office of Personnel Management for EPA to conduct a Minimum Background Investigation.
- (b) The Contractor agrees that these requirements concerning protection of TSCA CBI are included for the benefit of, and shall be enforceable by, both EPA and any affected business having a proprietary interest in the

information.

- (c) The Contractor understands that CBI obtained by EPA under TSCA may not be disclosed except as authorized by the Act, and that any unauthorized disclosure by the Contractor or the Contractor's employees may subject the Contractor and the Contractor's employees to the criminal penalties specified in TSCA (15 U.S.C. 2613(d)). For purposes of this contract, the only disclosures that EPA authorizes the Contractor to make are those set forth in the clause entitled "Treatment of Confidential Business Information."
- (d) The Contractor agrees to include the provisions of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in all subcontracts awarded pursuant to this contract that require the furnishing of CBI to the subcontractor.
- (e) At the request of EPA or at the end of the contract, the Contractor shall return to the EPA PO or his/her designee, all documents, logs, and magnetic media which contain TSCA CBI. In addition, each Contractor employee who has received TSCA CBI clearance will sign EPA Form 7740-18, "Confidentiality Agreement for Contractor Employees Upon Relinquishing TSCA CBI Access Authority." The Contractor DCO will also forward those agreements to the EPA OPPT/IMD, with a copy to the CO, at the end of the contract.
- (f) If, subsequent to the date of this contract, the Government changes the security requirements, the CO shall equitably adjust affected provisions of this contract, in accordance with the "Changes" clause, when:
- (1) The Contractor submits a timely written request for an equitable adjustment; and,
  - (2) The facts warrant an equitable adjustment.

### H.23 RELEASE OF CONTRACTOR CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION (EPAAR 1552.235-79) (APR 1996)

- (a) The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) may find it necessary to release information submitted by the Contractor either in response to this solicitation or pursuant to the provisions of this contract, to individuals not employed by EPA. Business information that is ordinarily entitled to confidential treatment under existing Agency regulations (40 C.F.R. Part 2) may be included in the information released to these individuals. Accordingly, by submission of this proposal or signature on this contract or other contracts, the Contractor hereby consents to a limited release of its confidential business information (CBI).
- (b) Possible circumstances where the Agency may release the Contractor's CBI include, but are not limited to the following:
  - (1) To other Agency contractors tasked with assisting the Agency in the

recovery of Federal funds expended pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 9607, as amended, (CERCLA or Superfund);

- (2) To the U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ) and contractors employed by DOJ for use in advising the Agency and representing the Agency in procedures for the recovery of Superfund expenditures;
- (3) To parties liable, or potentially liable, for costs under CERCLA Sec. 107 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 9607), et al, and their insurers (Potentially Responsible Parties) for purposes of facilitating settlement or litigation of claims against such parties;
- (4) To other Agency contractors who, for purposes of performing the work required under the respective contracts, require access to information the Agency obtained under the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.); the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C.1251 et seq.); the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.); the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136 et seq.); the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (42 U.S.C. 6901 et seq.); the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.); or the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.);
- (5) To other Agency contractors tasked with assisting the Agency in handling and processing information and documents in the administration of Agency contracts, such as providing both preaward and post award audit support and specialized technical support to the Agency's technical evaluation panels;
- (6) To employees of grantees working at EPA under the Senior Environmental Employment (SEE) Program;
- (7) To Speaker of the House, President of the Senate, or Chairman of a Committee or Subcommittee;
- (8) To entities such as the General Accounting Office, boards of contract appeals, and the Courts in the resolution of solicitation or contract protests and disputes;
- (9) To Agency contractor employees engaged in information systems analysis, development, operation, and maintenance, including performing data processing and management functions for the Agency; and
  - (10) Pursuant to a court order or court-supervised agreement.
- (c) The Agency recognizes an obligation to protect the contractor from competitive harm that may result from the release of such information to a competitor. (See also the clauses in this document entitled "Screening Business Information for Claims of Confidentiality" and "Treatment of Confidential Business Information.") Except where otherwise provided by law,

the Agency will permit the release of CBI under subparagraphs (1), (3), (4), (5), (6), or (9) only pursuant to a confidentiality agreement.

- (d) With respect to contractors, 1552.235-71 will be used as the confidentiality agreement. With respect to Potentially Responsible Parties, such confidentiality agreements may permit further disclosure to other entities where necessary to further settlement or litigation of claims under CERCLA. Such entities include, but are not limited to accounting firms and technical experts able to analyze the information, provided that they also agree to be bound by an appropriate confidentiality agreement.
- (e) This clause does not authorize the Agency to release the Contractor's CBI to the public pursuant to a request filed under the Freedom of Information Act.
- (f) The Contractor agrees to include this clause, including this paragraph (f), in all subcontracts at all levels awarded pursuant to this contract that require the furnishing of confidential business information by the subcontractor.

# H.24 ACCESS TO CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION (EPAAR 1552.235-80) (OCT 2000)

It is not anticipated that it will be necessary for the contractor to have access to confidential business information (CBI) during the performance of tasks required under this contract. However, the following applies to any and all tasks under which the contractor will or may have access to CBI:

The contractor shall not have access to CBI submitted to EPA under any authority until the contractor obtains from the Project Officer a certification that the EPA has followed all necessary procedures under 40 CFR part 2, subpart B (and any other applicable procedures), including providing, where necessary, prior notice to the submitters of disclosure to the contractor.

### H.25 RELEASE OF CONTRACTOR CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION (EP 52.235-110) (FEB 1993)

(a) The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) may find it necessary to release information submitted by the Contractor, either in response to this solicitation or pursuant to the provisions of this contract, to individuals not employed by the EPA. Business information that is ordinarily entitled to confidential treatment under existing Agency regulations (40 C.F.R. Part 2) may be included in the information released to these individuals. Accordingly, by submission of this proposal or signature on this contract or other contracts, the Contractor hereby consents to a limited release of its confidential business information (CBI).

- (b) Possible circumstances where the Agency may release the Contractor's CBI include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (1) To other Agency contractors tasked with assisting the Agency in the recovery of Federal funds expended pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 9607, as amended, (CERCLA or Superfund);
- (2) To the U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ) and contractors employed by DOJ for use in advising the Agency and representing the Agency in proceedings for the recovery of Superfund expenditures;
- (3) To parties liable, or potentially liable, for costs under CERCLA Sec. 107 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 9607), et al, and their insurers (Potentially Responsible Parties) for purposes of facilitating settlement of claims against such parties;
- (4) To other Agency contractors requiring access to information the Agency obtained under the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.); the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.); the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.); the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136 et seq.); the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (42 U.S.C. 6901 et seq.); or the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.);
- (5) To other Agency contractors tasked with assisting the Agency in handling and processing information and documents in the administration of Agency contracts, such as providing both preaward and post award audit support and specialized technical support to the Agency's technical evaluation panels;
- (6) To employees of grantees working at EPA under the Senior Environmental Enrollee (SEE) Program;
- (7) The Speaker of the House, President of the Senate, or Chairman of a Committee or Subcommittees;
- (8) To entities such as the General Accounting Office, boards of contract appeals, and the Courts in the resolution of solicitation or contract protests and disputes;
- (9) To Agency contractor employees engaged in information systems analysis, development, operation, and maintenance, including performing data processing and management functions for the Agency; and
  - (10) Pursuant to a court order or Court-supervised agreement.
- (c) The Agency recognizes an obligation to protect the contractor from competitive harm that may result from the release of such information to a

competitor. (See also the clauses in this document entitled "Screening Business Information for Claims of Confidentiality" and "Treatment of Confidential Business Information.") The Agency will permit the release of CBI only pursuant to a confidentiality agreement executed by the individuals that will handle CBI. Known exceptions include parties receiving CBI under subparagraphs (6), (7), (8), and (10) above.

- (d) With respect to contractors, the confidentiality agreements will preclude further disclosure of the information. With respect to Potentially Responsible Parties, such confidentiality agreements may permit further disclosure to accounting firms and technical experts able to analyze the information, provided they also agree to be bound by an appropriate confidentiality agreement.
- (e) This clause does not authorize the Agency to release the contractor's CBI to the public pursuant to a request filed under the Freedom of Information Act.
- (f) The Contractor agrees to include this clause, including this paragraph (f), in all subcontracts at all levels awarded pursuant to this contract that require the furnishing of confidential business information by the subcontractor.

### H.26 CONTRACT PUBLICATION REVIEW PROCEDURES (EPAAR 1552.237-70) (APR 1984)

- (a) Material generated under this contract intended for release to the public is subject to the Agency's publication review process in accordance with the EPA Order on this subject and the following.
- (b) Except as indicated in paragraph (c) below, the Contractor shall not independently publish or print material generated under this contract until after completion of the EPA review process. The Project Officer will notify the Contractor of review completion within 30 calendar days after the Contractor's transmittal to the Project Officer of material generated under this contract. If the Contractor does not receive Project Officer notification within this period, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Contracting Officer in writing.
- (c) The Contractor may publish, in a scientific journal, material resulting directly or indirectly from work performed under this contract, subject to the following:
- (1) The Contractor shall submit to the Contracting Officer and the Project Officer, at least 30 days prior to publication, a copy of any paper, article, or other dissemination of information intended for publication.
- (2) The Contractor shall include the following statement in a journal article which has not been subjected to EPA review: "Although the research described in this article has been funded wholly or in part by the United

States Environmental Protection Agency contract (number) to (Name of Contractor), it has not been subject to the Agency's review and therefore does not necessarily reflect the views of the Agency, and no official endorsement should be inferred."

- (3) Following publication of the journal article, the Contractor shall submit five copies of the journal article to the Project Officer, and one copy to the Contracting Officer.
- (d) If the Government has completed the review process and agreed that the contract material may be attributed to EPA, the Contractor shall include the following statement in the document:

This material has been funded wholly or in part by the United States Environmental Protection Agency under contract (number) to (name). It has been subject to the Agency's review, and it has been approved for publication as an EPA document. Mention of trade names or commercial products does not constitute endorsement or recommendation for use.

(e) If the Government has completed the review process, but decides not to publish the material, the Contractor may independently publish and distribute the material for its own use and at its own expense, and shall include the following statement in any independent publication:

Although the information described in this article has been funded wholly or in part by the United States Environmental Protection Agency under contract (number) to (name), it does not necessarily reflect the views of the Agency and no official endorsement should be inferred.

### H.27 TECHNICAL DIRECTION (EPAAR 1552.237-71) (APR 1984) DEVIATION

- (a) The Project Officer is the primary representative of the Contracting Officer authorized to provide technical direction on contract performance.
- (b) Individuals other than the Project Officer may be authorized to provide technical direction. If individuals other than the Project Officer are authorized to provide technical direction, their names will be specified in the contract, delivery order, work assignment or technical direction document as appropriate. A Delivery Order Project Officer, Work Assignment Manager or Task Manager is authorized to provide technical direction, subject to the limitations set forth below, only on his/her delivery order, work assignment or technical direction document.
  - (c) Technical direction includes:
- (1) Direction to the contractor which assists the contractor in accomplishing the Statement of Work.
  - (2) Comments on and approval of reports or other deliverables.

- (d) Technical direction must be within the contract and the delivery order, work assignment or technical direction document statement of work. The Project Officer or any other technical representative of the Contracting Officer does not have the authority to issue technical direction which (1) institutes additional work outside the scope of the contract, delivery order, work assignment or technical direction document; (2) constitutes a change as defined in the "Changes" clause; (3) causes an increase or decrease in the estimated cost of the contract, delivery order, work assignment or technical direction document; (4) alters the period of performance; or (5) changes any of the other express terms or conditions of the contract, delivery order, work assignment or technical direction document.
- (e) Technical direction will be issued in writing or confirmed in writing within five (5) calendar days after verbal issuance. One copy of the technical direction memorandum will be forwarded to the Contracting Officer and the Project Officer.

### H.28 KEY PERSONNEL (EPAAR 1552.237-72) (APR 1984)

(a) The Contractor shall assign to this contract the following key personnel:

#### Program Manager

- (b) During the first ninety (90) calendar days of performance, the Contractor shall make no substitutions of key personnel unless the substitution is necessitated by illness, death, or termination of employment. The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer within 15 calendar days after the occurrence of any of these events and provide the information required by paragraph (c) below. After the initial ninety (90) calendar day period, the Contractor shall submit the information required by paragraph (c) to the Contracting Officer at least 15 calendar days prior to making any permanent substitutions.
- (c) The Contractor shall provide a detailed explanation of the circumstances necessitating the proposed substitutions, complete resumes for the proposed substitutes, and any additional information requested by the Contracting Officer. Proposed substitutes should have comparable qualifications to those of the persons being replaced. The Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor within 15 calendar days after receipt of all required information of the decision on substitutions. This clause will be modified to reflect any approved changes of key personnel.

### H.29 PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT (EPAAR 1552.237-75) (APR 1984)

If it is established at award or subsequently becomes a contractual requirement to collect identical information from ten (10) or more public respondents, the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980, 44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq. applies. In that event, the Contractor shall not take any action to solicit

information from any of the public respondents until notified in writing by the Contracting Officer that the required Office of Management and Budget (OMB) final clearance was received.

#### H.30 GOVERNMENT - CONTRACTOR RELATIONS (EPAAR 1552.237-76) (JUL 1999)

- (a) The Government and the Contractor understand and agree that the services to be delivered under this contract by the contractor to the Government are non-personal services and the parties recognize and agree that no employer-employee relation-ship exists or will exist under the contract between the Government and the Contractor's personnel. It is, therefore, in the best interest of the Government to afford both parties a full understanding of their respective obligations.
  - (b) Contractor personnel under this contract shall not:
- (1) Be placed in a position where they are under the supervision, direction, or evaluation of a Government employee.
- (2) Be placed in a position of command, supervision, administration or control over Government personnel, or over personnel of other Contractors under other EPA contracts, or become a part of the Government organization.
- (3) Be used in administration or supervision of Government procurement activities.
  - (C) Employee Relationship:
- (1) The services to be performed under this contract do not require the Contractor or his/her personnel to exercise personal judgment and discretion on behalf of the Government. Rather the Contractor's personnel will act and exercise personal judgment and discretion on behalf of the Contractor.
- (2) Rules, regulations, directives, and requirements that are issued by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency under its responsibility for good order, administration, and security are applicable to all personnel who enter the Government installation or who travel on Government transportation. This is not to be construed or interpreted to establish any degree of Government control that is inconsistent with a non-personal services contract.
- (d) Inapplicability of Employee Benefits: This contract does not create an employer-employee relationship. Accordingly, entitlements and benefits applicable to such relationships do not apply.
- (1) Payments by the Government under this contract are not subject to Federal income tax withholdings.
  - (2) Payments by the Government under this contract are not subject to

the Federal Insurance Contributions Act.

- (3) The Contractor is not entitled to unemployment compensation benefits under the Social Security Act, as amended, by virtue of performance of this contract.
- (4) The Contractor is not entitled to workman's compensation benefits by virtue of this contract.
- (5) The entire consideration and benefits to the Contractor for performance of this contract is contained in the provisions for payment under this contract.
- (e) Notice. It is the Contractor's, as well as, the Government's responsibility to monitor contract activities and notify the Contracting Officer if the Contractor believes that the intent of this clause has been or may be violated.
- (1) The Contractor should notify the Contracting Officer in writing promptly, within 7 calendar days from the date of any incident that the Contractor considers to constitute a violation of this clause. The notice should include the date, nature and circumstance of the conduct, the name, function and activity of each Government employee or Contractor official or employee involved or knowledgeable about such conduct, identify any documents or substance of any oral communication involved in the conduct, and the estimate in time by which the Government must respond to this notice to minimize cost, delay or disruption of performance.
- (2) The Contracting Officer will promptly, within  $\underline{14}$  calendar days after receipt of notice, respond to the notice in writing. In responding, the Contracting Officer will either:
- (i) confirm that the conduct is in violation and when necessary direct the mode of further performance,
  - (ii) countermand any communication regarded as a violation,
- (iii) deny that the conduct constitutes a violation and when necessary direct the mode of further performance; or
- (iv) in the event the notice is inadequate to make a decision, advise the Contractor what additional information is required, and establish the date by which it should be furnished by the Contractor and the date thereafter by which the Government will respond.

### H.31 REHABILITATION ACT NOTICE (EPAAR 1552.239-70) (OCT 2000)

(a) EPA has a legal obligation under the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. 791, to provide reasonable accommodation to persons with disabilities

who wish to attend EPA programs and activities. Under this contract, the contractor may be required to provide support in connection with EPA programs and activities, including conferences, symposia, workshops, meetings, etc. In such cases, the contractor shall, as applicable, include in its draft and final meeting announcements (or similar documents) the following notice:

It is EPA's policy to make reasonable accommodation to persons with disabilities wishing to participate in the agency's programs and activities, pursuant to the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. 791. Any request for accommodation should be made to the specified registration contact for a particular program or activity, preferably one month in advance of the registration deadline, so that EPA will have sufficient time to process the request.

- (b) Upon receipt of such a request for accommodation, the contractor shall immediately forward the request to the EPA contracting officer, and provide a copy to the appropriate EPA program office. The contractor may be required to provide any accommodation that EPA may approve. However, in no instance shall the contractor proceed to provide an accommodation prior to receiving written authorization from the contracting officer.
- (c) The contractor shall insert in each subcontract or consultant agreement placed hereunder provisions that shall conform substantially to the language of this clause, including this paragraph, unless otherwise authorized by the contracting officer.

# H.32 FABRICATION OR ACQUISITION OF NONEXPENDABLE PROPERTY (EPAAR 1552.245-72) (APR 1984)

The Contractor shall not fabricate nor acquire under this contract, either directly or indirectly through a subcontract, any item of nonexpendable property without written approval from the Contracting Officer.

#### H.33 INCORPORATION OF CONTRACTOR'S PLANS (LOCAL LC-09-02) (DEC 2001)

The Contractor's Conflict of Interest Plan dated \_\_\_\_\_\_, and Quality Management Plan dated\_\_\_\_\_\_, is hereby incorporated into the contract in its entirety. In the case of any conflict between the Contractor's Plans and the terms and conditions of this contract, the provisions of FAR 52.215-8, ORDER OF PRECEDENCE (Section I.1, by reference) shall prevail.

### H.34 APPROVAL OF CONTRACTOR TRAVEL (LOCAL LC-31-08) (DEC 2001)

(a) Any contractor travel which may be directly charged to the contract must be authorized in advance by the Project Officer. This approval shall be separate from the process associated with the approval of work plans. (See paragraph (f) below).

- (b) Travel shall be authorized under this contract only when the travel is required to provide a direct service (including management oversight) or specific product to the Government that is identified in the contract's Statement Of Work (and/or any applicable work assignment). The contractor shall identify the need for travel in any work plans submitted and shall clearly identify in an accompanying narrative the relationship of the travel to the direct service required by the Government. Unless/until the Project Officer specifically approves the travel proposed under a work assignment (apart from approval of the remainder of the work assignment—see paragraph (e) below), the contractor shall not perform travel. Travel and associated costs for such travel (lodging, per diem, and incidental expenses) shall be allowable only in accordance with the limitations of FAR 31.205-43 and FAR 31.205-46.
- (c) Travel expenses for Federal employees shall not be an allowable cost under this contract. Travel approval shall not be rendered for any personnel (including for example State or local government officials, academicians, etc.) except for employees of the contractor, or an authorized subcontractor or consultant, who are performing a bona fide function to accomplish the Statement of Work.
- (d) The advance approval of travel covered in this clause does not apply to local transportation. Local transportation, for this contract, is defined as travel within 100 miles from the contractor personnel's assigned work location for performance of the contract that does not involve an overnight stay.
- (e) To obtain the approval for travel, the contractor shall submit a separate written request to the Project Officer for each instance of travel for the contractor (including subcontractors/consultants) that is contemplated as a direct charge under the contract. The request shall include (at a minimum) the following information:
  - 1. Individual(s) traveling. Identify position and affiliation as a contractor/subcontractor employee or authorized consultant.
- 2. Description of circumstances necessitating the travel. Identify the work assignment(s) that will benefit from the travel and detail the correlation of the travel to the requirements of the Statement Of Work.
- 3. Identify the estimated cost and include a cost breakdown. Explain why this is the most cost effective means to fulfill the contract requirements.
- (f) Approval of work plans that include travel as an other direct cost element shall not be construed to mean the travel is approved; i.e., separate approval shall be obtained from the Project Officer.
- (g) While on travel, Contractor personnel shall clearly identify corporate affiliation at the start of any meeting. While attending EPA-sponsored

meetings, conferences, symposia, etc. or while on a Government site, Contractor personnel shall wear a badge which identifies the individual as a contractor employee. Contractor personnel are strictly prohibited from acting as a representative of the Agency at meetings, conferences, symposia, etc.

### H.35 APPROVAL OF TRAINING (LOCAL LC-31-09) (DEC 2001)

1. The contractor shall provide and maintain a qualified staff of personnel to meet the requirements of the Statement of Work. The contractor shall provide training to keep its personnel abreast of changes to the science and/or technology associated with the requirements of the contract. In addition, the contractor shall ensure that its personnel receive appropriate safety, health and environmental training in accordance with Federal, state and local requirements prior to assigning any task that require such training. The contractor shall provide documentation of such training upon the request of the Project Officer and/or Contracting Officer.

The Government will not directly reimburse the cost for contractor employees to meet or maintain minimal contract requirements or to obtain and sustain an appropriate level of professionalism. Any direct charges for training will only be considered for reimbursement under this contract by compliance with the procedures set forth in paragraph (2) below.

- 2. There may be occasions when it is determined to be in the best interest of the Government to reimburse the contractor for the direct cost of training associated with a requirement that represents a unique Government need unrecognized at the time of contract award. When such circumstances occur, the contractor shall secure the Contracting Officer's prior written approval by submitting a written request through the Project Officer that includes, at a minimum the following information:
- a. Individual to be trained (Identify position and job duties under  ${\tt contract.}$ )
- b. Description of circumstances necessitating the training. (Describe the specific change to the performance requirements. Identify by number and title of the work assignment(s) that will benefit from training and describe in detail how the training relates to the Statement Of Work and job duties under the contract.)
- c. Estimated cost (Include a cost breakdown. Explain why this is the most cost effective means to fulfill the contract requirements.)
- 3. The Contracting Officer will provide the contractor with written approval or disapproval of the request. Approval of work plans that include training as an other direct cost element shall not be construed to mean the training is approved; i.e., the contractor shall obtain written approval pursuant to the terms of this clause. Training billed as a direct cost shall be disallowed by the Contracting Officer unless approved pursuant to the terms

of this clause.

### PART II - CONTRACT CLAUSES

### SECTION I - CONTRACT CLAUSES

### I.1 NOTICE Listing Contract Clauses Incorporated by Reference

### NOTICE:

The following solicitation provisions and/or contract clauses pertinent to this section are hereby incorporated by reference:

FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (48 CFR CHAPTER 1)

NUMBER	DATE	TITLE
52.202-1	DEC 2001	DEFINITIONS
52.203-3	APR 1984	GRATUITIES
52.203-5	APR 1984	COVENANT AGAINST CONTINGENT FEES
52.203-6	JUL 1995	RESTRICTIONS ON SUBCONTRACTOR SALES TO THE
		GOVERNMENT
52.203-7	JUL 1995	ANTI-KICKBACK PROCEDURES
52.203-8	JAN 1997	CANCELLATION, RESCISSION, AND RECOVERY OF
		FUNDS FOR ILLEGAL OR IMPROPER ACTIVITY
52.203-10	JAN 1997	PRICE OR FEE ADJUSTMENT FOR ILLEGAL OR
		IMPROPER ACTIVITY
52.203-12	JUN 1997	LIMITATION ON PAYMENTS TO INFLUENCE CERTAIN
		FEDERAL TRANSACTIONS
52.204-4	AUG 2000	PRINTED OR COPIED DOUBLE-SIDED ON RECYCLED
		PAPER
52.209-6	JUL 1995	PROTECTING THE GOVERNMENT'S INTEREST WHEN
		SUBCONTRACTING WITH CONTRACTORS DEBARRED,
		SUSPENDED, OR PROPOSED FOR DEBARMENT
52.215-2	JUN 1999	AUDIT AND RECORDSNEGOTIATION
52.215-8	OCT 1997	ORDER OF PRECEDENCE-UNIFORM CONTRACT FORMAT
52.215-11	OCT 1997	PRICE REDUCTION FOR DEFECTIVE COST OR PRICING
		DATAMODIFICATIONS
52.215-13	OCT 1997	SUBCONTRACTOR COST OR PRICING
		DATAMODIFICATIONS
52.215-15	DEC 1998	PENSION ADJUSTMENT AND ASSET REVERSIONS
52.215-19	OCT 1997	NOTIFICATION OF OWNERSHIP CHANGES
	MAR 1997	FIXED FEE
52.219-4	JAN 1999	NOTICE OF PRICE EVALUATION PREFERENCE FOR
		HUBZONE SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS
52.219-8	OCT 2000	UTILIZATION OF SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS

52.219-9	OCT 2001	SMALL BUSINESS SUBCONTRACTING PLAN ALTERNATE
		II (OCT 2001)
52.219-16	JAN 1999	LIQUIDATED DAMAGESSUBCONTRACTING PLAN
52.219-25	OCT 1999	SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS PARTICIPATION
		PROGRAM DISADVANTAGED STATUS AND REPORTING
52.222-3	AUG 1996	CONVICT LABOR
52.222-26	APR 2002	EQUAL OPPORTUNITY
52.222-35	DEC 2001	EQUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR SPECIAL DISABLED
		VETERANS, VETERANS OF THE VIETNAM ERA, AND
		OTHER ELIGIBLE VETERANS
52.222-36	JUN 1998	AFFIRMATIVE ACTION FOR WORKERS WITH
50 000 00	0001	DISABILITIES
52.222-37	DEC 2001	EMPLOYMENT REPORTS ON SPECIAL DISABLED
		VETERANS, VETERANS OF THE VIETNAM ERA, AND
50 000 6		OTHER ELIGIBLE VETERANS
52.223-6	MAY 2001	DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE
52.223-14	OCT 2000	TOXIC CHEMICAL RELEASE REPORTING
52.225-13	JUL 2000	RESTRICTIONS ON CERTAIN FOREIGN PURCHASES
52.227-1	JUL 1995	AUTHORIZATION AND CONSENT
52.227-2	AUG 1996	NOTICE AND ASSISTANCE REGARDING PATENT AND
50 00F 14	TTDT 100F	COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT
52.227-14	JUN 1987	RIGHTS IN DATAGENERAL
52.227-14	JUN 1987	RIGHTS IN DATAGENERAL ALTERNATE II (JUN
FO 007 14	TIPI 1007	1987)
52.227-14	JUN 1987	RIGHTS IN DATAGENERAL ALTERNATE III (JUN
FO 007 16	TIDI 1007	1987)
52.227-16 52.230-2	JUN 1987	ADDITIONAL DATA REQUIREMENTS
52.230-2	APR 1998 NOV 1999	COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS
52.230-6	APR 1984	ADMINISTRATION OF COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS LIMITATION ON WITHHOLDING OF PAYMENTS
52.232-9	JUN 1996	INTEREST
52.232-17	APR 1984	AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS
52.232-18	APR 1984 APR 1984	LIMITATION OF COST
52.232-20	APR 1984 APR 1984	LIMITATION OF COST LIMITATION OF FUNDS
52.232-22	JAN 1986	ASSIGNMENT OF CLAIMS
52.232-25	FEB 2002	PROMPT PAYMENT ALTERNATE I (FEB 2002)
52.232-25	MAY 1999	PAYMENT BY ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFEROTHER
32.232-34	MAI 1999	THAN CENTRAL CONTRACTOR REGISTRATION
52.233-3	AUG 1996	PROTEST AFTER AWARD ALTERNATE I (JUN 1985)
52.237-3	JAN 1991	CONTINUITY OF SERVICES
52.242-1	APR 1984	NOTICE OF INTENT TO DISALLOW COSTS
52.242-4	JAN 1997	CERTIFICATION OF FINAL INDIRECT COSTS
52.242-13	JUL 1995	BANKRUPTCY
52.242-13	AUG 1987	CHANGESCOST REIMBURSEMENT ALTERNATE I (APR
J2.21J Z	1100 1707	1984)
52.246-25	FEB 1997	LIMITATION OF LIABILITYSERVICES
52.249-6	SEP 1996	TERMINATION (COST-REIMBURSEMENT)
52.249-14	APR 1984	EXCUSABLE DELAYS
52.253-1	JAN 1991	
	J.m. 1771	

### I.2 NOTICE OF PRICE EVALUATION ADJUSTMENT FOR SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS CONCERNS (FAR 52.219-23) (MAY 2001) ALTERNATE I (OCT 1998)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

"Small disadvantaged business concern" means an offeror that represents, as part of its offer, that it is a small business under the size standard applicable to this acquisition; and either--

- (1) It has received certification by the Small Business Administration as a small disadvantaged business concern consistent with 13 CFR 124, Subpart R: and
- (i) No material change in disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its certification;
- (ii) Where the concern is owned by one or more disadvantaged individuals, the net worth of each individual upon whom the certification is based does not exceed \$750,000 after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2); and
- (iii) It is identified, on the date of its representation, as a certified small disadvantaged business concern in the database maintained by the Small Business Administration (PRO-Net).
- (2) It has submitted a completed application to the Small Business Administration or a Private Certifier to be certified as a small disadvantaged business concern in accordance with 13 CFR 124, Subpart B, and a decision on that application is pending, and that no material change in disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its application was submitted. In this case, in order to receive the benefit of a price evaluation adjustment, an offeror must receive certification as a small disadvantaged business concern by the Small Business Administration prior to contract award; or
  - (3) Is a joint venture as defined in 13 CFR 124.1002(f).

"Historically black college or university" means an institution determined by the Secretary of Education to meet the requirements of 34 CFR 608.2. For the Department of Defense (DOD), the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), and the Coast Guard, the term also includes any nonprofit research institution that was an integral part of such a college or university before November 14, 1986.

"Minority institution" means an institution of higher education meeting the requirements of Section 1046(3) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067k, including a Hispanic-serving institution of higher education, as defined in Section 316(b)(1) of the Act (20 U.S.C. 1101a)).

"United States" means the United States, its territories and possessions, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, and the District of Columbia.

- (b) Evaluation adjustment. (1) The Contracting Officer will evaluate offers by adding a factor of 10 percent to the price of all offers, except--
- (i) Offers from small disadvantaged business concerns that have not waived the adjustment;
- (ii) An otherwise successful offer of eligible products under the Trade Agreements Act when the dollar threshold for application of the Act is equaled or exceeded (see section 25.402 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR));
- (iii) An otherwise successful offer where application of the factor would be inconsistent with a Memorandum of Understanding or other international agreement with a foreign government;
- (iv) For DoD, NASA, and Coast Guard acquisitions, an otherwise successful offer from a historically black college or university or minority institution; and
- (v) For DoD acquisitions, an otherwise successful offer of qualifying country end products (see sections 225.000-70 and 252.225-7001 of the Defense FAR Supplement).
- (2) The Contracting Officer will apply the factor to a line item or a group of line items on which award may be made. The Contracting Officer will apply other evaluation factors described in the solicitation before application of the factor. The factor may not be applied if using the adjustment would cause the contract award to be made at a price that exceeds the fair market price by more than the factor in paragraph (b)(1) of this clause.
- (c) Waiver of evaluation adjustment. A small disadvantaged business concern may elect to waive the adjustment, in which case the factor will be added to its offer for evaluation purposes. The agreements in paragraph (d) of this clause do not apply to offers that waive the adjustment.
  - \_\_\_\_Offeror elects to waive the adjustment.
- (d) Agreements. (1) A small disadvantaged business concern, that did not waive the adjustment, agrees that in performance of the contract, in the case of a contract for--
- (i) Services, except construction, at least 50 percent of the cost of personnel for contract performance will be spent for employees of the concern;

- (ii) Supplies (other than procurement from a non-manufacturer of such supplies), at least 50 percent of the cost of manufacturing, excluding the cost of materials, will be performed by the concern;
- (iii) General construction, at least 15 percent of the cost of the contract, excluding the cost of materials, will be performed by employees of the concern; or
- (iv) Construction by special trade contractors, at least 25 percent of the cost of the contract, excluding the cost of materials, will be performed by employees of the concern.
- (2) A small disadvantaged business concern submitting an offer in its own name agrees to furnish in performing this contract only end items manufactured or produced by small business concerns in the United States. This paragraph does not apply in connection with construction or service contracts.

#### 1.3 PAYMENT FOR OVERTIME PREMIUMS (FAR 52.222-2) (JUL 1990)

- (a) The use of overtime is authorized under this contract if the overtime premium cost does not exceed \$0 or the overtime premium is paid for work--
- (1) Necessary to cope with emergencies such as those resulting from accidents, natural disasters, breakdowns of production equipment, or occasional production bottlenecks of a sporadic nature;
- (2) By indirect-labor employees such as those performing duties in connection with administration, protection, transportation, maintenance, standby plant protection, operation of utilities, or accounting;
- (3) To perform tests, industrial processes, laboratory procedures, loading or unloading of transportation conveyances, and operations in flight or afloat that are continuous in nature and cannot reasonably be interrupted or completed otherwise; or
  - (4) That will result in lower overall costs to the Government.
- (b) Any request for estimated overtime premiums that exceeds the amount specified above shall include all estimated overtime for contract completion and shall--
- (1) Identify the work unit; e.g., department or section in which the requested overtime will be used, together with present workload, staffing, and other data of the affected unit sufficient to permit the Contracting Officer to evaluate the necessity for the overtime;
- (2) Demonstrate the effect that denial of the request will have on the contract delivery or performance schedule;

- (3) Identify the extent to which approval of overtime would affect the performance or payments in connection with other Government contracts, together with identification of each affected contract; and
- (4) Provide reasons why the required work cannot be performed by using multishift operations or by employing additional personnel.

#### I.4 DISPUTES (FAR 52.233-1) (JUL 2002) ALTERNATE I (DEC 1991)

- (a) This contract is subject to the Contract Disputes Act of 1978, as amended (41 U.S.C. 601-613).
- (b) Except as provided in the Act, all disputes arising under or related to this contract shall be resolved under this clause.
- (c) "Claim," as used in this clause, means a written demand or written assertion by one of the contracting parties seeking, as a matter of right, the payment of money in a sum certain, the adjustment or interpretation of contract terms, or other relief arising under or relating to this contract. However, a written demand or written assertion by the Contractor seeking the payment of money exceeding \$100,000 is not a claim under the Act until certified. A voucher, invoice, or other routine request for payment that is not in dispute when submitted is not a claim under the Act. The submission may be converted to a claim under the Act, by complying with the submission and certification requirements of this clause, if it is disputed either as to liability or amount or is not acted upon in a reasonable time.
- (d)(1) A claim by the Contractor shall be made in writing and, unless otherwise stated in this contract, submitted within 6 years after accrual of the claim to the Contracting Officer for a written decision. A claim by the Government against the Contractor shall be subject to a written decision by the Contracting Officer.
- (2)(i) The Contractors shall provide the certification specified in subparagraph (d)(2)(iii) of this clause when submitting any claim exceeding \$100,000.
- (ii) The certification requirement does not apply to issues in controversy that have not been submitted as all or part of a claim.
- (iii) The certification shall state as follows: "I certify that the claim is made in good faith; that the supporting data are accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief; that the amount requested reflects the contract adjustment for which the Contractor believes the Government is liable; and that I am duly authorized to certify the claim on behalf of the Contractor."
- (3) The certification may be executed by any person duly authorized to bind the Contractor with respect to the claim.

- (e) For Contractor claims of \$100,000 or less, the Contracting Officer must, if requested in writing by the Contractor, render a decision within 60 days of the request. For Contractor-certified claims over \$100,000, the Contracting Officer must, within 60 days, decide the claim or notify the Contractor of the date by which the decision will be made.
- (f) The Contracting Officer's decision shall be final unless the Contractor appeals or files a suit as provided in the Act.
- (g) If the claim by the Contractor is submitted to the Contracting Officer or a claim by the Government is presented to the Contractor, the parties, by mutual consent, may agree to use alternative dispute resolution (ADR). If the Contractor refuses an offer for ADR, the Contractor shall inform the Contracting Officer, in writing, of the Contractor's specific reasons for rejecting the offer.
- (h) The Government shall pay interest on the amount found due and unpaid from (1) the date the Contracting Officer receives the claim (properly certified, if required); or (2) the date payment otherwise would be due, if that date is later, until the date of payment. Simple interest on claims shall be paid at the rate, fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury as provided in the Act, which is applicable to the period during which the Contracting Officer receives the claim and then at the rate applicable for each 6-month period ad fixed by the Treasury Secretary during the pendency of the claim.
- (i) The Contractor shall proceed diligently with performance of this contract, pending final resolution of any request for relief, claim, appeal, or action arising under or relating to the contract, and comply with any decision of the Contracting Officer.

#### I.5 PENALTIES FOR UNALLOWABLE COSTS (FAR 52.242-3) (MAY 2001)

- (a) Definition. "Proposal," as used in this clause, means either-
- (1) A final indirect cost rate proposal submitted by the Contractor after the expiration of its fiscal year which-
  - (i) Relates to any payment made on the basis of billing rates; or
  - (ii) Will be used in negotiating the final contract price; or
- (2) The final statement of costs incurred and estimated to be incurred under the Incentive Price Revision clause (if applicable), which is used to establish the final contract price.
- (b) Contractors which include unallowable indirect costs in a proposal may be subject to penalties. The penalties are prescribed in 10 U.S.C. 2324 or 41 U.S.C. 256, as applicable, which is implemented in Section 42.709 of the

Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR).

- (c) The Contractor shall not include in any proposal any cost that is unallowable, as defined in Subpart 2.1 of the FAR, or an executive agency supplement to the FAR.
- (d) If the Contracting Officer determines that a cost submitted by the Contractor in its proposal is expressly unallowable under a cost principle in the FAR, or an executive agency supplement to the FAR, that defines the allowability of specific selected costs, the Contractor shall be assessed a penalty equal to-
  - (1) The amount of the disallowed cost allocated to this contract; plus
  - (2) Simple interest, to be computed-
    - (i) On the amount the Contractor was paid (whether as a progress or billing payment) in excess of the amount to which the Contractor was entitled; and
    - (ii) Using the applicable rate effective for each six-month interval prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to Pub. L. 92- 41 (85 Stat. 97).
- (e) If the Contracting Officer determines that a cost submitted by the Contractor in its proposal includes a cost previously determined to be unallowable for that Contractor, then the Contractor will be assessed a penalty in an amount equal to two times the amount of the disallowed cost allocated to this contract.
- (f) Determinations under paragraphs (d) and (e) of this clause are final decisions within the meaning of the Contract Disputes Act of 1978 (41 U.S.C. 601, et seq.).
- (g) Pursuant to the criteria in FAR 42.709-5, the Contracting Officer may waive the penalties in paragraph (d) or (e) of this clause.
- (h) Payment by the Contractor of any penalty assessed under this clause does not constitute repayment to the Government of any unallowable cost which has been paid by the Government to the Contractor.

## I.6 SUBCONTRACTS (FAR 52.244-2) (AUG 1998) ALTERNATE II (AUG 1998)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

"Approved purchasing system" means a Contractor's purchasing system that has been reviewed and approved in accordance with Part 44 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR).

"Consent to subcontract" means the Contracting Officer's written consent for the Contractor to enter into a particular subcontract.

"Subcontract" means any contract, as defined in FAR Subpart 2.1, entered into by a subcontractor to furnish supplies or services for performance of the prime contract or a subcontract. It includes, but is not limited to, purchase orders, and changes and modifications to purchase orders.

- (b) This clause does not apply to subcontracts for special test equipment when the contract contains the clause at FAR 52.245-18, Special Test Equipment.
- (c) When this clause is included in a fixed-price type contract, consent to subcontract is required only on unpriced contract actions (including unpriced modifications or unpriced delivery orders), and only if required in accordance with paragraph (d) or (e) of this clause.
- (d) If the Contractor does not have an approved purchasing system, consent to subcontract is required for any subcontract that--
- (1) Is of the cost-reimbursement, time-and-materials, or labor-hour type; or
  - (2) Is fixed-price and exceeds--
- (i) For a contract awarded by the Department of Defense, the Coast Guard, or the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, the greater of the simplified acquisition threshold or 5 percent of the total estimated cost of the contract; or
- (ii) For a contract awarded by a civilian agency other than the Coast Guard and the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, either the simplified acquisition threshold or 5 percent of the total estimated cost of the contract.
- (e) If the Contractor has an approved purchasing system, the Contractor nevertheless shall obtain the Contracting Officer's written consent before placing the following subcontracts:

none		

- (f)(1) The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer reasonably in advance of placing any subcontract or modification thereof for which consent is required under paragraph (c), (d), or (e) of this clause, including the following information:
  - (i) A description of the supplies or services to be subcontracted.

- (ii) Identification of the type of subcontract to be used.
- (iii) Identification of the proposed subcontractor.
- (iv) The proposed subcontract price.
- (v) The subcontractor's current, complete, and accurate cost or pricing data and Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, if required by other contract provisions.
- (vi) The subcontractor's Disclosure Statement or Certificate relating to Cost Accounting Standards when such data are required by other provisions of this contract.
  - (vii) A negotiation memorandum reflecting--
    - (A) The principal elements of the subcontract price negotiations;
- (B) The most significant considerations controlling establishment of initial or revised prices;
- (C) The reason cost or pricing data were or were not required; (D) The extent, if any, to which the Contractor did not rely on the subcontractor's cost or pricing data in determining the price objective and in negotiating the final price;
- (E) The extent to which it was recognized in the negotiation that the subcontractor's cost or pricing data were not accurate, complete, or current; the action taken by the Contractor and the subcontractor; and the effect of any such defective data on the total price negotiated;
- (F) The reasons for any significant difference between the Contractor's price objective and the price negotiated; and
- (G) A complete explanation of the incentive fee or profit plan when incentives are used. The explanation shall identify each critical performance element, management decisions used to quantify each incentive element, reasons for the incentives, and a summary of all trade-off possibilities considered.
- (2) If the Contractor has an approved purchasing system and consent is not required under paragraph (c), (d), or (e) of this clause, the Contractor nevertheless shall notify the Contracting Officer reasonably in advance of entering into any (i) cost-plus-fixed-fee subcontract, or (ii) fixed-price subcontract that exceeds either the simplified acquisition threshold or 5 percent of the total estimated cost of this contract. The notification shall include the information required by paragraphs (f)(1)(i) through (f)(1)(iv) of this clause.

- (g) Unless the consent or approval specifically provides otherwise, neither consent by the Contracting Officer to any subcontract nor approval of the Contractor's purchasing system shall constitute a determination--
  - (1) Of the acceptability of any subcontract terms or conditions;
  - (2) Of the allowability of any cost under this contract; or
- (3) To relieve the Contractor of any responsibility for performing this contract.
- (h) No subcontract or modification thereof placed under this contract shall provide for payment on a cost-plus-a-percentage-of-cost basis, and any fee payable under cost-reimbursement type subcontracts shall not exceed the fee limitations in FAR 15.404-4(c)(4)(i).
- (i) The Contractor shall give the Contracting Officer immediate written notice of any action or suit filed and prompt notice of any claim made against the Contractor by any subcontractor or vendor that, in the opinion of the Contractor, may result in litigation related in any way to this contract, with respect to which the Contractor may be entitled to reimbursement from the Government.
- (j) The Government reserves the right to review the Contractor's purchasing system as set forth in FAR Subpart 44.3.
- (k) Paragraphs (d) and (f) of this clause do not apply to the following subcontracts, which were evaluated during negotiations:

to	be	dete	ermin	ed	at	cont	ract	aw	ard							

### I.7 COMPETITION IN SUBCONTRACTING (FAR 52.244-5) (DEC 1996)

- (a) The Contractor shall select subcontractors (including suppliers) on a competitive basis to the maximum practical extent consistent with the objectives and requirements of the contract.
- (b) If the Contractor is an approved mentor under the Department of Defense Pilot Mentor-Protege Program (Pub. L. 101-510, section 831 as amended), the Contractor may award subcontracts under this contract on a noncompetitive basis to its proteges.

#### I.8 SUBCONTRACTS FOR COMMERCIAL ITEMS (FAR 52.244-6) (MAY 2002)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

"Commercial item" has the meaning contained in the clause at 52.202-1, Definitions.

"Subcontract" includes a transfer of commercial items between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the Contractor or subcontractor at any tier.

- (b) To the maximum extent practicable, the Contractor shall incorporate, and require its subcontractors at all tiers to incorporate, commercial items or nondevelopmental items as components of items to be supplied under this contract.
- (c)(1) The Contractor shall insert the following clauses in subcontracts for commercial items:
- (i) 52.21908, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Oct 2000) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2)(3)), in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceed \$500,000 (\$1,000,000 for construction of any public facility), the subcontractor must include 52.219-8 in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.
  - (ii) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (Apr 2002) (E.O. 11246).
- (iii) 52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Special Disabled Veterans,
  Veterans of the Vietnam Era, and Other Eligible Veterans (Dec 2001) (38 U.S.C.
  4212(a));
- (iv) 52.222-36, Affirmative Action for Workers with Disabilities (Jun 1998) (29 U.S.C. 793).
- (v) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (Jun 2000) (46 U.S.C. Appx 1241) (flow down not required for subcontracts awarded beginning May 1, 1996).
- (2) While not required, the Contractor may flow down to subcontracts for commercial items a minimal number of additional clauses necessary to satisfy its contractual obligations.
- (d) The Contractor shall include the terms of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in subcontracts awarded under this contract.

## I.9 GOVERNMENT PROPERTY (COST-REIMBURSEMENT, TIME-AND-MATERIAL, OR LABOR-HOUR CONTRACTS) (FAR 52.245-5) (AUG 1996) DEVIATION

(a) Government-furnished property. (1) The term "Contractor's managerial personnel," as used in paragraph (g) of this clause, means any of the Contractor's directors, officers, managers, superintendents, or equivalent representatives who have supervision or direction of--

- (i) All or substantially all of the Contractor's business;
- (ii) All or substantially all of the Contractor's operation at any one plant, or separate location at which the contract is being performed; or
- (iii) A separate and complete major industrial operation connected with performing this contract.
- (2) The Government shall deliver to the Contractor, for use in connection with and under the terms of this contract, the Government-furnished property described in the Schedule or specifications, together with such related data and information as the Contractor may request and as may be reasonably required for the intended use of the property (hereinafter referred to as "Government-furnished property").
- (3) The delivery or performance dates for this contract are based upon the expectation that Government-furnished property suitable for use will be delivered to the Contractor at the times stated in the Schedule or, if not so stated, in sufficient time to enable the Contractor to meet the contract's delivery or performance dates.
- (4) If Government-furnished property is received by the Contractor in a condition not suitable for the intended use, the Contractor shall, upon receipt, notify the Contracting Officer, detailing the facts, and, as directed by the Contracting Officer and at Government expense, either effect repairs or modification or return or otherwise dispose of the property. After completing the directed action and upon written request of the Contractor, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment as provided in paragraph (h) of this clause.
- (5) If Government-furnished property is not delivered to the Contractor by the required time or times, the Contracting Officer shall, upon the Contractor's timely written request, make a determination of the delay, if any, caused the Contractor and shall make an equitable adjustment in accordance with paragraph (h) of this clause.
- (b) Changes in Government-furnished property. (1) The Contracting Officer may, by written notice, (i) decrease the Government-furnished property provided or to be provided under this contract or (ii) substitute other Government-furnished property for the property to be provided by the Government or to be acquired by the Contractor for the Government under this contract. The Contractor shall promptly take such action as the Contracting Officer may direct regarding the removal, shipment, or disposal of the property covered by this notice.
- (2) Upon the Contractor's written request, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment to the contract in accordance with paragraph (h) of this clause, if the Government has agreed in the Schedule to make such property available for performing this contract and there is any—

- (i) Decrease or substitution in this property pursuant to subparagraph (b)(1) above; or
- (ii) Withdrawal of authority to use property, if provided under any other contract or lease.
- (c) *Title.* (1) The Government shall retain title to all Government-furnished property.
- (2) Title to all property purchased by the Contractor for which the Contractor is entitled to be reimbursed as a direct item of cost under this contract shall pass to and vest in the Government upon the vendor's delivery of such property.
- (3) Title to all other property, the cost of which is reimbursable to the Contractor, shall pass to and vest in the Government upon--
  - (i) Issuance of the property for use in contract performance;
- (ii) Commencement of processing of the property for use in contract performance; or
- (iii) Reimbursement of the cost of the property by the Government, whichever occurs first.
- (4) All Government-furnished property and all property acquired by the Contractor, title to which vests in the Government under this paragraph (collectively referred to as "Government property"), are subject to the provisions of this clause. Title to Government property shall not be affected by its incorporation into or attachment to any property not owned by the Government, nor shall Government property become a fixture or lose its identity as personal property by being attached to any real property.
- (d) Use of Government property. The Government property shall be used only for performing this contract, unless otherwise provided in this contract or approved by the Contracting Officer.
- (e) Property administration. (1) The Contractor shall be responsible and accountable for all Government property provided under this contract and shall comply with Federal Acquisition Regulation Subpart 45.5, as in effect on the date of this contract, and which is hereby incorporated into this contract by reference.
- (2) The Contractor shall establish and maintain a program for the use, maintenance, repair, protection, and preservation of Government property in accordance with sound business practice and the applicable provisions of FAR Subpart 45.5.
  - (3) If damage occurs to Government property, the risk of which has been

assumed by the Government under this contract, the Government shall replace the items or the Contractor shall make such repairs as the Government directs. However, if the Contractor cannot effect such repairs within the time required, the Contractor shall dispose of the property as directed by the Contracting Officer. When any property for which the Government is responsible is replaced or repaired, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment in accordance with paragraph (h) of this clause.

- (f) Access. The Government and all its designees shall have access at all reasonable times to the premises in which any Government property is located for the purpose of inspecting the Government property.
  - (q) Limited Risk of loss.
- (1) The Contractor shall not be liable for loss or destruction of, or damage to, the Government property provided under this contract or for expenses incidental to such loss, destruction, or damage, except as provided in subparagraphs (2) and (3) below.
- (2) The Contractor shall be responsible for loss or destruction of, or damage to, the Government property provided under this contract (including expenses incidental to such loss, destruction, or damage)--
- (i) That results from a risk expressly required to be insured under this contract, but only to the extent of the insurance required to be purchased and maintained or to the extent of insurance actually purchased and maintained, whichever is greater;
- (ii) That results from a risk that is in fact covered by insurance or for which the Contractor is otherwise reimbursed, but only to the extent of such insurance or reimbursement;
- (iii) For which the Contractor is otherwise responsible under the express terms of this contract;
- (iv) That results from willful misconduct or lack of good faith on the part of the Contractor's managerial personnel; or
- (v) That results from a failure on the part of the Contractor, due to willful misconduct or lack of good faith on the part of the Contractor's managerial personnel, to establish and administer a program or system for the control, use, protection, preservation, maintenance, and repair of Government property as required by paragraph (e) of this clause.
- (3) (i) If the Contractor fails to act as provided by subdivision (g)(2)(v) above, after being notified (by certified mail addressed to one of the Contractor's managerial personnel) of the Government's disapproval, withdrawal of approval, or nonacceptance of the system or program, it shall be conclusively presumed that such failure was due to willful misconduct or lack

of good faith on the part of the Contractor's managerial personnel.

- (ii) In such event, any loss or destruction of, or damage to, the Government property shall be presumed to have resulted from such failure unless the Contractor can establish by clear and convincing evidence that such loss, destruction, or damage--
- (A) Did not result from the Contractor's failure to maintain an approved program or system; or
- (B) Occurred while an approved program or system was maintained by the Contractor.
- (4) If the Contractor transfers Government property to the possession and control of a subcontractor, the transfer shall not affect the liability of the Contractor for loss or destruction of, or damage to, the property as set forth above. However, the Contractor shall require the subcontractor to assume the risk of, and be responsible for, any loss or destruction of, or damage to, the property while in the subcontractor's possession or control, except to the extent that the subcontract, with the advance approval of the Contracting Officer, relieves the subcontractor from such liability. In the absence of such approval, the subcontract shall contain appropriate provisions requiring the return of all Government property in as good condition as when received, except for reasonable wear and tear or for its use in accordance with the provisions of the prime contract.
- (5) The contractor shall notify the contracting officer upon loss or destruction of, or damage to, Government property provided under this contract, with the exception of low value property for which loss, damage, or destruction is reported at contract termination, completion, or when needed for continued contract performance. The Contractor shall take all reasonable action to protect the Government property from further damage, separate the damaged and undamaged Government property, put all the affected Government property in the best possible order, and furnish to the Contracting Officer a statement of—
  - (i) The lost, destroyed, or damaged Government property;
  - (ii) The time and origin of the loss, destruction, or damage;
- $(\mbox{iii})$  All known interests in commingled property of which the Government property is a part; and
- (iv) The insurance, if any, covering any part of or interest in such commingled property.
- (6) The Contractor shall repair, renovate, and take such other action with respect to damaged Government property as the Contracting Officer directs. If the Government property is destroyed or damaged beyond practical repair, or is

damaged and so commingled or combined with property of others (including the Contractor's) that separation is impractical, the Contractor may, with the approval of and subject to any conditions imposed by the Contracting Officer, sell such property for the account of the Government. Such sales may be made in order to minimize the loss to the Government, to permit the resumption of business, or to accomplish a similar purpose. The Contractor shall be entitled to an equitable adjustment in the contract price for the expenditures made in performing the obligations under this subparagraph (g)(6) in accordance with paragraph (h) of this clause. However, the Government may directly reimburse the loss and salvage organization for any of their charges. The Contracting Officer shall give due regard to the Contractor's liability under this paragraph (g) when making any such equitable adjustment.

- (7) The Contractor shall not be reimbursed for, and shall not include as an item of overhead, the cost of insurance or of any reserve covering risk of loss or destruction of, or damage to, Government property, except to the extent that the Government may have expressly required the Contractor to carry such insurance under another provision of this contract.
- (8) In the event the Contractor is reimbursed or otherwise compensated for any loss or destruction of, or damage to, Government property, the Contractor shall use the proceeds to repair, renovate, or replace the lost, destroyed, or damaged Government property or shall otherwise credit the proceeds to, or equitably reimburse, the Government, as directed by the Contracting Officer.
- (9) The Contractor shall do nothing to prejudice the Government's rights to recover against third parties for any loss or destruction of, or damage to, Government property. Upon the request of the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall, at the Government's expense, furnish to the Government all reasonable assistance and cooperation (including the prosecution of suit and the execution of instruments of assignment in favor of the Government) in obtaining recovery. In addition, where a subcontractor has not been relieved from liability for any loss or destruction of, or damage to, Government property, the Contractor shall enforce for the benefit of the Government the liability of the subcontractor for such loss, destruction, or damage.
- (h) Equitable adjustment. When this clause specifies an equitable adjustment, it shall be made to any affected contract provision in accordance with the procedures of the Changes clause. When appropriate, the Contracting Officer may initiate an equitable adjustment in favor of the Government. The right to an equitable adjustment shall be the Contractor's exclusive remedy. The Government shall not be liable to suit for breach of contract for--
  - (1) Any delay in delivery of Government-furnished property;
- (2) Delivery of Government-furnished property in a condition not suitable for its intended use;
  - (3) A decrease in or substitution of Government-furnished property; or

- (4) Failure to repair or replace Government property for which the Government is responsible.
- (i) Final accounting and disposition of Government property. Upon completing this contract, or at such earlier dates as may be fixed by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall submit, in a form acceptable to the Contracting Officer, inventory schedules covering all items of Government property not consumed in performing this contract or delivered to the Government. The Contractor shall prepare for shipment, deliver f.o.b. origin, or dispose of the Government property as may be directed or authorized by the Contracting Officer. The net proceeds of any such disposal shall be credited to the cost of the work covered by this contract or paid to the Government as directed by the Contracting Officer. The foregoing provisions shall apply to scrap from Government property; provided, however, that the Contracting Officer may authorize or direct the Contractor to omit from such inventory schedules any scrap consisting of faulty castings or forgings or of cutting and processing waste, such as chips, cuttings, borings, turnings, short ends, circles, trimmings, clippings, and remnants, and to dispose of such scrap in accordance with the Contractor's normal practice and account for it as a part of general overhead or other reimbursable costs in accordance with the Contractor's established accounting procedures.
- (j) Abandonment and restoration of Contractor premises. Unless otherwise provided herein, the Government--
- (1) May abandon any Government property in place, at which time all obligations of the Government regarding such abandoned property shall cease; and
- (2) Has no obligation to restore or rehabilitate the Contractor's premises under any circumstances (e.g., abandonment, disposition upon completion of need, or contract completion). However, if the Government-furnished property (listed in the Schedule or specifications) is withdrawn or is unsuitable for the intended use, or if other Government property is substituted, then the equitable adjustment under paragraph (h) of this clause may properly include restoration or rehabilitation costs.
- $\mbox{(k)}\mbox{\sc Communications.}$  All communications under this clause shall be in writing.
- (1) Overseas contracts. If this contract is to be performed outside the United States of America, its territories, or possessions, the words "Government" and "Government-furnished" (wherever they appear in this clause) shall be construed as "United States Government" and "United States Government-furnished," respectively.
- I.10 SUBMISSION OF COMMERCIAL TRANSPORTATION BILLS TO THE GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION FOR AUDIT (FAR 52.247-67) (JUN 1997)

- (a)1) In accordance with paragraph (a)(2) of this clause, the Contractor shall submit to the General Services Administration (GSA) for audit, legible copies of all paid freight bills/invoices, commercial bills of lading (CBL's), passenger coupons, and other supporting documents for transportation services on which the United States will assume freight charges that were paid (i) by the Contractor under a cost-reimbursement contract, and (ii) by a first -tier subcontractor under a cost-reimbursement subcontract thereunder.
- (2) Cost-reimbursement Contractors shall only submit for audit those CBL's with freight shipment charges exceeding \$50.00. Bills under \$50.00 shall be retained on-site by the Contractor and made available for GSA on-site audits. This exception only applies to freight shipment bills and is not intended to apply to bills and invoices for any other transportation services.
- (b) The Contractor shall forward copies of paid freight bills/invoices, CBL's, passenger coupons, and supporting documents as soon as possible following the end of the month, in one package to the General Services Administration, ATTN: FWA, 1800 F Street, NW, Washington, DC 20405. The Contractor shall include the paid freight bills/invoices, CBL's, passenger coupons, and supporting documents for first tier subcontractors under a cost-reimbursement contract. If the inclusion of the paid freight bills/invoices, CBL's, passenger coupons, and supporting documents for any subcontractor in the shipment is not practicable, the documents may be forwarded to GSA in a separate package.
- (c) Any original transportation bills or other documents requested by GSA shall be forwarded promptly by the Contractor to GSA. The Contractor shall ensure that the name of the contracting agency is stamped or written on the face of the bill before sending it to GSA.
- (d) A statement prepared in duplicate by the Contractor shall accompany each shipment of transportation documents. GSA will acknowledge receipt of the shipment by signing and returning the copy of the statement. The statement shall show --
  - (1) The name and address of the Contractor;
- (2) The contract number including any alpha-numeric prefix identifying the contracting office;
  - (3) The name and address of the contracting office:
  - (4) The total number of bills submitted with the statement; and
- (5) A listing of the respective amounts paid or, in lieu of such listing, an adding machine tape of the amounts paid showing the Contractor's voucher or check numbers.

## I.11 CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FAR 52.252-2) (FEB 1998)

This contract incorporates one or more clauses by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. Also, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

http://www.arnet.gov/far/

## I.12 AUTHORIZED DEVIATIONS IN CLAUSES (FAR 52.252-6) (APR 1984)

- (a) The use in this solicitation or contract of any Federal Acquisition Regulation (48 CFR Chapter 1) clause with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "DEVIATION" after the date of the clause.
- (b) The use in this solicitation or contract of any Environmental Protection Agency (48 CFR Chapter 15) clause with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "DEVIATION" after the name of the regulation.

## PART III - LIST OF DOCUMENTS, EXHIBITS, AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS

## SECTION J - LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

## J.1 LIST OF ATTACHMENTS (EP 52.252-100) (APR 1984)

Number	Attachment Title
1	STATEMENT OF WORK
2	REPORTS OF WORK
3	INVOICE PREPARATION INSTRUCTIONS
4	TECHNICAL EVALUATION CRITERIA
5	TECHNICAL PROPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS
6	DEFINITION OF LABOR CLASSIFICATIONS
7	COST PROPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS
8	PAST PERFORMANCE QUESTIONNAIRE
9	CLIENT AUTHORIZATION LETTER
10	QUALITY ASSURANCE PLANNING REQUIREMENTS
11	MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR COI PLAN
12	INDUSTRIES ELIGIBLE FOR PRICE EVALUATION

#### PART IV - REPRESENTATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS

#### SECTION K - REPRESENTATIONS, CERTIFICATIONS, AND OTHER STATEMENTS OF OFFERORS

## K.1 CERTIFICATION AND DISCLOSURE REGARDING PAYMENTS TO INFLUENCE CERTAIN FEDERAL TRANSACTIONS (FAR 52.203-11) (APR 1991)

- (a) The definitions and prohibitions contained in the clause, at FAR 52.203-12, Limitation on Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions, included in this solicitation, are hereby incorporated by reference in paragraph (b) of this certification.
- (b) The offeror, by signing its offer, hereby certifies to the best of his or her knowledge and belief that on or after December 23, 1989--
- (1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- (2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds (including profit or fee received under a covered Federal transaction) have been paid, or will be paid, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with this solicitation, the offeror shall complete and submit OMB standard form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities to the Contracting Officer; and
- (3) He or she will include the language of this certification in all subcontract awards at any tier and require that all recipients of subcontract awards in excess of \$100,000 shall certify and disclose accordingly.
- (c) Submission of this certification and disclosure is a prerequisite for making or entering into this contract imposed by section 1352, title 31, United States Code. Any person who makes an expenditure prohibited under this provision or who fails to file or amend the disclosure form to be filed or amended by this provision, shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000, and not more than \$100,000, for each such failure.

#### K.2 TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION (FAR 52.204-3) (OCT 1998)

(a) Definitions.

"Common parent," as used in this provision, means that corporate entity that owns or controls an affiliated group of corporations that files its Federal income tax returns on a consolidated basis, and of which the offeror is a member.

"Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)," as used in this provision, means the number required by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to be used by the offeror in reporting income tax and other returns. The TIN may be either a Social Security Number or an Employer Identification Number.

- (b) All offerors must submit the information required in paragraphs (d) through (f) of this provision to comply with debt collection requirements of 31 U.S.C. 7701(c) and 3325(d), reporting requirements of 26 U.S.C. 6041, 6041A, and 6050M, and implementing regulations issued by the IRS. If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 4.904, the failure or refusal by the offeror to furnish the information may result in a 31 percent reduction of payments otherwise due under the contract.
- (c) The TIN may be used by the Government to collect and report on any delinquent amounts arising out of the offeror's relationship with the Government (31 U.S.C. 7701(c)(3)). If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in FAR 4.904, the TIN provided hereunder may be matched with IRS records to verify the accuracy of the offeror's TIN.

(d) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN).
[ ] TIN:
[ ] TIN has been applied for.
[ ] TIN is not required because:
[ ] Offeror is a nonresident alien, foreign corporation, or foreign partnership that does not have income effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States and does not have an office or place of business or a fiscal paying agent in the United States;
[ ] Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a foreign government;
[ ] Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government.
(e) Type of organization.

TIN_	
Name	<u> </u>
[ ]	Name and TIN of common parent:
	Offeror is not owned or controlled by a common parent as defined in agraph (a) of this provision.
, ,	Common parent.
[ ]	Other
[ ]	International organization per 26 CFR 1.6049-4;
[ ]	Foreign government;
[ ]	Government entity (Federal, State, or local);
[ ]	Corporate entity (tax-exempt);
[ ]	Corporate entity (not tax-exempt);
[ ]	Partnership;
	Sole proprietorship;

## WOMEN-OWNED BUSINESS (OTHER THAN SMALL BUSINESS) (FAR 52.204-5) (MAY 1999)

- (a) Definition. "Women-owned business concern," as used in this provision, means a concern that is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of its stock is owned by one or more women; and whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.
- (b) Representation. [Complete only if the offeror is a women-owned business concern and has not represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of FAR 52.219-1, Small Business Program Representations, of this solicitation.] The offeror represents that it [ ] is, [ ] is not a women-owned business concern.

## K.4 CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, PROPOSED DEBARMENT, AND OTHER RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS (FAR 52.209-5) (DEC 2001)

(a)(1) The Offeror certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that -  $\,$ 

- (i) The Offeror and/or any of its Principals -
- (A) Are [ ] are not [ ] presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or declared ineligible for the award of contracts by any Federal agency;
- (B) Have [] have not [], within a 3-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, state, or local) contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, or receiving stolen property; and
- (C) Are [ ] are not [ ] presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity with, commission of any of the offenses enumerated in subdivision (a)(1)(i)(B) of this provision.
- (ii) The Offeror has [ ] has not [ ], within a 3-year period
  preceding this offer, had one or more contracts terminated for default by any
  Federal agency.
- (2) "Principals," for the purposes of this certification, means officers; directors; owners; partners; and, persons having primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (e.g., general manager; plant manager; head of a subsidiary, division, or business segment, and similar positions).

THIS CERTIFICATION CONCERNS A MATTER WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF AN AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE MAKING OF A FALSE, FICTITIOUS, OR FRAUDULENT CERTIFICATION MAY RENDER THE MAKER SUBJECT TO PROSECUTION UNDER SECTION 1001, TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE.

- (b) The Offeror shall provide immediate written notice to the Contracting Officer if, at any time prior to contract award, the Offeror learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- (c) A certification that any of the items in paragraph (a) of this provision exists will not necessarily result in withholding of an award under this solicitation. However, the certification will be considered in connection with a determination of the Offeror's responsibility. Failure of the Offeror to furnish a certification or provide such additional information as requested by the Contracting Officer may render the Offeror nonresponsible.
- (d) Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render, in good faith, the certification required by paragraph (a) of this provision. The knowledge and

information of an Offeror is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

(e) The certification in paragraph (a) of this provision is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when making award. If it is later determined that the Offeror knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Government, the Contracting Officer may terminate the contract resulting from this solicitation for default.

## K.5 PLACE OF PERFORMANCE (FAR 52.215-6) (OCT 1997)

- (a) The offeror or respondent, in the performance of any contract resulting from this solicitation,  ${\bf G}$  intends,  ${\bf G}$  does not intend [check applicable block] to use one or more plants or facilities located at a different address from the address of the offeror or respondent as indicated in this proposal or response to request for information.
- (b) If the offeror or respondent checks "intends" in paragraph (a) of this provision, it shall insert in the following spaces the required information:

Place of Performance	Name and Address of Owner		
(Street Address, City,	and Operator of the Plant		
State, County, Zip Code)	or Facility if Other than Offeror or Respondent		

## K.6 SMALL BUSINESS PROGRAM REPRESENTATIONS (FAR 52.219-1) (APR 2002)

- (a)(1) The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code for this acquisition is 541710.
  - (2) The small business size standard is 500 employees.
- (3) The small business size standard for a concern which submits an offer in its own name, other than on a construction or service contract, but which proposes to furnish a product which it did not itself manufacture, is 500 employees.
  - (b) Representations.
- (1) The offeror represents as part of its offer that it [ ]is, [ ]is not a small business concern.
- (2) [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents, for

general statistical purposes, that it [ ]is, [ ]is not, a small disadvantaged business concern as defined in 13 CFR 124.1002.

- (3) [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it []is, []is not a women-owned small business concern.
- (4) [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.] The offferor represents as part of its offer that it []is, []is not a veteran-owned small business concern.
- (5) [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a veteran-owned small business concern in paragraph (b)(4) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that is []is, []is not a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern.
- (6) [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that—
- (i) It [] is, [] is not a HUBZone small business concern listed, on the date of this representation, on the List of Qualified HUBZone Small Business Concerns maintained by the Small Business Administration, and no material change in ownership and control, principal office, or HUBZone employee percentage has occurred since it was certified by the Small Business Administration in accordance with 13 CFR part 126; and
- (ii) It [ ] is, [ ] is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR part 126, and the representation in paragraph (b)(6)(i) of this provision is accurate for the HUBZone small business concern or concerns that are participating in the joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the name or names of the HUBZone small business concern or concerns that are participating in the joint venture:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.] Each HUBZone small business concern participating in the joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the HUBZone representation.
  - (c) Definitions. As used in this provision--

"Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern"-

- (1) Means a small business concern-
- (i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and

- (ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of a veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran.
- (2) Service-disabled veteran means a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(2), with a disability that is service-connected, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(16).

"Small business concern," means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in 13 CFR Part 121 and the size standard in paragraph (a) of this provision.

"Veteran-owned small business concern" means a small business concern-

- (1) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more veterans (as defined at 38 U.S.C. 101(2)) or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and
- (2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans.

"Women-owned small business concern," means a small business concern --

- (1) That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and
- (2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.
  - (d) Notice.
- (1) If this solicitation is for supplies and has been set aside, in whole or in part, for small business concerns, then the clause in this solicitation providing notice of the set-aside contains restrictions on the source of the end items to be furnished.
- (2) Under 15 U.S.C. 645(d), any person who misrepresents a firm's status as a small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, or women-owned small business concern in order to obtain a contract to be awarded under the preference programs established pursuant to section 8(a), 8(d), 9, or 15 of the Small Business Act or any other provision of Federal law that specifically references section 8(d) for a definition of program eligibility, shall --
  - (i) Be punished by imposition of fine, imprisonment, or both;

- (ii) Be subject to administrative remedies, including suspension and debarment; and
- (iii) Be ineligible for participation in programs conducted under the authority of the  $\mbox{Act}.$

#### K.7 SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS STATUS (FAR 52.219-22) (OCT 1999)

- (a) *General*. This provision is used to assess an offeror's small disadvantaged business status for the purpose of obtaining a benefit on this solicitation. Status as a small business and status as a small disadvantaged business for general statistical purposes is covered by the provision at FAR 52.219-1, Small Business Program Representation.
- (b) Representations.(1) General. The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that it is a small business under the size standard applicable to this acquisition; and either--
- [ ] (i) It has received certification by the Small Business
  Administration as a small disadvantaged business concern consistent with 13
  CFR 124, Subpart B; and
- (A) No material change in disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its certification;
- (B) Where the concern is owned by one or more disadvantaged individuals, the net worth of each individual upon whom the certification is based does not exceed \$750,000 after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2); and
- (C) It is identified, on the date of its representation, as a certified small disadvantaged business concern in the database maintained by the Small Business Administration (PRO-Net); or
- [ ] (ii) It has submitted a completed application to the Small Business Administration or a Private Certifier to be certified as a small disadvantaged business concern in accordance with 13 CFR 124, Subpart B, and a decision on that application is pending, and that no material change in disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its application was submitted.
- (2) [] For Joint Ventures. The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that it is a joint venture that complies with the requirements at 13 CFR 124.1002(f) and that the representation in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision is accurate for the small disadvantaged business concern that is participating in the joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the name of the small disadvantaged business concern that is participating in the joint venture: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.]

- (c) Penalties and Remedies. Anyone who misrepresents any aspects of the disadvantaged status of a concern for the purposes of securing a contract or subcontract shall:
  - (1) Be punished by imposition of a fine, imprisonment, or both;
- (2) Be subject to administrative remedies, including suspension and debarment; and
- (3) Be ineligible for participation in programs conducted under the authority of the Small Business Act.

#### K.8 PROHIBITION OF SEGREGATED FACILITIES (FAR 52.222-21) (FEB 1999)

- (a) "Segregated facilities," as used in this clause, means any waiting rooms, work areas, rest rooms and wash rooms, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing facilities provided for employees, that are segregated by explicit directive or are in fact segregated on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin because of written or oral policies or employee custom. The term does not include separate or single-user rest rooms or necessary dressing or sleeping areas provided to assure privacy between the sexes.
- (b) The Contractor agrees that it does not and will not maintain or provide for its employees any segregated facilities at any of its establishments, and that it does not and will not permit its employees to perform their services at any location under its control where segregated facilities are maintained. The Contractor agrees that a breach of this clause is a violation of the Equal Opportunity clause in this contract.
- (c) The Contractor shall include this clause in every subcontract and purchase order that is subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this contract.

#### K.9 PREVIOUS CONTRACTS AND COMPLIANCE REPORTS (FAR 52.222-22) (FEB 1999)

The offeror represents that--

- (a) It [ ] has, [ ] has not participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this solicitation;
  - (b) It [ ] has, [ ] has not filed all required compliance reports; and
- (c) Representations indicating submission of required compliance reports, signed by proposed subcontractors, will be obtained before subcontract awards.

## K.10 AFFIRMATIVE ACTION COMPLIANCE (FAR 52.222-25) (APR 1984)

The offeror represents that--

(a) It [ ] has developed and has on file, [ ] has not developed and does not have on file, at each establishment, affirmative action programs required by the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR 60-1 and 60-2), or (b) It [ ] has not previously had contracts subject to the written affirmative action programs requirement of the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor.

## K.11 COMPLIANCE WITH VETERANS' EMPLOYMENT REPORTING REQUIREMENTS (FAR 52.222-38) (DEC 2001)

By submission of its offer, the offeror represents that, if it is subject to the reporting requirements of 38 U.S.C. 4212(d) (i.e., if it has any contract containing Federal Acquisition Regulation clause 52.222-37, Employment Reports on Special Disabled Veterans, Veterans of the Vietnam Era, and Other Eligible Veterans), it has submitted the most recent VETS-100 Report required by that clause.

# K.12 CERTIFICATION OF TOXIC CHEMICAL RELEASE REPORTING (FAR 52.223-13) (OCT 2000)

- (a) Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this contract imposed by Executive Order 12969, August 8, 1995.
  - (b) By signing this offer, the offeror certifies that--
- (1) As the owner or operator of facilities that will be used in the performance of this contract that are subject to the filing and reporting requirements described in section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA) (42 U.S.C. 11023) and section 6607 of the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990(PPA) (42 U.S.C. 13106), the offeror will file and continue to file for such facilities for the life of the contract the Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Form (Form R) as described in sections 313(a) and (g) of EPCRA and section 6607 of PPA; or
- (2) None of its owned or operated facilities to be used in the performance of this contract is subject to the Form R filing and reporting requirements because each such facility is exempt for at least one of the following reasons: [Check each block that is applicable.]
- [] (i) The facility does not manufacture, process, or otherwise use any toxic chemicals listed under section 313(c) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(c);
- [] (ii)The facility does not have 10 or more full-time employees as specified in section 313(b)(1)(A) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(b)(1)(A);
- [] (iii) The facility does not meet the reporting thresholds of toxic chemicals established under section 313(f) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C.

11023(f) (including the alternate thresholds at 40 CFR 372.27, provided an appropriate certification form has been filed with EPA);

- [] (iv) The facility does not fall within Standard Industrial Classification Code (SIC) major groups 20 through 39 or their corresponding North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) sectors 31 through 33; or
- $[\ ]$  (v) The facility is not located within any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the United States Virgin Islands, the Northern Mariana Islands, or any other territory or possession over which the United States has jurisdiction.

## K.13 REPRESENTATION OF LIMITED RIGHTS DATA AND RESTRICTED COMPUTER SOFTWARE (FAR 52.227-15) (MAY 1999)

- (a) This solicitation sets forth the work to be performed if a contract award results, and the Government's known delivery requirements for data (as defined in FAR 27.401). Any resulting contract may also provide the Government the option to order additional data under the Additional Data Requirements clause at 52.227-16 of the FAR, if included in the contract. Any data delivered under the resulting contract will be subject to the Rights in Data--General clause at 52.227-14 that is to be included in this contract. Under the latter clause, a Contractor may withhold from delivery data that qualify as limited rights data or restricted computer software, and deliver form, fit, and function data in lieu thereof. The latter clause also may be used with its Alternates II and/or III to obtain delivery of limited rights data or restricted computer software, marked with limited rights or restricted rights notices, as appropriate. In addition, use of Alternate V with this latter clause provides the Government the right to inspect such data at the Contractor's facility.
- (b) As an aid in determining the Government's need to include Alternate II or Alternate III in the clause at 52.227-14, Rights in Data--General, the offeror shall complete paragraph (c) of this provision to either state that none of the data qualify as limited rights data or restricted computer software, or identify, to the extent feasible, which of the data qualifies as limited rights data or restricted computer software. Any identification of limited rights data or restricted computer software in the offeror's response is not determinative of the status of such data should a contract be awarded to the offeror.
- (c) The offeror has reviewed the requirements for the delivery of data or software and states [offeror check appropriate block]--
- [ ] None of the data proposed for fulfilling such requirements qualifies as limited rights data or restricted computer software.

	[ ] I	ata	propo	sed i	Eor	fulf	illing	such	ı red	quire	ements	quali	Lfy	as	limite	d
rights	data	or	restr	icted	com	pute:	r soft	ware	and	are	ident	ified	as	fol	lows:	
															_	
															_	
															_	

NOTE: "Limited rights data" and "Restricted computer software" are defined in the contract clause entitled "Rights in Data--General."

# K.14 COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS NOTICES AND CERTIFICATION (FAR 52.230-1) (JUN 2000)

Note: This notice does not apply to small businesses or foreign governments. This notice is in three parts, identified by Roman numerals I through III.

Offerors shall examine each part and provide the requested information in order to determine Cost Accounting Standards (CAS) requirements applicable to any resultant contract.

If the offeror is an educational institution, Part II does not apply unless the contemplated contract will be subject to full or modified CAS coverage pursuant to 48 CFR 9903.201-2(c)(5) or 9903.201-2(c)(6), respectively.

#### I. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT -- COST ACCOUNTING PRACTICES AND CERTIFICATION

- (a) Any contract in excess of \$500,000 resulting from this solicitation will be subject to the requirements of the Cost Accounting Standards Board (48 CFR Chapter 99), except for those contracts which are exempt as specified in 48 CFR 9903.201-1.
- (b) Any offeror submitting a proposal which, if accepted, will result in a contract subject to the requirements of 48 CFR Chapter 99 must, as a condition of contracting, submit a Disclosure Statement as required by 48 CFR 9903.202. When required, the Disclosure Statement must be submitted as a part of the offeror's proposal under this solicitation unless the offeror has already submitted a Disclosure Statement disclosing the practices used in connection with the pricing of this proposal. If an applicable Disclosure Statement has already been submitted, the offeror may satisfy the requirement for submission by providing the information requested in paragraph (c) of Part I of this provision.

CAUTION: In the absence of specific regulations or agreement, a practice disclosed in a Disclosure Statement shall not, by virtue of such disclosure, be deemed to be a proper, approved, or agreed- to practice for pricing proposals or accumulating and reporting contract performance cost data.

(c) Check the appropriate box below:
-    (1) Certificate of Concurrent Submission of Disclosure Statement.
The offeror hereby certifies that, as a part of the offer, copies of the Disclosure Statement have been submitted as follows: (i) original and one copy to the cognizant Administrative Contracting Officer (ACO) or cognizant Federal agency official authorized to act in that capacity (Federal official), as applicable, and (ii) one copy to the cognizant Federal auditor.
(Disclosure must be on Form No. CASB DS-1 or CASB DS-2, as applicable. Forms may be obtained from the cognizant ACO or Federal Official and/or from the looseleaf version of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.)
Date of Disclosure Statement:
The offeror further certifies that practices used in estimating costs in pricing this proposal are consistent with the cost accounting practices disclosed in the Disclosure Statement.
The offeror hereby certifies that Disclosure Statement was filed as follows:
Date of Disclosure Statement:Name and Address of Cognizant ACO or Federal Official Where Filed:
Name and Address of Cognizant ACO or Federal Official Where Filed:  The offeror further certifies that the practices used in estimating costs in pricing this proposal are consistent with the cost accounting practices

subsidiaries, and affiliates under common control, did not receive net awards of negotiated prime contracts and subcontracts subject to CAS totaling \$50 million or more in the cost accounting period immediately preceding the period in which this proposal was submitted. The offeror further certifies that if such status changes before an award resulting from this proposal, the offeror will advise the Contracting Officer immediately.

|\_\_| (4) Certificate of Interim Exemption.

The offeror hereby certifies that (i) the offeror first exceeded the monetary exemption for disclosure, as defined in (3) of this subsection, in the cost accounting period immediately preceding the period in which this offer was submitted and (ii) in accordance with 48 CFR 9903.202-1, the offeror is not yet required to submit a Disclosure Statement. The offeror further certifies that if an award resulting from this proposal has not been made within 90 days after the end of that period, the offeror will immediately submit a revised certificate to the Contracting Officer, in the form specified under subparagraph (c)(1) or (c)(2) of Part I of this provision, as appropriate, to verify submission of a completed Disclosure Statement.

CAUTION: Offerors currently required to disclose because they were awarded a CAS-covered prime contract or subcontract of \$50 million or more in the current cost accounting period may not claim this exemption (4). Further, the exemption applies only in connection with proposals submitted before expiration of the 90-day period following the cost accounting period in which the monetary exemption was exceeded.

#### II. COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS -- ELIGIBILITY FOR MODIFIED CONTRACT COVERAGE

If the offeror is eligible to use the modified provisions of 48 CFR 9903.201-2(b) and elects to do so, the offeror shall indicate by checking the box below. Checking the box below shall mean that the resultant contract is subject to the Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices clause in lieu of the Cost Accounting Standards clause.

|\_\_| The offeror hereby claims an exemption from the Cost Accounting Standards clause under the provisions of 48 CFR 9903.201-2(b) and certifies that the offeror is eligible for use of the Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices clause because during the cost accounting period immediately preceding the period in which this proposal was submitted, the offeror received less than \$50 million in awards of CAS-covered prime contracts and subcontracts. The offeror further certifies that if such status changes before an award resulting from this proposal, the offeror will advise the Contracting Officer immediately.

CAUTION: An offeror may not claim the above eligibility for modified contract coverage if this proposal is expected to result in the award of a CAS-covered contract of \$50 million or more or if, during its current cost accounting period, the offeror has been awarded a single CAS-covered prime

contract or subcontract of \$50 million or more.

#### III. ADDITIONAL COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO EXISTING CONTRACTS

The offeror shall indicate below whether award of the contemplated contract would, in accordance with subparagraph (a)(3) of the Cost Accounting Standards clause, require a change in established cost accounting practices affecting existing contracts and subcontracts.

#### K.15 BUSINESS OWNERSHIP REPRESENTATION (EPAAR 1552.204-70) (JAN 2001)

The successful awardee should check one or more of the categories below that represents its business ownership and return this information to the contracting officer within ten (10) calendar days after award. Completion of this clause by the successful awardee is voluntary.

"Ownership," as used in this clause, means: (a) At least 51 percent of the concern is owned by one or more individuals from a category listed below; or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of the concern is owned by one or more such individuals; and (b) The management and daily business operations of the concern are controlled by one or more such individuals.

#### Ethnicity

- [ ] Hispanic or Latino.
- [ ] Not Hispanic or Latino.

### Race

- [ ] American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.
- [ ] Asian or Pacific Islander.
- [ ] Black or African American.
- [ ] White.

## K.16 ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST CERTIFICATION (EPAAR 1552.209-72) (APR 1984)

The offeror [ ] is [ ] is not aware of any information bearing on the existence of any potential organizational conflict of interest. If the offeror is aware of information bearing on whether a potential conflict may exist, the offeror shall provide a disclosure statement describing this information. (See Section L of the solicitation for further information.)

## K.17 SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS OF CONSULTANTS AND CERTAIN SOLE PROPRIETORS AND PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT (EPAAR 1552.224-70) (APR 1984)

- (a) Section 6041 of Title 26 of the U.S. Code requires EPA to file Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Form 1099 with respect to individuals who receive payments from EPA under purchase orders or contracts. Section 6109 of Title 26 of the U.S. Code authorizes collection by EPA of the social security numbers of such individuals for the purpose of filing IRS Form 1099. Social security numbers obtained for this purpose will be used by EPA for the sole purpose of filing IRS Form 1099 in compliance with Section 6041 of Title 26 of the U.S. Code.
- (b) If the offeror or quoter is an individual, consultant, or sole proprietor and has no Employer Identification Number, insert the offeror's or quoter's social security number on the following line.

......

## K.18 SIGNATURE BLOCK (EP 52.299-900) (APR 1984)

I hereby certify that the responses to the above Representations, Certifications and other statements are accurate and complete.

Signatu	re:
Title	:
Date	:

## SECTION L - INSTRUCTIONS, CONDITIONS, AND NOTICES TO OFFERORS

## L.1 NOTICE Listing Contract Clauses Incorporated by Reference

#### NOTICE:

The following solicitation provisions and/or contract clauses pertinent to this section are hereby incorporated by reference:

FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (48 CFR CHAPTER 1)

NUMBER	DATE	TITLE
52.204-6	SEP 1999	DATA UNIVERSAL NUMBERING SYSTEM (DUNS) NUMBER
52.215-1	FEB 2000	INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFERORS-COMPETITIVE ACQUISITION
52.219-24	OCT 2000	SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS PARTICIPATION PROGRAM TARGETS

#### L.2 FACILITIES CAPITAL COST OF MONEY (FAR 52.215-16) (OCT 1997)

- (a) Facilities capital cost of money will be an allowable cost under the contemplated contract, if the criteria for allowability in subparagraph 31.205-10(a)(2) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation are met. One of the allowability criteria requires the prospective contractor to propose facilities capital cost of money in its offer.
- (b) If the prospective Contractor does not propose this cost, the resulting contract will include the clause Waiver of Facilities Capital Cost of Money.

# L.3 REQUIREMENTS FOR COST OR PRICING DATA OR INFORMATION OTHER THAN COST OR PRICING DATA (FAR 52.215-20) (OCT 1997) ALTERNATE IV (OCT 1997)

- (a) Submission of cost or pricing data is not required.
- (b) Provide information described below: See Attachment 7.

## L.4 TYPE OF CONTRACT (FAR 52.216-1) (APR 1984) DEVIATION

The Government contemplates award of a Cost-Plus-Fixed-Fee term form, level of effort contract resulting from this solicitation.

#### L.5 SERVICE OF PROTEST (FAR 52.233-2) (AUG 1996)

(a) Protests, as defined in Section 33.101 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, that are filed directly with an agency, and copies of any protests that are filed with the General Accounting Office (GAO) shall be served on the Contracting Officer (addressed as follows) by obtaining written and dated acknowledgement of receipt from:

Sandra V. Savage

Hand-Carried Address:

Environmental Protection Agency 4411 Montgomery Road Norwood, OH 45212

Mailing Address:

Environmental Protection Agency 26 W. Martin Luther King Drive Cincinnati, OH 45268-7001

(b) The copy of any protest shall be received in the office designated above within one day of filing a protest with the GAO.

#### L.6 IDENTIFICATION OF UNCOMPENSATED OVERTIME (FAR 52.237-10) (OCT 1997)

(a) Definitions. As used in the provision--

Uncompensated overtime means the hours worked without additional compensation in excess of an average of 40 hours per week by direct charge employees who are exempt from the Fair Labor Standards Act. Compensated personal absences such as holidays, vacations, and sick leave shall be included in the normal work week for purposes of computing uncompensated overtime hours.

Uncompensated overtime rate is the rate that results from multiplying the hourly rate for a 40-hour work week by 40, and then dividing by the proposed hours per week. For example, 45 hours proposed on a 40-hour work week basis at \$20 per hour would be converted to an uncompensated overtime rate of \$17.78 per hour (\$20.00 x40 divided by 45=\$17.78).

(b) For any proposed hours against which an uncompensated overtime rate is applied, the offeror shall identify in its proposal the hours in excess of an average of 40 hours per week, by labor category at the same level of detail as compensated hours, and the uncompensated overtime rate per hour, whether at the prime or subcontract level. This includes uncompensated overtime hours that are in indirect cost pools for personnel whose regular hours are normally

charged direct.

- (c) The offeror's accounting practices used to estimate uncompensated overtime must be consistent with its cost accounting practices used to accumulate and report uncompensated overtime hours.
- (d) Proposals that include unrealistically low labor rates, or that do not otherwise demonstrate cost realism, will be considered in a risk assessment and will be evaluated for award in accordance with that assessment.
- (e) The offeror shall include a copy of its policy addressing uncompensated overtime with its proposal.

## L.7 SOLICITATION PROVISIONS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FAR 52.252-1) (FEB 1998)

This solicitation incorporates one or more solicitation provisions by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. The offeror is cautioned that the listed provisions may include blocks that must be completed by the offeror and submitted with its quotation or offer. In lieu of submitting the full text of those provisions, the offeror may identify the provision by paragraph identifier and provide the appropriate information with its quotation or offer. Also, the full text of a solicitation provision may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

http://www.arnet.gov/far/

#### L.8 AUTHORIZED DEVIATIONS IN PROVISIONS (FAR 52.252-5) (APR 1984)

- (a) The use in this solicitation of any Federal Acquisition Regulation (48 CFR Chapter 1) provision with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "DEVIATION" after the date of the provision.
- (b) The use in this solicitation of any Environmental Protection Agency (48 CFR Chapter 15) provision with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "DEVIATION" after the name of the regulation.

# L.9 ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST NOTIFICATION (EPAAR 1552.209-70) (APR 1984)

(a) The prospective Contractor certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it is not aware of any information bearing on the existence of any potential organizational conflict of interest. If the prospective Contractor cannot so certify, it shall provide a disclosure statement in its proposal which describes all relevant information concerning any past, present, or planned interests bearing on whether it (including its chief

executives and directors, or any proposed consultant or subcontractor) may have a potential organizational conflict of interest.

- (b) Prospective Contractors should refer to FAR Subpart 9.5 and EPAAR Part 1509 for policies and procedures for avoiding, neutralizing, or mitigating organizational conflicts of interest.
- (c) If the Contracting Officer determines that a potential conflict exists, the prospective Contractor shall not receive an award unless the conflict can be avoided or otherwise resolved through the inclusion of a special contract clause or other appropriate means. The terms of any special clause are subject to negotiation.

# L.10 PROPOSED CONTRACT START DATE--LEVEL OF EFFORT CONTRACT (EP 52.212-180) (AUG 1984)

For proposal preparation purposes, offerors may assume a contract start date of 5/01/03 and that the required effort will be uniformly incurred throughout each contract period.

# L.11 INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PREPARATION OF PROPOSALS (EPAAR 1552.215-72) (AUG 1999)

- (a) Other than cost proposal instructions.
- (1) Submit proposal for other than cost factors as a separate part of the total proposal package. Omit all cost or pricing details from this proposal.
  - (2) Special proposal instructions:

### See Attachment 5

- (b) Cost or pricing proposal instructions. The offeror shall prepare and submit cost or pricing information data and supporting attachments in accordance with Table 15-2 of FAR 15.408. In addition to a hard copy of the information, to expedite review of the proposal, submit a 3.5" high density IBM-compatible formatted computer disk containing the financial data required, if this information is available using a commercial spreadsheet program on a personal computer. Submit this information using LOTUS 1-2-3, if available. Identify which version of LOTUS used. If the offeror used another spreadsheet program, indicate the software program used to create this information. Offerors should include the formulas and factors used in calculating the financial data. Although submission of a computer disk will expedite review, failure to submit a disk will not affect consideration of the proposal.
  - (1) General--Submit cost or pricing information prepared in accordance

with FAR Table 15-2, Instructions for Submitting Cost/Price Proposals When Cost or Pricing Information Are Required and the following:

- (i) Clearly identify separate cost or pricing information associated with any:
  - (A) Options to extend the term of the contract;
- (B) Options for the Government to order incremental quantities; and/or
  - (C) Major tasks, if required by the special instructions.
- (ii) If the contract schedule includes a "Fixed Rate for Services" clause, please provide in the cost proposal a schedule duplicating the format in the clause and include proposed fixed hourly rates per labor category for the base and any optional contract periods.
- (iii) If the contract includes the clause at EPAAR 1552.232-73 "Payments--Fixed-Rate Services Contract," or the clause at FAR 52.232-7, "Payments Under Time and Materials and Labor-Hour Contracts," include in the cost proposal the estimated costs and burden rate to be applied to materials, other direct costs, or subcontracts. The Government will include these costs as part of its cost proposal evaluation.
- (iv) If other divisions, subsidiaries, a parent or affiliated companies will perform work, provide the name and location of such affiliate and offeror's intercompany pricing policy. Separately identify costs and supporting data for each entity proposed.
- (v) The realism of costs, including personnel compensation rates (including effective hourly rates due to uncompensated overtime) will be part of the proposal evaluation. Any reductions to proposed costs or differences between proposed and known EPA/DCAA recommended rates must be fully explained. If an offeror makes a reduction which makes its offer or portions of its offer below anticipated costs, the offeror shall identify where (i.e., which elements of costs) the proposed reductions will be made. Unsubstantiated rates may result in an upward or downward adjustment of the cost proposals to reflect more realistic costs. Based on this analysis, a projected cost for the offeror will be calculated to reflect the Government's estimate of the offeror's probable costs. Any inconsistency, whether real or apparent, between the promised performance and cost or price should be explained. The burden of proof for cost credibility rests with the offeror.

#### (2) Direct Labor.

(i) The direct technical labor hours (level-of-effort) appearing in the solicitation are for professional and technical labor only. These hours do not include management at a level higher than project management, e.g.,

corporate and day-to-day management, nor do they include clerical and support staff at a level lower than technician. If it is the offeror's normal practice to charge these types of costs as direct costs, include these costs along with an estimate of the directly chargeable labor-hours for these personnel. These direct charges are to be shown separately from the technical (level-of-effort) effort. If this type of effort is normally included in the offeror's indirect cost allocations, no estimate is required. However, direct charging of these on any resulting contract will not be allowed. Additionally the direct technical labor hours are the workable hours required by the Government and do not include release time (i.e., holidays, vacation, etc.) Submit the proposal utilizing the labor categories and distribution of the level-of-effort specified in the solicitation. These are approximate distribution levels and do not necessarily represent the actual levels which may be experienced during contract performance.

- (ii) Explain the basis of the proposed labor rates, including a complete justification for all judgmental factors used to develop weights applied to company's category or individual rates that comprise the rates for labor categories specified in the solicitation. This explanation should describe how technical approach coincides with the proposed costs. If the proposed direct labor rates are based on an average of the individuals proposed and the hours associated with each individual in deriving the rates. If the proposed direct labor rates are based on an average of company category rates, identify and describe the labor categories and the percentages associated with each category in deriving the rates, explaining in detail the basis for the percentages assigned.
- (iii) Describe for each labor category proposed, the company's qualifications and experience requirements. If individual rates are used, provide the employee's name. If specific individuals are identified in the technical proposal, correlate these individuals with the labor categories specified in the solicitation.
- (iv) Provide a matrix summarizing the effort proposed, including the subcontracts, by professional and technical level specified in the solicitation.
- (v) Indicate whether current rates or escalated rates are used. If escalation is included, state the degree (percent) and methodology. The methodology shall include the effective date of the base rates and the policy on salary reviews (e.g. anniversary date of employee or salary reviews for all employees on a specific date).
- (vi) State whether any additional direct labor (new hire or temporary hires) will be required during the performance period of this acquisition. If so, state the number required, the professional or technical level and the methodology used to estimate proposed labor rates.

- (vii) With respect to educational institutions, include the following information for those professional staff members whose salary is expected to be covered by a stipulated salary support agreement pursuant to OMB Circular A-21.
  - (A) Individual's name;
- $\mbox{(B)}$  Annual salary and the period for which the salary is applicable;
- (C) List of other research Projects or proposals for which salaries are allocated, and the proportionate time charged to each; and
- (D) Other duties, such as teaching assignments, administrative assignments, and other institutional activities. Show the proportionate time charged to each. (Show proportionate time charges as a percentage of 100% of time for the entire academic year, exclusive of vacation or sabbatical leave.)
- (viii) Uncompensated overtime. The decision to propose uncompensated overtime is the offeror's decision. Should the offeror, however, elect to propose uncompensated overtime, the offeror must propose a methodology that is consistent with their cost accounting practices and company policy. If proposed, provide an estimate of any uncompensated overtime proposed for exempt personnel working at the offeror's facilities. This estimate should identify the number of uncompensated labor hours and the percentage of compensated labor. Uncompensated labor hours are defined as hours for exempt personnel in excess of regular hours for a pay period which are actually worked and recorded in accordance with company policy. Provide a copy of the company policy on uncompensated overtime. Provide historical percentages of uncompensated overtime for the past three years. If proposed for subcontractors, provide separately with subcontractor information.
- (ix) For labor rate contracts, for each fixed labor rate, offerors shall identify the basis for for the loaded fixed hourly rate for each contract period for example, the rate might consist of the following cost elements: raw wage or salary rate, plus fringe benefits (if applicable), plus overhead rate (if applicable), plus G& A expense rate (if applicable), plus profit. When determining the composite raw wage for a labor category, the offeror shall:
- (A) provide in narrative form the basis for the raw wage for each labor category. If actual wages of current employees are used, the basis for the projections should be explained.
- (B) If employees are subject to the Service Contract Act or Davis Bacon Act, they must be compensated at least at the minimum wage rate required by the applicable Wage Determination.
- (3) Indirect costs (fringe, overhead, general, and administrative expenses).

- (i) If the rates have been recently approved, include a copy of the rate agreement. If the agreement does not cover the projected performance period of the proposed effort, provide the rationale and any estimated rate calculations for the proposed performance period.
- (ii) Submit supporting documentation for rates which have not been approved or audited. Indicate whether computations are based upon historical or projected data.
- (iii) Provide actual pool expenses, base dollars, or hours (as applicable for the past five years). Include the actual indirect rates for the past five years including the indirect rates proposed, the actual indirect rates experienced and, if available, the final negotiated rate. Indicate the amount of unallowable costs included in the historical data.
- (iv) Offerors who propose indirect rates for new or substantially reorganized cost centers should consider offering to accept ceilings on the indirect rates at the proposed rates. Similarly, offerors whose subcontractors propose indirect rates for new or substantially reorganized cost centers should likewise consider offering to accept ceilings on the subcontractors' indirect rates at the proposed rates.

Note to paragraph (b)(3)(iv): The Government reserves the right to adjust an offeror's or its subcontractor's estimated indirect costs for evaluation purposes based on the **Agency's** judgment of the most probable costs up to the amount of any stated ceiling.

- (v) If the employees are subject to the Service Contract Act or Davis Bacon Act, employees must receive the minimum level of benefits stated in the applicable Wage Determination.
  - (4) Travel expense.
- (i) If the solicitation specifies the amount of travel costs, this amount is exclusive of any applicable indirect costs and fee.
- (ii) If the solicitation does not specify the amount of travel costs, attach a schedule illustrating how travel was computed. Include a breakdown indicating number of trips, number of travelers, destinations from and to, purpose and cost, e.g., mileage, transportation costs, subsistence rates.
  - (5) Equipment, facilities and special equipment, including tooling.
- (i) If direct charges for use of existing contractor equipment are proposed, provide a description of these items, including estimated usage hours, rates, and total costs.
  - (ii) If equipment purchases are proposed, provide a description of

these items, and a justification as to why the Government should furnish the equipment or allow its purchase with contract funds. (Unless specified elsewhere in this solicitation, FAR 45.302-1 requires contractors to furnish all facilities in performance of contracts with certain limited exceptions.)

- (iii) Identify Government-owned property in the possession of the offeror or proposed to be used in the performance of the contract, and the Government **agency** which has cognizance over the property.
- (iv) Submit proposed rates or use charges for equipment, along with documentation to support those rates.
- (v) If special purposes facilities or equipment are being proposed, provide a description of these items, details for the proposed costs including competitive prices, and justification as to why the Government should furnish the equipment or allow its purchase with contract funds.
- (vi) If fabrication by the prime contractor is contemplated, include details of material, labor, and overhead.
  - (6) Other Direct Costs (ODC).
- (i) If the solicitation specifies the amount of other direct costs, this amount is exclusive of any applicable indirect cost and fee.
- (ii) If the amount is not specified in the solicitation, attach a schedule detailing how other direct costs were computed. Identify the major ODC items that under the accounting system would be a direct charge on any resulting contract.
- (iii) If any of the cost elements identified as part of the specified other direct costs are recovered as an indirect cost, in accordance with the offeror's accounting system, those costs should not be included as a direct cost. Complete explanation of this adjustment and the contractor's practice should be provided.
- (iv) Provide historical other direct costs dollars per level of effort hour on similar contracts or work assignments.
- (7) Team Subcontracts. When the cost of a subcontract is substantial (5 percent of the total estimated contract dollar value or \$100,000, whichever is less), the offeror shall include the following subcontractor information:
- (i) Provide details of subcontract costs in the same format as the prime contractor's costs. This detailed information may be provided separately to the EPA if the subcontractor does not wish to provide this data to the prime contractor. Cost data provided separately by a contractor must be received by the time, date and at the location specified for the receipt of proposals. The subcontractor's package should be clearly marked with the RFP

number, the name of the prime offeror, and a statement that the package is subcontractor data relevant to the proposal from the prime offeror. If submitted with the prime contractor's proposal, identify the subcontractors. State the amount of service estimated to be required and the quoted daily or hourly rate. Offerors are encouraged to provide letters of intent, signed by subcontractors, agreeing to a specified rate for life of the contract. Include a cost or price analysis of the subcontractor cost showing the reasons why the costs are considered reasonable;

- (ii) Describe how the prospective team subcontractors were chosen as part of the offeror's proposed team; and rationale for selection;
- (iii) Describe the necessity for the subcontractor's effort as either a supplement or complement to the offeror's in-house expertise;
- (iv) Identify the areas of the scope of work and the level of effort the subcontractors are anticipated to perform. Provide a reconciliation summary of the proposed hours and ODCs for the prime contractor and proposed subcontractor(s).
- (v) Describe the prime contractor's management structure and internal controls to ensure efficient and quality performance of team subcontractors.
- (8) Facilities Capital Cost of Money (FCCM). When an offeror elects to claim FCCM as an allowable cost, the offeror must submit Form CASB-CNF and show calculation of the proposed amount. FCCM will be an allowable cost under the contemplated contract, if the criteria for allowability at FAR 31.205-10(a)(2) are met.

## L.12 GENERAL FINANCIAL AND ORGANIZATIONAL INFORMATION (EPAAR 1552.215-73) (AUG 1999)

Offerors or quoters are requested to provide information regarding the following items in sufficient detail to allow a full and complete business evaluation. If the question indicated is not applicable or the answer is none, it should be annotated. If the offeror has previously submitted the information, it should certify the validity of that data currently on file at EPA and to whom and where it was submitted or update all outdated information on file.

(a) Contractor's Name:
(b) Address (If financial records are maintained at some other location, show the address of the place where the records are kept):
(c) Telephone Number:

(d)	Individual(s) to contact re this proposal:			
(e)	e) Cognizant Government:			
	Audit Agency: Address:			
(f)	(1) Work Distribution for the Last Completed Fiscal Accounting Period:			
	Sales:  Government cost-reimbursement type prime contracts and subcontracts			
last co	(2) Total Sales for first and second fiscal years immediately preceding ompleted fiscal year.			
	Total Sales for First Preceding Fiscal Year \$  Total Sales for Second Preceding Fiscal Year \$			
(g)	Is company a separate rate entity or division?			
	Yes No			
	If a division or subsidiary corporation, name parent company:			
(h)	Date Company Organized:			
(i)	Manpower:			
	Total Employees:			
	Direct:			
	Indirect:			
	Standard Work Week (Hours):			
(j)	Commercial Products:			
(k)	Attach a current organizational chart of the company.			

		Estimated/ actual cost			
	Estimating System: Job Order				
	Process				
	Accumulating System:				
	Job Order Process				
	Has your cost estimating system been approved by Yes No	any Government	agency?		
	If yes, give name, date or approval, and location	of agency:			
	Has your cost accumulation system been approved b	y any Governme	ent		
ncy?					
	Yes No				
	If yes, give name, date of approval, and address	of <b>agency</b> :			
(m)	What is your fiscal year period? (Give month-to-m	onth dates):			
	What were the indirect cost rates for your last completed fiscal year?				
	Fiscal year	Indirect cost rate			
	Fringe Benefits				
	OverheadG&A Expense				
	Other				

Date of last preaward audit review by a Government agency:  If the answer is no, data supporting the proposed rates must accompany he cost or price proposal. A breakdown of the items comprising overhead and &A must be furnished.  (o) Cost estimating is performed by:  Accounting Department	I	f yes, give name, date of approval, and location of the Government
If the answer is no, data supporting the proposed rates must accompany the cost or price proposal. A breakdown of the items comprising overhead and &A must be furnished.  (o) Cost estimating is performed by:  Accounting Department———————————————————————————————————	gency:	
If the answer is no, data supporting the proposed rates must accompany the cost or price proposal. A breakdown of the items comprising overhead and &A must be furnished.  (o) Cost estimating is performed by:  Accounting Department———————————————————————————————————	_	
ne cost or price proposal. A breakdown of the items comprising overhead and was must be furnished.  (o) Cost estimating is performed by:  Accounting Department———————————————————————————————————	D	ate of last preaward audit review by a Government agency:
Accounting Department———————————————————————————————————	he cost	or price proposal. A breakdown of the items comprising overhead and
Contracting Department———————————————————————————————————	(o) C	ost estimating is performed by:
Other (describe)		Accounting Department
(p) Has system of control of Government property been approved by a overnment agency?  Yes No  If yes, give name, date of approval, and location of the Government gency:  (q) Purchasing System: FAR 44.302 requires EPA, where it is the cognizant overnment agency, to conduct a Contractor Purchasing System Review for each contractor whose sales to the Government, using other than sealed bid rocedures, are expected to exceed \$25 million (annual billings) during the ext twelve months. The \$25 million sales threshold is comprised of prime contracts, subcontractors under Government prime contracts, and modifications except when the negotiated price is based on established catalog or market rices or is set by law or regulation). Has your purchasing system been proved by a Government agency?  Yes No  If yes, name and location of the Government agency:		Contracting Department
If yes, give name, date of approval, and location of the Government gency:  (q) Purchasing System: FAR 44.302 requires EPA, where it is the cognizant overnment agency, to conduct a Contractor Purchasing System Review for each ontractor whose sales to the Government, using other than sealed bid rocedures, are expected to exceed \$25 million (annual billings) during the ext twelve months. The \$25 million sales threshold is comprised of prime contracts, subcontractors under Government prime contracts, and modifications except when the negotiated price is based on established catalog or market rices or is set by law or regulation). Has your purchasing system been proved by a Government agency?  Yes No  If yes, name and location of the Government agency:		Other (describe)
(q) Purchasing System: FAR 44.302 requires EPA, where it is the cognizant overnment agency, to conduct a Contractor Purchasing System Review for each ontractor whose sales to the Government, using other than sealed bid rocedures, are expected to exceed \$25 million (annual billings) during the ext twelve months. The \$25 million sales threshold is comprised of prime ontracts, subcontractors under Government prime contracts, and modifications except when the negotiated price is based on established catalog or market rices or is set by law or regulation). Has your purchasing system been proved by a Government agency?  Yes No  If yes, name and location of the Government agency:	Governme Y	nt <b>agency</b> ? es No
(q) Purchasing System: FAR 44.302 requires EPA, where it is the cognizant overnment agency, to conduct a Contractor Purchasing System Review for each ontractor whose sales to the Government, using other than sealed bid rocedures, are expected to exceed \$25 million (annual billings) during the ext twelve months. The \$25 million sales threshold is comprised of prime ontracts, subcontractors under Government prime contracts, and modifications except when the negotiated price is based on established catalog or market rices or is set by law or regulation). Has your purchasing system been proved by a Government agency?  Yes No  If yes, name and location of the Government agency:	gency.	
(q) Purchasing System: FAR 44.302 requires EPA, where it is the cognizant overnment agency, to conduct a Contractor Purchasing System Review for each ontractor whose sales to the Government, using other than sealed bid rocedures, are expected to exceed \$25 million (annual billings) during the ext twelve months. The \$25 million sales threshold is comprised of prime ontracts, subcontractors under Government prime contracts, and modifications except when the negotiated price is based on established catalog or market rices or is set by law or regulation). Has your purchasing system been proved by a Government agency?  Yes No  If yes, name and location of the Government agency:	-	
If yes, name and location of the Government agency:	Governme contract procedur mext twe contract except prices o	nt agency, to conduct a Contractor Purchasing System Review for each or whose sales to the Government, using other than sealed bid es, are expected to exceed \$25 million (annual billings) during the lve months. The \$25 million sales threshold is comprised of prime s, subcontractors under Government prime contracts, and modifications when the negotiated price is based on established catalog or market r is set by law or regulation). Has your purchasing system been by a Government agency?
	Y	es No
Period of Approval:	I	f yes, name and location of the Government agency:
Period of Approval:	-	
	D	eriod of Approval:

If no, do you estimate that your negotiated sales to the Government
during the next twelve months will meet the \$25 million threshold?
Yes No
If you responded yes to the \$25 million threshold question, is EPA the
cognizant agency for your organization based on the preponderance of
Government contract dollars?
Yes No
If EPA is not your cognizant Government agency, provide the name and
location of the cognizant agency
Are your purchasing policies and procedures written?
Yes No
(r) Does your firm have an established written incentive compensation or
bonus plan?
Yes No
(s) Additionally, offerors shall submit current financial statements,
including a Balance Sheet, Statement of Income (Loss), and Cash Flow for the
last two completed fiscal years. Specify resources available to perform the
contract without assistance from any outside source. If sufficient resources
are not available, indicate in proposal the amount required and the

### L.13 PAST PERFORMANCE INFORMATION (EPAAR 1552.215-75) (OCT 2000)

anticipated source (i.e., bank loans, letter or lines of credit, etc.).

- (a) Offerors shall submit the information requested below as part of their proposal for both the offeror and any proposed subcontractors for subcontracts expected to exceed \$100,000. The information may be submitted prior to other parts of the proposal in order to assist the Government in reducing the evaluation period.
- (b) Offerors shall submit a list of all or at least  $\underline{5}$  contracts and subcontracts completed in the last  $\underline{3}$  years, and all contracts and subcontracts currently in process, which are similar in nature to this requirement.
- (1) The contracts and subcontracts listed may include those entered into with Federal, State and local governments, and commercial businesses, which are of similar scope, magnitude, relevance, and complexity to the requirement which is described in the RFP. Include the following information for each contract and subcontract listed:
  - (a) Name of contracting activity.
  - (b) Contract number.
  - (c) Contract title.

- (d) Contract type.
- (e) Brief description of contract or subcontract and relevance to this requirement.
  - (f) Total contract value.
  - (q) Period of performance.
- (h) Contracting officer, telephone number, and E-mail address (if available).
- (i) Program manager/project officer, telephone number, and E-mail address (if available).
- (j) Administrative Contracting officer, if different from (h)above, telephone number, and E-mail address (if available).
  - (k) List of subcontractors (if applicable).
- (1) Compliance with subcontracting plan goals for small disadvantaged business concerns, monetary targets for small disadvantaged business participation, and the notifications submitted under FAR 19.1202-4 (b), if applicable.
- (c) Offerors should not provide general information on their performance on the identified contracts and subcontracts. General performance information will be obtained from the references.
- (1) Offerors may provide information on problems encountered and corrective actions taken on the identified contracts and subcontracts.
- (2) References that may be contacted by the Government include the contracting officer, program manager/project officer, or the administrative contracting officer identified above.
- (3) If no response is received from a reference, the Government will make an attempt to contact another reference identified by the offeror, to contact a reference not identified by the offeror, or to complete the evaluation with those references who responded. The Government shall consider the information provided by the references, and may also consider information obtained from other sources, when evaluating an offeror's past performance.
- (4) Attempts to obtain responses from references will generally not go beyond two telephonic messages and/or written requests from the Government, unless otherwise stated in the solicitation. The Government is not obligated to contact all of the references identified by the offeror.
- (d) If negative feedback is received from an offeror's reference, the Government will compare the negative response to the responses from the offeror's other references to note differences. A score will be assigned appropriately to the offeror based on the information. The offeror will be given the opportunity to address adverse past performance information obtained from references on which the offeror has not had a previous opportunity to comment, if that information makes a difference in the Government's decision to include the offeror in or exclude the offeror from the competitive range. Any past performance deficiency or significant weakness will be discussed with

offerors in the competitive range during discussions.

- (e) Offerors must send Client Authorization Letters (see Section J of the solicitation) to each reference listed in their proposal to assist in the timely processing of the past performance evaluation. Offerors are encouraged to consolidate requests whenever possible (i.e., if the same reference has several contracts, send that reference a single notice citing all applicable contracts). Offerors may send Client Authorization Letters electronically to references with copies forwarded to the contracting officer.
- (1) If an offeror has no relevant past performance history, an offeror must affirmatively state that it possesses no relevant past performance history.
- (2) Client Authorization Letters should be mailed or E-mailed to individual references no later than five (5) working days after proposal submission. The offeror should forward a copy of the Client Authorization Letter to the contracting officer simultaneously with mailing to references.
- (f) Each offeror may describe any quality awards or certifications that indicate the offeror possesses a high-quality process for developing and producing the product or service required. Such awards or certifications include, for example, the Malcolm Baldrige Quality Award, other Government quality awards, and private sector awards or certifications.
- (1) Identify the segment of the company (one division or the entire company) which received the award or certification.
- (2) Describe when the award or certification was bestowed. If the award or certification is over three years old, present evidence that the qualifications still apply.
- (g) Past performance information will be used for both responsibility determinations and as an evaluation factor for award. The Past Performance Questionnaire identified in section J will be used to collect information on an offeror's performance under existing and prior contracts/subcontracts for products or services similar in scope, magnitude, relevance, and complexity to this requirement in order to evaluate offerors consistent with the past performance evaluation factor set forth in section M. References other than those identified by the offeror may be contacted by the Government and used in the evaluation of the offeror's past performance.
- (h) Any information collected concerning an offeror's past performance will be maintained in the official contract file.
- (i) In accordance with FAR 15.305 (a) (2) (iv), offerors with no relevant past performance history, or for whom information on past performance is not available, will be evaluated neither favorably nor unfavorably on past performance.

#### L.14 TECHNICAL QUESTIONS (EP 52.215-110) (APR 1984)

Offerors must submit all technical questions concerning this solicitation in writing to the contract specialist identified in Block 10A of the SF33. EPA must receive the questions no later than <u>ten</u> calendar days after the date of this solicitation. EPA will answer questions which may affect offers in an amendment to the solicitation. EPA will not reference the source of the questions.

## L.15 RELEASE OF COST OR PRICING PROPOSALS OUTSIDE THE GOVERNMENT FOR AUDIT (EP 52.215-115) (MAR 1989)

Cost or pricing proposals submitted in response to this solicitation may be released outside the Government for audit purposes regardless of whether information contained in such proposals has been claimed or determined to be business confidential. If an outside audit is obtained, the non-Government auditor shall use the information only for audit purposes; shall not disclose any information in the proposals to anyone other than authorized EPA employees without the prior written approval of the Assistant General Counsel responsible for information law matters; and shall return all copies of proposals, as well as any abstracts, to the Government upon completion of the audit. The non-Government auditor shall obtain a written agreement from each of its employees with access to the proposals to honor these limitations prior to allowing the employee access.

## L.16 PROCEDURES FOR PARTICIPATION IN THE EPA MENTOR-PROTEGE PROGRAM (EPAAR 1552.219-71) (OCT 2000)

- (a) This provision sets forth the procedures for participation in the EPA Mentor-Protege Program (hereafter referred to as the Program). The purpose of the Program is to increase the participation of concerns owned and/or controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals as subcontractors, suppliers, and ultimately as prime contractors; to establish a mutually beneficial relationship between these concerns and EPA's large business prime contractors (although small businesses may participate as Mentors); to develop the technical and corporate administrative expertise of these concerns, which will ultimately lead to greater success in competition for contract opportunities; to promote the economic stability of these concerns; and to aid in the achievement of goals for the use of these concerns in subcontracting activities under EPA contracts. If the successful offeror is accepted into the Program they shall serve as a Mentor to a Protege firm(s), providing developmental assistance in accordance with an agreement with the Protege firm(s).
- (b) To participate as a Mentor, the offeror must receive approval in accordance with paragraph (h) of this section.
- (c) A Protege must be a concern owned and/or controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals within the meaning of section 8(a)(5)

- and (6) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 673(a)(5) and (6)), including historically black colleges and universities. Further, in accordance with Public Law 102-389 (the 1993 Appropriation Act), for EPA's contracting purposes, economically and socially disadvantaged individuals shall be deemed to include women.
- (d) Where there may be a concern regarding the Protege firm's eligibility to participate in the program, the protege's eligibility will be determined by the contracting officer after the SBA has completed any formal determinations.
- (e) The offeror shall submit an application in accordance with paragraph (k) of this section as part of its proposal which shall include as a minimum the following information.
- (1) A statement and supporting documentation that the offeror is currently performing under at least one active Federal contract with an approved subcontracting plan and is eligible for the award of Federal contracts;
- (2) A summary of the offeror's historical and recent activities and accomplishments under any disadvantaged subcontracting programs. The offeror is encouraged to include any initiatives or outreach information believed pertinent to approval as a Mentor firm;
- (3) The total dollar amount (including the value of all option periods or quantities) of EPA contracts and subcontracts received by the offeror during its two preceding fiscal years. (Show prime contracts and subcontracts separately per year);
- (4) The total dollar amount and percentage of subcontract awards made to all concerns owned and/or controlled by disadvantaged individuals under EPA contracts during its two preceding fiscal years. If recently required to submit a SF 295, provide copies of the two preceding year's reports;
- (5) The number and total dollar amount of subcontract awards made to the identified Protege firm(s) during the two preceding fiscal years (if any).
- (f) In addition to the information required by paragraph (e) of this section, the offeror shall submit as a part of the application the following information for each proposed Mentor-Protege relationship:
- (1) Information on the offeror's ability to provide developmental assistance to the identified Protege firm and how the assistance will potentially increase contracting and subcontracting opportunities for the Protege firm.
- (2) A letter of intent indicating that both the Mentor firm and the Protege firm intend to enter into a contractual relationship under which the

Protege will perform as a subcontractor under the contract resulting from this solicitation and that the firms will negotiate a Mentor-Protege agreement. The letter of intent must be signed by both parties and contain the following information:

- (i) The name, address and phone number of both parties;
- (ii) The Protege firm's business classification, based upon the NAICS code(s) which represents the contemplated supplies or services to be provided by the Protege firm to the Mentor firm;
- (iii) A statement that the Protege firm meets the eligibility criteria;
- (iv) A preliminary assessment of the developmental needs of the Protege firm and the proposed developmental assistance the Mentor firm envisions providing the Protege. The offeror shall address those needs and how their assistance will enhance the Protege. The offeror shall develop a schedule to assess the needs of the Protege and establish criteria to evaluate the success in the Program;
- (v) A statement that if the offeror or Protege firm is suspended or debarred while performing under an approved Mentor-Protege agreement the offeror shall promptly give notice of the suspension or debarment to the EPA Office of Small Disadvantaged Business Utilization (OSDBU) and the contracting officer. The statement shall require the Protege firm to notify the Contractor if it is suspended or debarred.
- (g) The application will be evaluated on the extent to which the offeror's proposal addresses the items listed in paragraphs (e) and (f) of this section. To the maximum extent possible, the application should be limited to not more than 10 single pages, double spaced. The offeror may identify more than one Protege in its application.
- (h) If the offeror is determined to be in the competitive range, or is awarded a contract without discussions, the offeror will be advised by the contracting officer whether their application is approved or rejected. The contracting officer, if necessary, may request additional information in connection with the offeror's submission of its revised or best and final offer. If the successful offeror has submitted an approved application, they shall comply with the clause titled "Mentor-Protege Program."
- (i) Subcontracts of \$1,000,000 or less awarded to firms approved as Proteges under the Program are exempt from the requirements for competition set forth in FAR 44.202-2(a)(5), and 52.244-5(b). However, price reasonableness must still be determined and the requirements in FAR 44.202-2(a)(8) for cost and price analysis continue to apply.
  - (j) Costs incurred by the offeror in fulfilling their agreement(s) with a

Protege firm(s) are not reimbursable as a direct cost under the contract. Unless EPA is the responsible audit agency under FAR 42.703-1, offerors are encouraged to enter into an advance agreement with their responsible audit agency on the treatment of such costs when determining indirect cost rates. Where EPA is the responsible audit agency, these costs will be considered in determining indirect cost rates.

(k) Submission of Application and Questions Concerning the Program. The application for the Program for Headquarters and Regional procurements shall be submitted to the contracting officer, and to the EPA OSDBU at the following address:

```
Socioeconomic Business Program Officer,
Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization,
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency,
Ariel Rios Building (1230A),
1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW,
Washington, DC 20460,
Telephone: (202) 564-4322,
Fax: (202) 565-2473.
```

The application for the Program for RTP procurements shall be submitted to the contracting officer, and to the Small Business Specialist at the following address:

```
Small Business Program Officer,
RTP Procurement Operations Division (E105-02),
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency,
Research Triangle Park, NC 27711,
Telephone: (919) 541-2249,
Fax: (919) 541-5539.
```

The application for the Program for Cincinnati procurements shall be submitted to the contracting officer, and to the Small Business Specialist at the following address:

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Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization Officer,
Cincinnati Procurement Operations Division (CPOD-Norwood),
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency,
26 West Martin Luther King Drive,
Cincinnati, OH 45268,
Telephone: (513) 487-2024
Fax: (513) 487-2004.
```

# L.17 SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS PARTICIPATION PROGRAM (EPAAR 1552.219-72) (OCT 2000)

(a) Section M of this solicitation contains a source selection factor or subfactor related to the participation of small disadvantaged

business (SDB) concerns in the performance of the contract. The nature of the evaluation of an SDB offeror under this evaluation factor or subfactor is dependent upon whether the SDB concern qualifies for the price evaluation adjustment under the clause at FAR 52.219-23, Notice of Price Evaluation Adjustment for Small Disadvantaged Business Concerns and whether the SDB concern specifically waives this price evaluation adjustment.

- (b) In order to be evaluated under the source selection factor or subfactor, an offeror must provide, with its offer, the following information:
- (1) The extent of participation of SDB concerns in the performance of the contract in terms of the value of the total acquisition. Specifically, offerors must provide targets, expressed as dollars and percentages of the total contract value, for SDB participation in the applicable and authorized North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Industry Subsectors as determined by the Department of Commerce. Total dollar and percentage targets must be provided for SDB participation by the prime contractor, including team members and joint venture partners. In addition, total dollar and percentage targets for SDB participation by subcontractors must be provided and listed separately;
- (2) The specific identification of SDB concerns to be involved in the performance of the contract;
- (3) The extent of commitment to use SDB concerns in the performance of the contract:
- (4) The complexity and variety of the work the SDB concerns are to perform; and
- (5) The realism of the proposal to use SDB concerns in the performance of the contract.
- (c) An SDB offeror who waives the price evaluation adjustment provided in FAR 52.219-23 shall provide, with their offer, targets, expressed as dollars and percentages of the total contract value, for the work that it intends to perform as the prime contractor in the applicable and authorized North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Industry Subsectors as determined by the Department of Commerce. All of the offeror's identified targets described in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this clause will be incorporated into and made part of any resulting contract.

# L.18 IDENTIFICATION OF SET-ASIDE/8A PROGRAM APPLICABILITY (EP 52.219-100) (FEB 1991)

This new procurement is being processed as follows:

(a) Type of set-aside: No Applicable Set-Aside

Percent of the set-aside: 0%

(b) 8(a) Program: Not Applicable

## L.19 SUBCONTRACTING PROGRAM PLAN FOR UTILIZATION OF SMALL BUSINESS AND SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS CONCERNS (EP 52.219-125) (AUG 1984)

As part of the initial offer, offerors shall submit a subcontracting plan as called for by FAR 52.219-9.

# L.20 NOTICE OF FILING REQUIREMENTS FOR AGENCY PROTESTS (EPAAR 1552.233-70) (JUL 1999)

Agency protests must be filed with the Contracting Officer in accordance with the requirements of FAR 33.103(d) and (e). Within 10 calendar days after receipt of an adverse Contracting Officer decision, the protester may submit a written request for an independent review by the Head of the Contracting Activity. This independent review is available only as an appeal of a Contracting Officer decision on a protest. Accordingly, as provided in 4 CFR 21.2(a)(3), any protest to the GAO must be filed within 10 days of knowledge of the initial adverse Agency action.

# L.21 ACCESS TO FEDERAL INSECTICIDE, FUNGICIDE, AND RODENTICIDE ACT CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION (EPAAR 1552.235-73) (APR 1996)

In order to perform duties under the contract, the Contractor will need to be authorized for access to Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) confidential business information (CBI). The Contractor and all of its employees handling CBI while working under the contract will be required to follow the procedures contained in the security manual entitled "FIFRA Information Security Manual." These procedures include applying for FIFRA CBI access authorization for each individual working under the contract who will have access to FIFRA CBI, execution of confidentiality agreements, and designation by the Contractor of an individual to serve as a Document Control Officer. The Contractor will be required to abide by those clauses contained in EPAAR 1552.235-70, 1552.235-71, and 1552.235-77 that are appropriate to the activities set forth in the contract.

Until EPA has approved the Contractor's security plan, the Contractor may not be authorized for FIFRA CBI access away from EPA facilities.

## L.22 ACCESS TO TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION (EPAAR 1552.235-75) (APR 1996)

In order to perform duties under the contract, the Contractor will need to be authorized for access to Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) confidential business information (CBI). The Contractor and all of its employees handling

CBI while working under the contract will be required to follow the procedures contained in the security manual entitled "TSCA Confidential Business Information Security Manual." These procedures include applying for TSCA CBI access authorization for each individual working under the contract who will have access to TSCA CBI, execution of confidentiality agreements, and designation by the Contractor of an individual to serve as a Document Control Officer. The Contractor will be required to abide by those clauses contained in EPAAR 1552.235-70, 1552.235-71, and 1552.235-78 that are appropriate to the activities set forth in the contract.

Until EPA has inspected and approved the Contractor's facilities, the Contractor may not be authorized for TSCA CBI access away from EPA facilities.

## L.23 EPA'S GOALS FOR SUBCONTRACTING WITH SMALL BUSINESSES (LOCAL LC-19-06) (DEC 2001)

In accordance with FAR 52.219-9, Alternate II, the Contracting Officer is requesting all Large Businesses which submit an offer under a negotiated Request for Proposal (RFP) that is expected to result in a contract which will exceed \$500,000 (\$1,000,000 for construction) and have subcontracting possibilities provide a subcontracting plan with their initial proposal. In accordance with FAR 52.219-9, Alternate Madia, when Bids are solicited under a Sealed Bid procedure, the Contracting Officer will only request a subcontracting plan from a Large Business when they are the apparent low bidder after bids have been opened and evaluated. However, in order to expedite the award process, all Large Business bidders submitting a bid under a Seal Bid are encouraged to submit their subcontracting plan with their initial bid.

In reviewing offerors' (or apparent low bidder's) subcontracting plans submitted in accordance with the provision entitled, "Utilization of Small Business Concerns," (FAR 52.219-8) and "Small Business Subcontracting Plan," (FAR 52.219-9) EPA will use its own goals as negotiated with SBA as an Agency guideline. EPA's Socio-Economic subcontracting goal currently totals 50.0% of available subcontract dollars. These goals currently breakout as follows:

	Percent of Subcontract
	Dollars Awarded
Awards to Small Businesses	50.0%
Awards to Small Disadvantaged Businesses	20.0%
Awards to Women-Owned Businesses	6.0%
Awards to HUB Zone Businesses	2.0%
Awards to Service Disabled Veteran	1.0%

These goals are not intended to be mandatory; however, offerors (or apparent low bidder) are encouraged to keep these goals in mind when developing their subcontracting plan. Please note that goals must be proposed

as a percentage of total dollars being subcontracted.

A sample subcontracting plan format can be found on the Internet at http://www.epa.gov/oam/cinn\_cmd/ under the heading "Standard Forms" and is titled "Small, Small Disadvantaged & Women-Owned Small Business Model Subcontracting Plan Outline." This sample is available as a guide to assist offerors in preparation of subcontracting plans and is not designated as mandatory.

#### L.24 GENERAL SECURITY PLAN FOR CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION (CBI)

As a part of the initial offer, offerors shall submit a General Security Plan for CBI which outlines the procedures for securing and handling CBI which may be received in the course of performing the Statement of Work Requirements.

The General Security Plan for CBI shall be evaluated in accordance with Section M.6 provision entitled, "Evaluation of General Security Plan for Confidential Business Information."

#### SECTION M - EVALUATION FACTORS FOR AWARD

# M.1 EPA SOURCE EVALUATION AND SELECTION PROCEDURES--NEGOTIATED PROCUREMENTS (EPAAR 1552.215-70) (AUG 1999)

- (a) The Government will perform source selection in accordance with FAR Part 15 and the EPA Source Evaluation and Selection Procedures in EPAAR Part 1515 (48 CFR Part 1515). The significant features of this procedure are:
  - (1) The Government will perform either cost analysis or price analysis of the offeror's cost/business proposal in accordance with FAR Parts 15 and 31, as appropriate. In addition, the Government will also evaluate proposals to determine contract cost or price realism. Cost or price realism relates to an offeror's demonstrating that the proposed cost or price provides an adequate reflection of the offeror's understanding of the requirements of this solicitation, i.e., that the cost or price is not unrealistically low or unreasonably high.
  - (2) The Government will evaluate technical proposals as specified in 1552.215-71, Evaluation Factors for Award.
- (b) In addition to evaluation of the previously discussed elements, the Government will consider in any award decision the responsibility factors set forth in FAR Part 9.

### M.2 EVALUATION FACTORS FOR AWARD (EPAAR 1552.215-71) (AUG 1999)

- (a) The Government will make award to the responsible offeror(s) whose offer conforms to the solicitation and is most advantageous to the Government cost or other factors considered. For this solicitation, all evaluation factors other than cost or price when combined are significantly more important than cost or price.
- (b) Evaluation factors and significant subfactors to determine quality of product or service: See Attachment 4, Technical Evaluation Criteria

#### M.3 EVALUATION OF CONTRACT OPTIONS (EPAAR 1552.217-70) (APR 1984)

For award purposes, in addition to an offeror's response to the basic requirement, the Government will evaluate its response to all options, both technical and cost. Evaluation of options will not obligate the Government to exercise the options. For this solicitation the options are as specified in Section H.

### M.4 SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS PARTICIPATION EVALUATION FACTOR (EPAAR 1552.219-74) (OCT 2000)

Under this factor [or subfactor, if appropriate], offerors will be evaluated based on the demonstrated extent of participation of small disadvantaged business (SDB) concerns in the performance of the contract in each of the authorized and applicable North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Industry Subsectors as determined by the Department of Commerce. As part of this evaluation, offerors will be evaluated based on:

- (1) The extent to which SDB concerns are specifically identified to participate in the performance of the contract;
- (2) The extent of the commitment to use SDB concerns in the performance of the contract (enforceable commitments will be weighed more heavily than nonenforceable commitments);
- (3) The complexity and variety of the work the SDB concerns are to perform under the contract;
- (4) The realism of the proposal to use SDB concerns in the performance of the contract; and
- (5) The extent of participation of SDB concerns, at the prime contractor and subcontractor level, in the performance of the contract (in the authorized and applicable NAICS Industry Subsectors in terms of dollars and percentages of the total contract value.

#### M.5 PRICE EVALUATION ADJUSTMENT FOR SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS CONCERNS

A small disadvantaged business proposing as a prime contractor may be eligible for a price evaluation adjustment. Offerors are instructed to refer to the Section I clause entitled, Notice of Price Evaluation Adjustment for small Disadvantaged Business Concerns" for a description.

## M.6 EVALUATION OF GENERAL SECURITY PLAN FOR CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION

The plan described in Section L, entitled General Security Plan for confidential Business Information (CBI)," will be evaluated as acceptable or

not acceptable. Notwithstanding the evaluation of an offeror with respect to the technical evaluation criteria and the evaluation of an offeror's cost, an offeror that submits a plan that ultimately is unacceptable at the time of award will not be eligible for a contract award.

ATTACHMENT 1

STATEMENT OF WORK

### STATEMENT OF WORK

Air Pollution Prevention and Control Research:

Effluent/Emissions Evaluations,

Control Technology Studies, Source Characterizations,

Emissions Inventory Modeling,

and Homeland Security Research

#### **BACKGROUND:**

The work to be performed under this contract involves support of the technical functions carried out by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), National Risk Management Research Laboratory's (NRMRL), Air Pollution Prevention and Control Division in Research Triangle Park, N.C. Work performed under this contract will be specified in work assignments issued by the Contracting Officer.

Information derived from the work assignments (WA) will be used by EPA to assess control technologies and associated strategies for cost-effective development and/or use, or to conduct emissions inventory modeling and strategy development. Control technology and associated strategies are defined to include end-of-pipe and prevention techniques for the control of any substance, practice, process or activity (or any combination thereof) which may reasonably be anticipated to affect the environment. Support for Homeland Security research on chemical and biological contaminants will include: evaluation of materials decontamination approaches; characterization of air cleaning systems to contain contaminants; measurement capabilities; experimental building structures; evacuation or disposal techniques for residues and materials; and HVAC design and control systems. assignments will provide detailed instructions as to the nature of the problem, available EPA information, sources to be investigated, the manner of evaluation and assessment, and the output expected from the work assignment.

Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) requirements will be specified in each work assignment. The contractor shall comply with all QA/QC requirements as delineated in Attachment No.10.

### STATEMENT OF WORK:

The contractor shall supply the necessary labor, materials, and facilities for the performance of effort in the following areas:

- A. Effluent/Emissions Evaluations, Control Technology Studies, and Source Characterizations
- The contractor shall conduct engineering and assessment studies of designated residential, commercial, industrial, municipal, and energy sources, as well as indoor air related sources. These studies are to define the control/prevention technology research and development requirements, which will lead to the achievement of effective control/prevention technology and emissions estimation methodologies for toxic, hazardous, and other pollutants, including the radioactive decay products from naturally occurring radiation sources. The contractor shall, using all available sources of data and process information, document the quantities and characteristics of multimedia toxic, hazardous, and other pollutants from various sources. contractor shall identify existing control/prevention capabilities, and limitations. In the event adequate emissions/effluents data are not available for control/prevention technology evaluations, emission factor development, or other purposes, the contractor shall recommend the most appropriate sampling and testing procedures to acquire the necessary information.
- 2. The contractor shall travel to pollution source sites and conduct necessary preliminary studies and make arrangements for conducting specified measurements. The contractor shall provide necessary sampling and analytical support for each source assessment. All necessary measurements (temperature, flow, velocity, moisture content, solids content, pertinent process equipment operating parameters, radon and radon daughters, etc.), emission/discharge calculations, laboratory analyses, log sheets, process data information and descriptions, test methods, and procedures shall be reported in a format specified in the WA. Generally, three independent measurements at each sampling location will be required. The following are examples of the testing support required of the contractor:

- a. Particulate mass concentration and size measurements and collection of particulate samples for chemical and metal analysis shall be obtained using sampling trains designated in the WA. Whenever particulate control equipment is present, measurements shall be taken simultaneously upstream and downstream of the control device, if required by the work assignment. In all cases, sampling shall be performed within specified limits of isokinetic conditions and while the plant's operations are at the desired conditions. Collected samples shall be analyzed.
- b. Carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides, sulfur oxides, hydrocarbons, and other pertinent gaseous pollutants and/or process-related gases shall be measured. Sampling shall be conducted in feed, process, and control device streams, for area sources, and for non-plant point sources. Collected samples shall be analyzed.
- c. Liquids shall be sampled and subjected to physical, chemical, and biological analysis. Bioassays shall also be conducted. Liquids to be sampled may be contained in pipes, culverts, tanks, and open ponds, and may involve feed, process, control device, and effluent samples, often containing suspended solids. Collected samples shall be analyzed.
- d. Solid wastes, sludges, slurries, leachates, etc., shall also be measured and collected for subsequent chemical and biological analysis when specified. Typical sampling sites include storage facilities, feed stocks, in-process streams, process residues, and products. Collected samples shall be analyzed.
- e. Samples of fugitive emissions and uncontained gases, particles, and liquids shall be collected using procedures specified in the WA. Sources include building materials, the decay of naturally occurring and radioactive materials, process leaks, and run-off. Collected samples shall be analyzed as specified in the WA.

### B. Support for Emissions Inventory Modeling

- 1. Identify and characterize sources of emissions from new or existing point, area, and mobile sources needed to account for previously missing sources of emissions and to improve the current state-of-knowledge of existing sources of emissions.
- 2. Collect and characterize emissions test, and control, data needed to develop emission factors.
- 3. Collect and characterize actual emissions, econometric, energy consumption and other statistical data for specific categories of sources needed to develop emission estimating models for these sources.
- 4. Collect and characterize transportation-related data on both on-road and off-road motor vehicles, including highway traffic demand models and forecasts, vehicle-miles-traveled data, vehicle registrations, vehicle use patterns and other data on highway motor vehicles needed to improve emission estimating models for highway vehicles.
- 5. Collect and characterize energy/economic forecast data, estimated air and multi-media pollution control performance and future costs, proposed regulatory approaches, and other data needed to develop improved mathematical models for projecting air and multi-media pollutant emissions.
- 6. Develop, and update data needed to implement new or improved models for estimating current emissions and projecting future emissions.
- 7. Conduct statistical evaluations, collect independent measures of emissions, and analyze emissions inventory data to assess the uncertainties inherent within this data and to estimate ranges of accuracy for estimated/forecasted emissions data produced by the emissions models.
- 8. Periodically update data as new information becomes available.
- C. Support for Homeland Security Research

- 1. Verify existing and innovative techniques to detect and characterize biological and chemical agents that would allow for instant response to an act of terrorism.
- 2. Conduct studies to determine how available detection systems (e.g. those used by DoD to detect chemical and biological weapons in the field) could be applied to buildings.
- 3. Test, demonstrate and verify various antimicrobial and air cleaning techniques to decontaminate buildings impacted by biological and chemical agents. Research would include testing the efficacy of antimicrobial products on porous and non-porous building materials and evaluating proposed protocols and methods for antimicrobial application and decontamination. The use of ultraviolet irradiation to decontaminate HVAC system air and various surfaces shall also be investigated.
- 4. Determine the extent to which the building itself can protect occupants from agents of concern and assess the impacts of HVAC Design and Operation on reducing occupant exposure.
- 5. Conduct lab and field tests to evaluate whether air cleaners can be effectively used to remove agents from a contaminated building. The form of the agent (liquid aerosol, gas) will have a significant impact on filter effectiveness. Research shall investigate the single pass efficiency of air cleaners challenged with likely biological agents and impact of extended operation on filter performance. In-room air cleaners shall also be investigated to determine whether they could be used effectively to provide a "safe haven" for building occupants during and shortly after a terrorist attack.
- 6. Conduct lab studies to determine how to deactivate biological agents collected on filters either during routine use or in spaces with known contamination. Efforts will also be needed to determine how best to ultimately dispose of filters or other building materials contaminated by biological or chemical agents. If any contaminated materials had to be

removed and disposed of, it is likely they would have to be incinerated. While existing incinerators could be used, research is needed to determine how best to handle and prepare materials before they are sent to the incinerator.

- D. Documentation and Technology Transfer Related to Air Pollution Prevention and Control Research
- 1. The contractor shall prepare special engineering reports such as computation of discharges by process and source, or carry out special problem-definition studies. The problem-definition assignments may require the interpretation and correlation of physical, chemical, radiological, and biological data as they relate to the need for development of emission control and/or prevention technologies, or to the development of methods for the modeling of emissions/effluents patterns.
- 2. The contractor shall prepare experimental designs for a variety of emission and energy technologies, including but not limited to site planning, configuration of power plants, renewable energy systems, processes using CFCs/HCFCs, and industrial and municipal process layouts incorporating space limitation and process equipment design based upon specifications and data supplied by EPA in work assignments.
- 3. The contractor shall prepare special reports that evaluate the market potential of products and by-products, as well as energy efficiency, cost effectiveness, and reliability of performance of various emerging, innovative and advanced processes and control systems.
- 4. The contractor shall prepare draft material as input to technical manuals and similar documentation needed to convey information on effluent/emissions evaluation, control technology surveys, and source characterizations to potential users. To perform this task, the contractor shall: (a) Conduct literature searches, make telephone and personal contacts with selected technical experts to gather information; (b) describe effluent/emissions evaluations, control technology surveys, and source characterizations in the selected specific subject areas; (c) prepare appropriate charts, tables, graphs and other illustrative material to better describe the topics being discussed; (d) submit

documentation and graphics to the WAM for review and approval; (e) having incorporated WAM's comments, prepare camera-ready copy and submit to the WAM.

The contractor shall provide support for the presentation of technical conferences, workshops and meetings to convey research and development activities in the areas of effluent/emissions evaluation, control technology surveys, source characterizations, and emissions inventory modeling and strategy development. To perform this task, the contractor shall assist in the formulation and preparation of technical symposia, workshops, and meetings. This includes any or all of the following tasks: Preparing draft meeting announcements and calls for papers for the approval of the WAM; incorporating comments, preparing final meeting announcements and calls for papers, and mailing same using EPA-developed mailing lists; receiving meeting acceptances and cataloging papers and reports to be presented at the meetings; meeting agendas based on information received and securing the WAM's approval; attending meetings, taking notes on the proceedings, and securing copies of all papers presented; providing draft proceedings for the WAM's review; providing camera-ready copy of final proceedings with the WAM's comments incorporated.

### E. SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

- 1. In the course of conducting the contract, the contractor may be exposed to a wide range of outside organizations and experts. The contractor shall clearly identify itself as an EPA contractor when in attendance at EPA meetings and other specialized functions by wearing visible badges identifying its affiliation. Contractor personnel shall also identify themselves as contractor personnel when placing calls in conjunction with activities described in this SOW.
- 2. A quality assurance/project plan (QA/PP) is required for each work assignment in which data acquisition is planned. The QA/PP shall be reviewed by EPA's QA/PP office and approved by the EPA WAM and PO before data acquisition begins. Progress reports for each work assignment must describe QA/PP activities undertaken during the report period.

ATTACHMENT 2

REPORTS OF WORK

- 1.0 Monthly Progress Report (EPAAR 1552.211-72) (JUN 1996) (Deviation)
- (a) The Contractor shall furnish 3 copies of the combined monthly technical and financial progress report stating the progress made, including the percentage of the project completed, and a description of the work accomplished to support the cost. If the work is ordered using work assignments or delivery orders, include the estimated percentage of task completed during the reporting period for each work assignment or delivery order.
- (b) Specific discussions shall include difficulties encountered and remedial action taken during the reporting period, and anticipated activity with a schedule of deliverables for the subsequent reporting period.
- (c) The Contractor shall provide a list of outstanding actions awaiting Contracting Officer authorization, noted with the corresponding work assignment, such as subcontractor, overtime approvals, and work plan approvals.
- (d) The report shall specify financial status at the contract level as follows:
  - (1) For the current reporting period, display the amount claimed.
- (2) For the cumulative period and the cumulative contract life display: the amount obligated, amount originally invoiced, amount paid, amount suspended, amount disallowed, and remaining approved amount. The remaining approved amount is defined as the total obligated amount, less the total amount originally invoiced, plus total amount disallowed.
  - (3) Labor hours.
- (i) A list of employees, their labor categories, and the numbers of hours worked for the reporting period.
- (ii) For the current reporting period, display the expended direct labor hours(by EPA contract labor category), and the total loaded direct labor costs.
- (iii) For the cumulative contract period display: the negotiated and expended direct labor hours(by EPA labor category) and the total loaded direct labor costs.
- (iv) Display the estimated direct labor hours and costs to be expended during the next reporting period.
- (4) Display the current dollar ceilings in the contract, net amount invoiced, and remaining amounts for the following categories: Direct labor hours, total estimated cost, award fee pool (if applicable), subcontracts by

individual subcontractor, travel, program management, and Other Direct Costs (ODCs).

- (5) Unbilled allowable costs. Display the total costs incurred but unbilled for the current reporting period and cumulative for the contract.
- (6) Average total cost per labor hour. For the current contract period, compare the actual total cost per hour to date with the average total cost per hour of the approved workplans.
- (e) The report shall specify financial status at the work assignment or delivery order level as follows:
  - (1) For the current period, display the amount claimed.
- (2) For the cumulative period display: amount shown on workplan, or latest work assignment/delivery order amendment amount (whichever is later); amount currently claimed; amount paid; amount suspended; amount disallowed; and remaining approved amount. The remaining approved amount is defined as: the workplan amount or latest work assignment or delivery order amount (whichever is later), less total amounts originally invoiced, plus total amount disallowed.
  - (3) Labor hours.
- (I) A list of employees, their labor categories, and the number of hours worked for the reporting period.
- (ii) For the current reporting period, display the expended direct labor hours (by EPA contract labor hour category) and the total loaded direct labor hours.
- (iii) For the cumulative reporting period and cumulative contract period display: the negotiated and expended direct labor hours (by EPA contract labor hour category) and the total loaded direct labor costs.
- (iv) Display the estimated direct labor hours and costs to be expended during the next reporting period.
- (v) Display the estimates of remaining direct labor hours and costs required to complete the work assignment or delivery order.
- (4) Unbilled allowable costs. Display the total costs incurred but unbilled for the current reporting period and cumulative for the work assignment.
- (5) Average cost per labor hour. For the current period, compare the actual total cost per hour of the approved workplans.

- (6) A list of deliverables for each work assignment or delivery order during the reporting period.
- (f) This submission does not change the notification requirements of the "Limitation of Cost" or "Limitation of Funds" clauses requiring separate written notice to the Contracting Officer.
- (g) The reports shall be submitted to the following addresses on or before the 15 of each month following the first complete reporting period of the contract. See EPAAR 1552.232-70, Submission of Invoices, paragraph (e), for details on the timing of submittals. Distribute reports as follows:

No. of	
Copies	Addressee
1	Administrative Contracting Officer
2	Project Officer

# 2.0 Technical Reports

# 2.1 Project Reports and Project Summaries

The contractor shall prepare Project Reports in accordance with EPA-600/9-83-006, "Handbook for Preparing Office of Research and Development Reports," revised October 1989. These reports shall include a separate section or an appendix that documents the quality assurance and quality control aspects of work described. A separate Project Summary shall be submitted for each Project Report, except for those designated to be unpublished reports. The Project Summary is similar in style to a journal article and shall contain sufficient information about the work to enable readers to determine if they want to acquire the completed Project Report . Guidelines for writing a Project Summary will be provided upon request.

2.2 The contractor may be asked to write manuscripts, whether or not co-authored by the WAM, suitable for publication in peer-reviewed journals as a part of the documentation of the contractor's technical performance for a WA or a group of WAs. The journal article, if published by a peer-reviewed journal, if containing all necessary data, and if authorized by the WAM, may serve as the project report for the work authorized in the WA. Such articles must go through EPA's administrative review process before they can be submitted to peer reviewed journals, and through

EPA's peer review process if serving as a final report. If a journal article is to substitute for a final report, the contractor may also be required to provide a brief Project Summary.

The contractor shall send a copy of the draft manuscript to the WAM at least 30 days prior to submission to a journal. The contractor shall furnish the WAM a copy of the final manuscript submitted to the journal, a copy of the transmittal letter, and a reprint of the published article.

2.3 The contractor shall provide other types of information, such as users' guides/manuals, conference proceedings, workshop reports, technical papers for presentations, and book articles, as required by the WAM. The need for processing this type of information through the peer review system will depend on the type of information. In general, these reports shall be handled according to the procedures described in EPA Order 2200.4.A.

The contractor shall prepare operating procedures (recommended or miscellaneous) for technical activities, as required by the WAM. Development of these procedures shall be coordinated with the WAM and the APPCD Quality Assurance Officer.

2.4 At the request of the Project Officer, or the WAM, the contractor shall prepare oral and written presentations on the results and interpretation of Work Assignments and/or of analyzed samples of or any other work performed under the contract. Preparation of material shall follow the general guidelines established by the Division.

# 3.0 Quality Assurance Reports

At the discretion of the EPA Project Officer and/or the Work Assignment Manager (the technical monitor), the contractor may be required to develop a Quality Assurance Project Plan for a specific project. Any QA Project Plan required shall be prepared in accordance with the EPA requirements specified in EPA Order 5360 A1 (May 2000). EPA requires that all recipients of funds for work involving environmentally-related measurements comply with *American National Standard ANSI/ASQC E4-1994*, *Specifications and Guidelines for Quality Systems for Environmental Data Collection and Environmental Technology Programs*, using the clause contained in Section E, FAR 52.246.11.

# 4.0 Other Reporting Requirements

#### A. Contractor Recommendations

Any contractor-prepared reports that include recommendations to EPA shall (1) explain and rank the policy or action alternatives; (2) describe the procedures used to arrive at the recommendations; (3) summarize the substance of deliberations; (4) summarize any dissenting views; (5) list the sources relied upon; and (6) provide any other information necessary to make clear the methods and considerations upon which the recommendations are based.

# B. IT Reporting Requirements

Any computer program or code delivered under this contract shall include as a minimum the following: (1) a narrative description of each module describing inputs, outputs, file requirements, common variables, author, date of development, machine dependencies, other routines required, entry points, calling sequence, error conditions and returns, and the algorithm or method; (3) a system level flowchart showing the relationship between modules and files; (4) ANSI standard programming languages shall be used, except for data base management applications (FOCUS or other EPA standard data base management system shall be used for data base management applications); (5) structure and record layouts for data bases, including storage requirements, and (6) files shall be delivered in ASCII or EBCDIC codes. Files created by FORTRAN unformatted write statements and the like are not acceptable.

ATTACHMENT 3

INVOICE PREPARATION INSTRUCTIONS

#### Attachment 3

# INVOICE PREPARATION INSTRUCTIONS SF 1035

The information which a contractor is required to submit in its Standard Form 1035 is set forth as follows:

- (1) U.S. Department, Bureau, or Establishment insert the name and address of the servicing finance office.
- (2) **Voucher Number** insert the voucher number as shown on the Standard Form 1034.
- (3) Schedule Number leave blank.
- (4) **Sheet Number** insert the sheet number if more than one sheet is used in numerical sequence. Use as many sheets as necessary to show the information required.
- (5) Number and Date of Order insert payee's name and address as in the Standard Form 1034.
- (6) Articles or Services insert the contract number as in the Standard Form 1034.
- (7) Amount insert the latest estimated cost, fee (fixed, base, or award, as applicable), total contract value, and amount and type of fee payable (as applicable).
- (8) A summary of claimed current and cumulative costs and fee by major cost element. Include the rate(s) at which indirect costs are claimed and indicate the base of each by identifying the line of costs to which each is applied. The rates invoiced should be as specified in the contract or by a rate agreement negotiated by EPA's Cost Policy and Rate Negotiation Branch.
- (9) The **fee** shall be determined in accordance with instructions appearing in the contract.
- NOTE: Amounts claimed on vouchers must be based on records maintained by the contractor to show by major cost element the amounts claimed for reimbursement for each applicable contract. The records must be maintained based on the contractor's fiscal year and should include reconciliations of any differences between the costs incurred per books

and amounts claimed for reimbursement. A memorandum record reconciling the total indirect cost(s) claimed should also be maintained.

#### SUPPORTING SCHEDULES FOR COST REIMBURSEMENT CONTRACTS

The following backup information is required as an attachment to the invoice as shown by category of cost:

**Direct Labor** - identify by contractor labor category the number of hours, hourly rate and total dollars billed for the period in the invoice.

Indirect Cost Rates - identify by cost center, the indirect cost rate, the period, and the cost base to which it is applied.

**Subcontracts** - by subcontractor, provide detailed supporting schedules of each element of cost as provided herein for prime contract costs.

Other Direct Costs - identify by item the quantities, unit prices, and total dollars billed.

**Consultants** - by consultant, detailed supporting schedules of each element of cost.

Contractor Acquired Equipment (if authorized by the contract) - identify by item the quantities, unit prices, and total dollars billed.

Contractor Acquired Software (if authorized by the contract) - identify by item the quantities, unit prices, and total dollars billed.

**Travel** - identify by trip, the number of travelers, the duration of travel, the point of origin, destination, purpose of trip, transportation by unit price, per diem rates on daily basis and total dollars billed.

The manner of breakdown, e.g., work assignment/delivery order basis with/without separate program management, contract period will be specified in the contract instructions.

NOTE: For other than small business concerns, amounts claimed for purchased material and subcontracted items should be based on the cash disbursed by the contractor. These costs cannot be billed to the Government until paid for by the contractor. Any of these costs billed to the Government prior to being paid in cash, in addition to their associated indirect costs, will be considered improper charges and will be suspended until evidence of cash payment is provided. Similarly, any costs requiring

advance consent by the Contracting Officer will be considered improper and will be suspended, if claimed prior to receipt of Contracting Officer consent. Include the total cost claimed for the current and cumulative-to-date periods. After the total amount claimed, provide summary dollar amounts of cumulative costs: (1) suspended as of the date of the invoice; and (2) disallowed on the contract as of the date of the invoice. The amount under (2) shall include costs originally suspended and later disallowed. Also include an explanation of the changes in cumulative costs suspended or disallowed by addressing each adjustment in terms of: voucher number, date, dollar amount, source, and reason for the adjustment. Disallowed costs should be identified in unallowable accounts in the contractor's accounting system.

#### SUPPORTING SCHEDULES FOR FIXED-RATE CONTRACTS

The following backup information is required as an attachment to the invoice as shown by category of cost:

**Direct Labor** - identify by labor category the number of hours, fixed hourly rate, and total dollars billed for the period in the invoice.

**Subcontracts** - by subcontractor, provide detailed supporting schedules of each element of cost as provided herein for prime contract costs.

Other Direct Costs - identify by item the quantities, unit prices, and total dollars billed.

Indirect Cost Rates - identify by cost center, the indirect cost rate, the
period, and the cost base to which it is applied.

**Consultants** - by consultant, detailed supporting schedules of each element of cost.

Contractor Acquired Equipment - identify by item the quantities, unit prices, and total dollars billed.

Contractor Acquired Software - identify by item the quantities, unit prices, and total dollars billed.

**Travel** - identify by trip, the number of travelers, the duration of travel, the point of origin, destination, purpose of trip, transportation by unit price, per diem rates on daily basis and total dollars billed.

The manner of breakdown, e.g., work assignment/delivery order basis with/without separate program management, contract period will be specified in the contract instructions.

NOTE: For other than small business concerns, amounts claimed for purchased material and subcontracted items should be based on the cash disbursed by the contractor. These costs cannot be billed to the Government until paid for by the contractor. Any of these costs billed to the Government prior to being paid in cash, in addition to their associated indirect costs, will be considered improper charges and will be suspended until evidence of cash payment is provided. Similarly, any costs requiring advance consent by the Contracting Officer will be considered improper and will be suspended, if claimed prior to receipt of Contracting Officer consent. Include the total cost claimed for the current and cumulative-to-date periods. After the total amount claimed, provide summary dollar amounts of cumulative costs: (1) suspended as of the date of the invoice; and (2) disallowed on the contract as of the date of the invoice. The amount under (2) shall include costs originally suspended and later disallowed. Also include an explanation of the changes in cumulative costs suspended or disallowed by addressing each adjustment in terms of: voucher number, date, dollar amount, source, and reason for the adjustment. Disallowed costs should be identified in unallowable accounts in the contractor's accounting system.

#### RESUBMISSIONS

When an original voucher was submitted, but not paid in full because of suspended costs and after receipt of a letter of removal of suspension, resubmissions of any previously claimed amounts which were suspended should be submitted in a separate invoice showing the original voucher number and designated with the letter "R" with the copy of the removal of suspension notice. The amounts should be shown under the appropriate cost category and include all appropriate supplemental schedules.

NOTE: All disallowances must be identified as such in the accounting system through journal entries.

Voucher resubmittals may also occur as a result of: (1) a new indirect cost rate agreement; or (2) adjustments to previously billed direct cost rates due to audit resolution. Such claims should be submitted in a separate invoice or request for contractor financing payment number. They should include supplemental schedules showing the previously adjusted amounts by contract period. If the resubmission is based on a new rate agreement, a copy of the agreement should be attached. Costs must be identified by delivery order or work assignment where appropriate. If the contract is Superfund-related, voucher resubmittals shall also identify the amount claimed against each Superfund site and non-site-specific activity.

#### COMPLETION VOUCHERS

Submit a completion voucher when all performance provisions of the contract are physically complete, when the final report (if required) is accepted, and when all direct costs have been incurred and booked. Indirect costs may be claimed at the provisional rates, if final rates are not yet available. Contractors must identify these vouchers by typing "Completion Voucher" next to the voucher number. For contracts separately invoiced by delivery order, provide a schedule showing total costs claimed by delivery order and in total for the contract.

In addition to the completion voucher, the contractor must submit an original and two copies of EPA Form 1900-10, Contractor's Cumulative Claim and Reconciliation showing the total cumulative costs claimed under the contract.

The information which a contractor is required to submit in its EPA Form 1900-10 is set forth as follows:

- (1) Contractor's Name and Address show the name of the contractor exactly as it appears in the contract and its correct address, except when an assignment has been made by the contractor, or the right to receive payment has been restricted, as in the case of an advance account. When the right to receive payment is restricted, the type of information to be shown in this space shall be furnished by the Contracting Officer.
- (2) **Contract Number** insert the number of the contract under which reimbursement is claimed.
- (3) First voucher number and completion voucher number.
- (4) Total amount of cost claimed for each cost element category through the completion voucher.
- (5) Total Fee awarded.
- (6) Amount of indirect costs calculated using negotiated final indirect cost rate(s) and/or provisional rate(s) as specified in the contract, if final rate(s) are not yet negotiated for any fiscal period.
- (7) Fiscal year.
- (8) Indirect cost center.
- (9) Appropriate basis for allocation.
- (10) Negotiated final indirect cost rate(s) or provisional indirect cost rate(s).

- (11) Signature.
- (12) Official title.
- (13) Date.

#### FINAL VOUCHER AND CLOSING DOCUMENTS

After completion of the final audit and all suspensions and/or audit exceptions have been resolved as to the final allowable costs and fee, including establishment of final indirect cost rate(s) for all periods the contractor shall prepare a final voucher including any adjustments to vouchered costs necessitated by the final settlement of the contract price. Contractors must identify these vouchers by typing "Final Voucher" next to the voucher number. For contracts separately invoiced by delivery order, provide a schedule showing final total costs claimed by delivery order and in total for the contract. The contractor shall also provide an original and two copies of an updated EPA Form 1900-10, Contractors Cumulative Claim and Reconciliation, showing the total negotiated, cumulative costs for the contract. Indirect costs shall be included at the final negotiated rates.

In addition to the final voucher, the contractor must submit an original and two copies of the Contractor's Release; Assignee's Release, if applicable; the Contractor's Assignment of Refunds, Rebates, Credits and other Amounts; the Assignee's Assignment of Refunds, Rebates, Credits and other Amounts, if applicable; and the Contractor's Affidavit of Waiver of Lien, when required by the contract.

ATTACHMENT 4

TECHNICAL EVALUATION CRITERIA

50

#### TECHNICAL EVALUATION CRITERIA

Maximum Points DEMONSTRATED CORPORATE EXPERIENCE 50 Demonstrated corporate experience in fulfilling the technical requirements of contracts of similar scope, size and type to that specified in the solicitation. B. DEMONSTRATED QUALIFICATIONS OF ASSIGNED PERSONNEL 200 Total Demonstrated qualifications (experience, expertise, availability and educational background) of key and P-4 personnel. 1. Key Personnel - Project Manager (PL-4) a. Demonstrated qualifications (including availability) managing diverse research teams. 50 b. Demonstrated research qualifications and understanding of effluent/emissions evaluations, control technology studies, source characterizations, inventory modeling, and safe building research. 50 2. PL-4 demonstrated qualifications in SOW task areas A, B, C, and D 100 c. QUALITY OF PROPOSED PROGRAM MANAGEMENT PLAN 250 Total Appropriateness of the overall organizational structure which clearly delineates the responsibilities, lines of authority, and 50 proposed staff levels. 2. Adequacy of the communication mechanisms proposed to ensure effective coordination and timely management of activities. 50 3. Adequacy of the system proposed to track and monitor costs and performance so as to ensure performance within the established budgetary constraints and scheduled deadlines. 50 Adequacy of plan for recruiting, training and retaining qualified personnel for all positions throughout the performance of the contract.

Adequacy of plan to manage research activities utilizing staff

5.

and subcontractors and to provide reports of data and data quality on schedule (quick response).

50

#### D. ADEQUACY OF QUALITY MANAGEMENT PLAN

100

Demonstrated ability of the offeror to meet the QA requirements of the Statement of Work, including demonstrated experience in establishing and implementing a QA program. Programs shall be evaluated as to how well they address the U. S. EPA QA requirements.

E. PAST PERFORMANCE 250

Demonstrated performance on research support contracts for services similar to this statement of work and/or subcontracts, performed during the past three (3) years, including active contracts and subcontracts, in the areas of quality of product or service, timeliness of performance, cost controls, and customer satisfaction.

#### F. ADEQUACY AND AVAILABILITY OF FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT

100

Demonstrated adequacy and availability of the proposed facilities and equipment to enable accomplishment of the tasks outlined in the SOW.

#### G. SMALL AND DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS UTILIZATION

50

Demonstrated commitment to the use of Small Disadvantaged Business (SDB) concerns as evidenced by the specificity with which offerors identify SDB concerns to be used in the performance of work under the contract, as well as the complexity and variety of the work the SDB concerns are to perform. Offerors shall provide:

- Proposed targets expressed <u>only as percentages</u> of the total proposed contract amount in each of the applicable North American Industry Classification System(NAICS)Industry Subsectors, as determined by the Department of Commerce, and to the extent authorized by law.
- 2. A total target expressed <u>only as percentages</u> for SDB participation by the prime contractor, including joint venture partners and team members.
- 3. A total target expressed <u>only as percentages</u> for SDB participation by subcontractor.

NOTE: THE OFFEROR'S RESPONSE TO THIS CRITERION MUST ALSO BE INCLUDED IN THE OFFEROR'S COST PROPOSAL. IN THE COST PROPOSAL OFFERORS SHALL PROVIDE THEIR PROPOSED TARGETS EXPRESSED AS BOTH DOLLARS AND PERCENTAGES OF THE TOTAL PROPOSED CONTRACT AMOUNT FOR G.1, G.2, and G.3 ABOVE. Guidelines and applicability of this program are outlined in Subpart 19.12 of the FAR.

TOTAL MAXIMUM POTENTIAL POINTS

1,000

ATTACHMENT 5

TECHNICAL PROPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS

# **TECHNICAL PROPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS**

So that EPA may evaluate technical proposals in accordance with the Technical Evaluation Criteria, offerors must address the following in their technical proposals. These technical proposal instructions expand the instructions set forth in the provision under Section L entitled, "Instructions for the Preparation of Technical and Cost or Pricing Proposals (EPARR 1552.215-72). Technical evaluation of proposals will be based on the Technical Evaluation Factors in Attachment 4.

- 1. Technical proposals shall be limited to a total of 150 typed pages including contents pages, supporting appendices, and résumés. Excluded from the page limitation is: (1) past performance reference information to be submitted in accordance with Provision L.13, EPAAR 1552.215-75(b), (2) title page, and (3) section tabs. Paper size shall be 8 ½ x 11. Pages shall have at least a 3/4 margin on all sides. Type shall not be smaller than 12 characters per inch. The smaller 10 characters per inch font size is acceptable for non-text items, such as tables, graphics, and exhibits. Any information contained on pages that exceed the page limit shall not be evaluated. CD Rom or other recorded formats are not acceptable.
- 2. The technical proposal must be prepared as a separate part of the total proposal package, and shall be specific and sufficiently detailed as to allow a complete evaluation of the offeror's method for satisfying the requirements set forth in the RFP. All cost or pricing details shall be omitted from the technical proposal.
- 3. The technical proposal shall comprehensively address each of the criteria described in the TECHNICAL EVALUATION CRITERIA, and shall be prepared in exactly the same order, using the same number/lettering system for all criteria and subcriteria. Include within the proposal section for an individual criterion/subcriterion all material that is to be evaluated thereunder. Only what is included under the individual criterion/subcriterion will be used for evaluation of that particular item. For Criterion E, offerors shall provide information in accordance with solicitation provision L.9, Past Performance Information (EPAAR 1552.215-75).
- 4. The term "offeror" as used in the TECHNICAL PROPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS and the TECHNICAL EVALUATION CRITERIA shall mean the prime contractor and any proposed subcontractors or consultants.
- 5. The following instructions apply to the TECHNICAL EVALUATION CRITERIA set forth

#### in Attachment 4:

<u>Criterion A</u> is established to evaluate the offeror's corporate experience in fulfilling the technical requirements identified in the Statement of Work. The offeror shall use the format of Table 1.0 below to demonstrate such experience. In areas where expertise and capabilities cannot be demonstrated by the offeror, the offeror should provide names and availability of subcontractors and consultants that the offeror intends to use to satisfy the requirements. Report only those projects completed within the past five years.

#### Table 1.0

Corporate experience in fulfilling the technical requirements of contracts of similar scope, size and type to that specified in the solicitation

f experience is that of other than the offeror, provide name of subcontractor or consultant. check one) Subcontractor: Consultant: lame:		
Contract, grant, or other vehicle descriptive title (if other, specify), identifying number, and total funding.		
Client (include contact name and phone number)		
Date research initiated and date completed (must be within the past 5 years)		
Description of research accomplishments (not to exceed 100 words)		

<u>Criterion B</u> This factor is established to evaluate the qualifications of Key and P-4 personnel that will perform this requirement.

Subcriterion B.1 is established to evaluate the qualifications of the proposed Project Manager, who must be in the employ of the prime offeror, not a subcontractor, or consultant. The format of tables 2.0, and 3.0 below shall be used to present specific examples of past or current projects relating to the area covered by each subcriterion. Each project example should clearly state the role of the project manager, along with the nature, size and sponsor of the project.

#### Table 2.0

Project manager (PL4) experience that demonstrates ability to manage diverse research teams.

Project manager anticipated availability for this contract	_%
Project manager educational background:	

Type of research team managed (not to exceed 25 words)	Employer	Duties (not to exceed 100 words)	Sponsor name, organization, phone number, amount of funding	Dates - From: To:

Table 3.0

Project Manager (PL4) experience in the research areas described in the SOW

SOW Subcriterion (e.g., A.2)	Employer	Duties (not to exceed 100 words)	Sponsor name, organization, phone number, amount of funding	Dates - From: To:

Subcriterion B.2 is established to evaluate the qualifications and availability of PL-4 personnel proposed to fulfill the requirements of the Statement of Work. Refer to Attachment 6 for a description of personnel qualifications for professional personnel. In detailing past experience for proposed personnel, specific examples of past or current projects relating to each area of the Statement of Work (e.g., A.2) should be presented in in the format of Table 4.0 below. Each project example should clearly state the role of the person in the project along with the nature, size and sponsor of the project. Résumés for PL-4 Personnel shall be included as an appendix or in the main body and are subject to the page limitation cited in Item no. 1 of this attachment.

Table 4.0

PL4 experience in the areas described in the Statement of Work

Name:\_\_\_\_\_

Anticipated availability for this contract:\_\_\_\_\_%

# Educational Background:

SOW Subcriterion (e.g., A.2)	Employer	Duties (not to exceed 100 words)	Sponsor name, organization, phone number, amount of funding	Dates - From: To:

<u>Criterion C</u> is established to evaluate the adequacy of the offeror's plan to effectively manage the contract with the evaluation centered on the specific aspects covered by each of the following subcriteria:

For <u>Subcriterion C.1</u>, offerors shall describe the organizational structure, including proposed staff levels, lines of authority and responsibility diagrams. The proposal shall clearly demonstrate the advantages of the offeror's proposed organizational structure and show how the Project Manager will ensure the successful operation of the contract.

For <u>Subcriterion C.2</u>, offerors shall identify the role and responsibilities of each proposed subcontractor (if applicable) and shall demonstrate how each subcontractor will be incorporated into the project team to enhance the offeror's capabilities. Offerors shall describe how communication will be instituted and maintained to ensure coordinated performance among team members. The proposal shall also delineate how the offeror will interact with and coordinate contract activities with the EPA Project Officer and Work Assignment Managers.

For <u>Subcriterion C.3</u>, offerors shall describe the project monitoring system, including a discussion of the scheduling and cost control techniques the offeror will use for the Work Assignments issued under the contract. This discussion must include a summary of procedures for identifying, reviewing, and correcting cost and schedule variances. The offeror shall also describe how the reporting requirements will be met and monitored to ensure strict conformance with the RFP specification. Describe how information from subcontractors and remote teams will be solicited and incorporated to ensure timely, accurate reports.

For Subcriterion C.4, offerors shall describe the project plan to recruit, hire, and

retain qualified personnel to perform the requirements of this contract. This discussion must include a summary of procedures for adequate training to ensure that these personnel maintain the requisite level of technical professional skill necessary to perform contract activities.

For <u>Subcriterion C.5</u>, offerors shall describe its plan to manage research activities utilizing staff and subcontractors and to provide reports of data and data quality on schedule (quick response).

<u>Criterion D</u> is established to evaluate the adequacy of the offeror's quality assurance program plan. The offeror shall demonstrate their ability to meet the QA requirements of the Statement of Work, including demonstrating experience in establishing and implementing a QA program. Programs shall be evaluated as to how well they address U. S. EPA's QA requirements, as identified in Attachment 10.

<u>Criterion E</u> is established to evaluate past performance information which the Government will elicit from entities regarding their contractual experiences with the offeror (including subcontractors). Offerors shall list the last five (5) contracts and subcontracts completed during the last three years and all contracts and subcontracts currently in process. References contacted by the Government and used to evaluate past performance are not limited to those identified by the offeror. Offerors shall provide past performance information in the format of Table 5.0 below.

# Table 5.0 Past Performance

# Offeror past performance:

Title, and description of research project (not to exceed 100 words)	Client name, organization, phone number, identifying number, total funding	Dates - From: To:

Subcontractor/Consultant past performance: Name:

Title, and description of research project (not to exceed 100 words)	Client name, organization, phone number, identifying number, total funding	Dates - From: To:

<u>Criterion F</u> is established to evaluate the adequacy and availability of facilities and equipment proposed to fulfill the requirements of the Statement of Work. Offerors shall use the format of Table 6 below to list facilities/equipment they will use in performing the work.

Table 6.0 Facilities/equipment and availability of same for performing the tasks in the SOW

Type of equipment/facility	For use on which SOW area	Location of facility/equipment	Percent availability of facility/equipment

<u>Criterion G</u> is established to evaluate the offeror's commitment to the inclusion of small and disadvantaged businesses in the proposed work. For <u>subcriterion G</u>.1, the offeror shall propose targets, expressed only as percentages of the total proposed contract amount in each of the applicable North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Industry Subsectors, as determined by the Department of Commerce and to the extent authorized by law. The offeror shall use the format of Table 7.0 to provide the requested information.

# Table 7.0 Proposed targets for SDB utilization by NAICS subsectors

North American Industry Subsectors Classification	Percent of total proposed contract amount

For <u>subcriterion G.2</u>, the offeror shall provide a total target, expressed only as percentages, for SDB participation by the prime contractor, including joint venture partners and team members. The format of Table 8.0 shall be used to respond to this subcriterion.

Table 8.0

Total target for SDB participation by prime contractor

SDB participator	Percent participation

For <u>subcriterion G.3</u>, the offeror shall provide a total target, expressed only as percentages, for SDB participation by subcontractor(s). The format of Table 9.0 shall be used to respond to this subcriterion.

Table 9.0

Total target for SDB participation by subcontractor(s)

SDB participator	Percent participation

	·
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

NOTE: THE OFFEROR'S RESPONSE TO THIS CRITERION MUST ALSO BE INCLUDED IN THE OFFEROR'S COST PROPOSAL. IN THE COST PROPOSAL OFFERORS SHALL PROVIDE THEIR PROPOSED TARGETS EXPRESSED AS BOTH DOLLARS AND PERCENTAGES OF THE TOTAL PROPOSED CONTRACT AMOUNT FOR G.1, G.2, AND G.3 ABOVE. GUIDELINES AND APPLICABILITY OF THIS PROGRAM ARE OUTLINED IN SUBPART 19.12 OF THE FAR.

# ATTACHMENT 6

<u>DEFINITION OF LABOR CLASSIFICATIONS</u>

#### **DEFINITION OF LABOR CATEGORIES** RFP PR-CI-02-10096

The following definitions of the labor classifications are provided to aid in the preparation of the technical and cost portions of your proposal.

#### **Professional** 1.

(a) Level 4 -- Plans, conducts, and supervises projects of major significance, necessitating advanced knowledge and the ability to originate and apply new and unique methods and procedures. Supplies technical advice and counsel to other professionals. Generally operates with wide latitude for unreviewed action.

**Typical Title:** Project Manager, Chief Engineer, Chemist, or Scientist

Normal Qualifications: Ph.D. Degree or equivalent Experience: 10 years or more

(b) Level 3 -- Under general supervision of project leader, plans, conducts, and supervises assignments normally involving smaller or less important projects. Estimates and schedules work to meet completion dates. Directs assistance, reviews progress, and evaluates results, makes changes in methods, design, or equipment where necessary. Operates with some latitude for unreviewed action or decision.

Typical Title: Group Leader, Project Engineer, Chemist, or Scientist

Normal Qualifications: Master's Degree or equivalent

Experience: 6-12 years

(c) Level 2 -- Under supervision of a senior or project leader, carries out assignments associated with specific projects. Translates technical guidance received from supervisor into usable data applicable to the particular assignment; coordinates the activities of juniors or technicians. Work assignments are varied and require some originality and ingenuity.

Typical Title: **Engineer, Chemist, Scientist, Analyst** 

Normal Qualifications: B.S. Degree or equivalent

Experience: 3-8 years

(d) Level 1 -- Lowest, or entering, classification. Works under close supervision of senior project leader. Gathers and correlates basic data and performs routine analyses. Works on less complicated assignments where little evaluation is required.

Typical Title: Junior, or Associate Engineer, Chemist, or Scientist

Normal Qualifications: B.S. Degree or equivalent

Experience: 0-3 years

#### 2. Technician

(a) Level 3 -- Performs non-routine and complex assignments. Works under general supervision of an engineer, chemist, or scientist. Performs experiments or tests which may require non-standard procedures and complex instrumentation. Records, computes, and analyzes test data; prepares test reports. May supervise lower level technicians.

<u>Typical Title:</u> <u>Senior Technician</u> <u>Experience:</u> <u>6 years or more</u>

The normal qualification of a Technician Level 3 is 6 or more years of technician experience in the field of engineering, chemistry, or science. An Associate degree in engineering chemistry, or science may be substituted for 2 years of experience. A BS degree in engineering, chemistry, or science may be substituted for 4 years of experience.

(b) Level 2 -- Performs assignments that are normally standardized. Operates testing or processing equipment of moderate complexity. May construct components or subassemblies of prototype models. May troubleshoot malfunctioning equipment and make simple repairs. Extracts and processes test data.

Typical Title: Technician
Experience: 2-6 years

The normal qualification of a Technician Level 2 is 2 - 6 years of technician experience in the field of engineering, chemistry, or science. An Associate degree in engineering, chemistry, or science may be substituted for 2 years of experience. A BS degree in engineering, chemistry, or science may be substituted for 4 years of experience.

#### **EXPERIENCE/EDUCATION SUBSTITUTIONS**

The following substitutions are acceptable for the education and experience requirements cited above:

- 1. Any combination of additional years of experience in the proposed field of expertise plus full time college level study in the particular field totaling four years will be an acceptable substitute for a B.S. Degree.
- <u>2.</u> <u>A B.S. Degree plus any combination of additional years of experience and graduate level study in the proposed field of expertise totaling two years will be an acceptable substitute for a Masters Degree.</u>
- 3. A B.S. Degree plus any combination of additional years of experience and graduate level study in the proposed field of expertise totaling four years or a Master's Degree plus two years of either additional experience or graduate level study in the proposed field of expertise will be an acceptable substitute for a Ph.D. Degree.
- 4. Additional years of graduate level study in an appropriate field will be considered equal to years of experience on a one-for-one basis.

# ATTACHMENT 7

COST PROPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS

# **COST PROPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS**

The following paragraphs supplement the instructions set forth in the provision entitled "Instructions for the Preparation of Pricing/Cost Proposals." These instructions apply to both the prime contractor as well as subcontractors. It is the prime contractor's responsibility to ensure that all instructions are disseminated to subcontractors.

Offerors shall certify in writing that all proposed personnel meet the minimum experience and educational requirements of the RFP for the professional/technical level for which they are proposed. In addition, offerors shall demonstrate how the individuals identified in the technical proposal are included in the labor rate calculations in the cost proposal. If individuals in the technical proposal are included in an average labor cost center/pool, offerors shall demonstrate how those individuals are included in the respective cost center/pool for which they are proposed. See Attachment 6 for definitions of labor classifications.

Proposals shall be numbered "ORIGINAL", "1 OF 5", "2 OF 5", etc. on the front cover of the proposal.

(a) Offerors shall develop the cost proposal/cost breakdown for the prime contractor and all subcontractors. It shall be prepared in the following format:

**Direct Labor** 

Fringe Benefit

Overhead

Travel

ODC

**Consultants** 

Subcontract

<u>X</u>

Υ

**Total Subcontract** 

Subtotal

G&A

**Total Cost** 

<u>Fee</u>

Total Cost Plus Fee

- (b) All pages in the cost proposal should be numbered. An index with appropriate page references should be included. Complete narrative explanation regarding the basis of each cost element should also be included.
  - (c) Summary Sheets are required, as follows:

- 1.Base Period, Base Level of Effort
- 2. Base Period, Optional LOE
- 3. Option 1, Base LOE
- 4. Option 1, Optional LOE
- 5.Option 2, Base LOE
- 6. Option 2, Optional LOE
- 7.Aggregate, All Periods, All LOE
- (d) The direct labor hours to be used to develop the cost/pricing proposal are detailed in subparagraph (h) below. It is noted that no estimate has been included for company management or other support. If it is your disclosed practice to include company management or other support as a direct cost, then your proposal must include an estimate of the hours and associated costs that will be necessary to support the specified level of effort. A narrative explanation of the basis of this estimate must also be included. If company management or other support is recovered through an indirect cost pool, no direct cost estimate is required. The proposal must clearly indicate whether the firm's disclosed practice is to recover company management or other support effort as a direct or indirect cost.
- (e) The direct labor hours in subparagraph (h) are the estimated workable hours required by the Government. The number of direct labor hours shall be proposed exactly as identified in subparagraph (h). These hours do not include release time such as holiday, vacation and sick leave. The portion of release time allocable to the proposed direct labor shall be computed and shown separately from the direct labor rate. If these costs are normally included in a fringe benefit or other indirect cost rate, separate identification is not required. However, if release time or other labor related costs are factored into your direct labor rates, these costs must be separately identified in this proposal. The proposal should clearly indicate the offeror's disclosed practice regarding recovery of release time or paid absence.
- (f) For each contract period, the offeror shall propose the amount specified in subparagraph (h) for Other Direct Cost. The specified amount may be allocated between the prime contractor and subcontractors if applicable. The proposal must specify the basis for allocation. ODC costs do not account for relocation costs. If additional ODC's are anticipated by the contractor other than those listed in the distribution, they should be proposed as a separate line item in the cost proposal. All proposed relocation costs shall be fully supported and documented in the proposal.
- (g) When subcontract effort is included in the cost proposal, the prime contractor shall submit charts which clearly indicate the exact allocation of the specified hours among the prime contractor and the proposed subcontractors. Specified labor categories as well as job titles within the labor categories should be identified. This chart is required in both the technical proposal and the cost proposal. However, in the cost proposal only the chart should also reflect the allocation of the specified ODC.

The following format is provided as a guideline in preparing the charts:

	<u>Base Pe</u>	<u>riod/Base Hours</u>		
	<b>Contractor</b>	Subcontractor	Subcontractor	_ Total
	A	<u>X</u>	<u> </u>	(per RFP)
Labor Cate	egory			
P4 Job	<u>Title</u>			
P3 Job	<u>Title</u>			
	<u>Title</u>			
T1 Job	<u>Title</u>			
Total Prof/T	Гесh Hrs			
<u>Upper Mgn</u>	nt-Direct			
Other-Direct	<u>ct</u>			
Total Supp	ort Hrs			
Other Direc	rt Cost (COST	PROPOSAL ON	I <b>Y</b> )	

(h) Offerors shall certify that the individuals identified in the technical proposal meet the minimum requirements for the professional/technical level for which he/she is proposed. Offerors shall demonstrate that the labor rates for the individuals identified in the technical proposal are included in the labor rate calculations in the cost proposal. If individuals in the technical proposal are included in an average labor cost center/pool, offerors shall demonstrate how those individuals are included in the respective cost center/pool for which they are proposed. See Attachment 6 for definitions of labor classifications. Offerors shall prepare proposals utilizing the labor categories, level of effort and Other Direct Cost specified in Tables 1 and 2 below. The cost must be broken down by discipline only if there are different labor rates for disciplines within a professional level. If the cost is not broken down by discipline, the proposal shall include a statement that rates are the same for all disciplines within a professional level. The level of effort is estimated to approximate the mix that will be required and is used primarily to provide a sound basis on which to compare competing cost proposals. The actual mix of hours incurred in performance of any resulting contract may vary greatly due to unknown factors that make the use of a level of effort contract necessary.

Table 1

Estimated Level of Effort								
Labor Category	<u>P/T</u> <u>Level</u>	Base Period Hours	Base Period Opt Qty	Option Period I Hours	Option Period I Opt Qty	Option Period II	Option Period II Opt Qty	<u>Total</u> <u>Hours</u>
Proj.Mgr., Engr., Scientist, Chemist	<u>P4</u>	6320	<u>3160</u>	<u>6320</u>	<u>3160</u>	<u>6320</u>	<u>3160</u>	<u>28440</u>
Engr., Scientist, Chemist	<u>P3</u>	<u>3660</u>	<u>1830</u>	<u>3660</u>	<u>1830</u>	<u>3660</u>	<u>1830</u>	<u>16470</u>
Engr., Scientist Chemist	<u>P2</u>	<u>4340</u>	<u>2170</u>	<u>4340</u>	<u>2170</u>	<u>4340</u>	<u>2170</u>	<u>19530</u>
Engr., Scientist, Chemist	<u>P1</u>	<u>4840</u>	<u>2420</u>	<u>4840</u>	2420	<u>4840</u>	2420	<u>21780</u>
Lab Technician	<u>T3</u>	<u>820</u>	<u>410</u>	<u>820</u>	<u>410</u>	<u>820</u>	<u>410</u>	<u>3690</u>
Lab Technician	<u>T2</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>90</u>
<u>Total</u>		20000	<u>10000</u>	20000	<u>10000</u>	20000	<u>10000</u>	90000

Table 2

Estimated Other Direct Costs

ODC Element	Base	Quantity Option	Option I	Quantity Option	Option II	Quantity Option	<u>Total</u>
<u>Travel</u>	<u>\$37,103</u>	<u>\$18,275</u>	<u>\$38,216</u>	<u>\$18,823</u>	<u>\$39,363</u>	<u>\$19,388</u>	<u>\$171,167</u>
Materials/ Supplies	<u>\$118,518</u>	<u>\$58,375</u>	<u>\$122,074</u>	<u>\$60,126</u>	<u>\$125,736</u>	<u>\$61,930</u>	<u>\$546,759</u>

Computer Usage	<u>\$8,081</u>	<u>\$3,981</u>	\$8,323	<u>\$4,099</u>	<u>\$8,573</u>	<u>\$4,222</u>	\$37,279
Telephone/ Fax	<u>\$13,468</u>	<u>\$6,633</u>	<u>\$13,872</u>	<u>\$6,832</u>	<u>\$14,287</u>	<u>\$7,037</u>	<u>\$62,129</u>
Reproductio n	<u>\$8,082</u>	\$3,980	\$8,323	<u>\$4,099</u>	\$8,573	<u>\$4,222</u>	\$37,279
Shipping/ Postage	<u>\$51,178</u>	\$25,207	<u>\$52,714</u>	<u>\$25,964</u>	<u>\$54,296</u>	<u>\$26,743</u>	\$236,102
Equipment Rental	<u>\$51,178</u>	\$25,207	<u>\$52,714</u>	<u>\$25,964</u>	<u>\$54,296</u>	<u>\$26,743</u>	\$236,102
Consultants/ Contracted Services	<u>\$18,855</u>	\$9,287	<u>\$19,421</u>	<u>\$9,566</u>	\$20,003	<u>\$9,853</u>	<u>\$86,985</u>
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$306,463</u>	<u>\$150,945</u>	<u>\$315,657</u>	<u>\$155,473</u>	\$325,127	<u>\$160,138</u>	<u>\$1,413,803</u>

- (i) If a proposed subcontractor does not have an approved accounting system (one that is considered adequate for use on government cost-type contracts), consent for a cost type (CPFF, etc.) subcontract will not be granted. Under this situation, a fixed-rate type subcontract would be more appropriate and for proposal purposes, the ODC's should remain with the prime contractor. During performance the ODC's must be managed by the prime contractor but may be allocated to the subcontractor on an as-needed basis.

  Please keep this in mind when negotiating the contract type with subcontractors.
- (j) If the indirect rates included in your proposal and/or your subcontractor's proposals are lower than the current, approved forward-pricing rates or current, approved provisional billing rates, it shall be assumed that these are ceiling rates and they shall be incorporated into any resultant contract as such if the award is made upon initial proposals. If there is any objection to this, an explanation to the approach taken must be included in the narrative section in the proposal.
  - (k) If it is your practice to propose uncompensated overtime, note the Section H clause entitled, "Advance Understanding - Uncompensated Overtime," the Section I clause entitled, "Identification of Uncompensated Overtime," and the proposal instructions in Section L.
- (I) If for any reason you believe the specified amounts are either too high or too low, or if by proposing these items as a direct cost your proposal would be in violation of your disclosed practice regarding the recovery of such items, the specified amount should be included in the proposal, but you should explain in the narrative section of the proposal why the specified amounts are not accurate estimates or why the direct recovery of such items would violate your disclosed accounting practices. The narrative explanation will be reviewed and

evaluated prior to contract award. The prime and all subcontractors must include a statement to acknowledge and verify that the specific cost elements included in a distribution of specified ODC are recovered as a direct charge in accordance with their disclosed practice

"In the cost proposal, offerors shall provide (a) proposed targets expressed as both percentages and dollars of the total proposed contract amount in each of the applicable North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Subsectors as determined by the Department of Commerce, (b) total target (expressed as both percentages and dollards) for SDB participation by the prime contractor, including joint venture partners and team members, and (c) a total target (expressed as both percentages and dollars) for SDB participation by subcontractors."

# ATTACHMENT 8

PAST PERFORMANCE QUESTIONNAIRE

# PAST PERFORMANCE QUESTIONNAIRE FOR AN INDIVIDUAL CONTRACT (Telephonic Responses)

Name of offeror:	
Contract Information:	
Name of Contractor:	Contract Number:
Contract Title:	Contract Value:
Type of Contract:	Period of Performance:
The ratings indicated below are to be supplied by the c	contractor identified above and <b>not</b> the offeror)

Performance Elements	OUTSTANDING	GOOD	SATISFACTORY	UNSATISFACTORY	<u>N/A</u>
1.Quality of Product Or service					
2. Timeliness of Performance					
3. Effectiveness of  Management  (including subcontractors)					
4. Attainment of Subcontracting Goals for SDB concerns, monetary targets for SDB participation, and notifications submitted under FAR 19.1202-4(b)					
5. Response to Technical Direction					
6. Responsive to Performance Problems					
7. Compliance with Cost Estimates					
8. Customer Satisfaction					
9. Overall Performance					

<u>10.</u>	Remarks on outstanding performance
	(Provide data supporting this observation. You
	may continue on a separate sheet if needed.)
<u>11.</u>	Remarks on unsatisfactory performance
	(Provide data supporting this observation. You
	May continue on separate sheet if needed.)
<u>12.</u>	Please identify any corporate affiliations with the offeror.
<u>13.</u>	Would you do business with the offeror again?
<u>14.</u>	Information provided by:
	Name of Source
	Title
	Date
	Address
_	Phone number
15.	Questionnaire completed by:
	Name of EPA Employee
	<u>Title</u>
	Date
	Signature

## ATTACHMENT 9

CLIENT AUTHORIZATION LETTER

# **CLIENT AUTHORIZATION LETTER**

[Addressee]
Dear "Client":
We are consent and a display to the Engineer and Destruction Assessed DED No.
We are currently responding to the Environmental Protection Agency RFP No.  DD CL 04 43565 for the property of Tachrology Transfer Support Sorvings for the National Biology
PR-CI-01-12565 for the procurement of Technology Transfer Support Services for the National Risk Management Research Laboratory, Technology Transfer Support Division of the U.S. EPA Office of Research
and Development. The EPA is placing increased emphasis in their acquisitions on past performance as a
source selection factor. EPA requires offerors to inform references identified in proposals that EPA may
contact them about past performance information.
<del></del>
If you are contacted by EPA for information on work we have performed under contract for your
company, you are hereby authorized to respond to EPA inquiries.
Your cooperation is appreciated. Any questions may be directed to:
Sincerely,

## ATTACHMENT 10

QUALITY ASSURANCE PLANNING REQUIREMENTS

# QUALITY ASSURANCE PLANNING REQUIREMENTS (QAPR) FORM INITIAL EXTRAMURAL ACTIONS

<u>1.</u>	Choose one:	X Contract	<b>F</b> IAG*	F Simplified Acquisition
		F Assistance Agreement	F CRADA*	GSA Contract
1.02	-	QA ID Number: (To be entere	d by QA Manager)	
1.03	_	Title: Technology Verification	n of Commercially A	vailableTechnologies for Cleaning Building Ventilation Air
<u>1.04</u>	env			r use of environmental data; the design, construction, and operation of e, models, or methods? Check one.  Step 10
<u>1.05</u>	cor			e to the requirements delineated on this form and on the orm, incorporate the following statement (verbatim) into the statement
		e awardee shall comply with a uality Assurance Planning Rec		elineated on the cluded with this extramural action.
1.06	Incl	lude the "NRMRL QA Requirem	ents/Definitions List"	in the extramural documentation.
<u>1.07</u>	into		greement documenta	4 of the NRMRL QMP. Appropriate language must be incorporated ation by CMD. If the option chosen contains "QMP," include ktramural documentation.

#### The external organization shall submit:

For Competitive Extramural Actions (e.g., contract, some simplified acquisitions, some assistance agreements).	For Non-Competitive Extramural Actions (e.g., CRADAs, IAGs, some simplified acquisitions, some assistance agreements).
G Before Award: NRMRL's Quality System Specifications After Award: QMP and QAPP for the entire effort	(No corresponding choice)
G Before Award: NRMRL's Quality System Specifications After Award: Joint QMP/QAPP** for the entire effort	G Joint QMP/QAPP** for entire effort
G Before Award: NRMRL's Quality System Specifications  After Award: QMP for the entire effort and a QAPP for each applicable project	G NRMRL's Quality System Specifications;  QAPP for each applicable project
X Before Award: QMP for entire effort  After Award: QAPP for the entire effort	G QMP for entire effort;  QAPP for entire effort
Before Award: QMP for the entire effort  After Award: QAPP for each applicable project	G QMP for entire effort;  QAPP for each applicable project
G Other (non-contracts):	G Other (non-contracts):

-

1.08 Indicate in the table below all potentially applicable QAPP types that may be required at any stage of the project. Print the requirements document, and include it in the extramural action documentation.

Project Type (Choose all that apply)	Category No. (Choose from the corresponding options)
G Enforcement (Cat I)	Category: I
G Regulatory Support (Cat II)	Category: II
X Applied Research (Cat III)	Category: III
X Basic Research (Cat IV)	Category: IV
X Secondary Data (Cat I-IV)	Category: G   x     x       x     V
X Design/Construction/Operation of Environ. Technology (Cat II-IV)	Category: X II X III X IV
X Model Development (Cat II-IV)	Category: X II X III X IV
X Sampling & Analysis (Cat II-IV)	Category: X II X III X IV
X Method Development (Cat III-IV)	Category: X III X IV
G Software Development & Data Management (Cat I-IV)	Category: GI GII GIII GIV

#### 1.09 The awardee shall comply with the following:

Quality Assurance Audits. The awardee and any subcontractor shall anticipate that one or more quality assurance audits may be performed during the project duration. These external quality assurance audits will be performed by EPA or an EPA support contractor. Selection of the specific areas of focus for audits will be commensurate with the scope and needs of the program. These external audits are intended to complement, not replace, the internal audits performed by the awardee.

Quality Assurance Reporting. Each published interim or final report produced as a result of an activity that required quality documentation shall include, as an integral section of the project report or as an Appendix, a readily identifiable discussion of the data quality of research results. Published final reports shall include the following items as a minimum:

- <u>I</u> <u>Discussions of the quality of data produced in terms of precision, accuracy, completeness, method detection limit, and representativeness, or semi-quantitative assessments of data quality, as applicable.</u>
- Limitations or constraints on the use of the data, if any.

Ethics and Data Integrity. The awardee and any subcontractor shall adhere to an ethics and data integrity code. No person shall participate in:

- ! the intentional selective reporting of data,
- ! the intentional reporting of data values that are not the actual values obtained.
- ! the intentional reporting of dates and times of data analyses that are not the actual dates and times of data analyses, or
- ! the intentional representation of another's work as one's own.

Substantive Changes to EPA-Approved Quality Documentation. Any substantive changes to the specifications in the EPA-approved quality documentation shall be submitted as a revision to the quality documentation by the awardee. The awardee shall identify the change and explain the rationale for the change. The EPA TLP, in concert with the awardee, is responsible for ensuring that quality documentation is kept current. Any revisions to EPA-approved quality documentation must be submitted to the EPA TLP and the QA representative for review. Implementation of the revision(s) commence(s) only after the awardee receives written EPA approval.

1.10 Sign/date below, obtain QA signature, and submit with extramural action documentation.

ls	onate QA requireme	nts have been discussed and documented on this form.	
NRMRL Technical Lead Person (TLP)	<u>Date</u>	NRMRL QA Staff Member	<u>Date</u>

\*If you are processing an IAG or CRADA, the responsibility for QA must be negotiated within the agreement. The TLPs in consultation with the QAMs in the various organizations must agree on, and document, which organization will take the lead for QA, the names of the QAM and TLP from each organization, and the QA requirements that will be adhered to during the agreement. Include documentation in IAG/CRADA package. (Note: Documentation may partially consist of this form with the following statement in the agreement "The organizations have negotiated and agree to the requirements as delineated in the Quality Assurance Planning Requirements Form included with this IAG/CRADA package.")

\*\*A joint QMP/QAPP, for NRMRL purposes, is the NRMRL's Quality System Specifications combined with a QAPP.

## **OAPP REQUIREMENTS FOR SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PROJECTS**

A sampling and analysis activity or project is typically defined as a study performed to generate data to either monitor parameters on a routine basis or to characterize a particular population for later studies. The following requirements should be addressed as applicable.

# SECTION 1.0, PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND ORGANIZATION

- 1.1 The purpose of the study shall be clearly stated in the sampling and analysis plan (SAP).
- 1.2 Responsibilities and points of contact for each organization shall be identified in the SAP. This should include identification of key personnel and/or organization(s) responsible for sample collection and custody, analytical and/or process measurements, data reduction, report preparation, and quality assurance.

## **SECTION 2.0, SAMPLING**

- 2.1 Sampling points for all measurements (*i.e.*, analytical, physical, and process, including locations and access points) shall be identified in the SAP whenever possible. If the specific locations cannot be identified at the time of plan generation, discuss the documentation and/or communication mechanism(s) for ensuring adequate information is captured to later identify sampling points.
- 2.2 The anticipated sampling frequency (*e.g.*, how many sampling events and how often events occur), the number of sample types (*e.g.*, metals, VOCs, SVOCs, *etc.*), and the minimum number of samples of each type taken at each event shall be provided.
- 2.3 The expected measurements (i.e., specific analytes) planned for each sample type shall be summarized.
- 2.4 If applicable, known site-specific factors that may affect sampling procedures shall be described.
- 2.5 If applicable, any site preparation (*e.g.*, sampling device installation, sampling port modifications) needed prior to sampling shall be described.
- 2.6 Each sampling procedure (including a list of equipment needed and the calibration of this equipment as appropriate) to be used shall be discussed or referenced. Maintenance requirements/procedures (as appropriate) must also be addressed in this section.
- 2.7 If compositing or splitting of samples is planned, the applicable procedures shall be described.
- 2.8 A list of sample quantities to be collected, and the sample amount required for each analysis, including QC sample analysis, shall be specified.
- 2.9 Containers used for sample collection, transport, and storage for each sample type shall be described.
- 2.10 Sample preservation methods (e.g., refrigeration, acidification, etc.) shall be described.

- 2.11 Requirements for shipping samples shall be described.
- 2.12 Holding times requirements shall be noted.
- 2.13 Procedures for tracking samples in the laboratory and for maintaining chain-of-custody when samples are shipped shall be described. COC procedures shall be described to ensure that sample integrity is maintained (labeling, seals, records).
- 2.14 <u>Information to be recorded and maintained by field personnel shall be discussed.</u>

#### SECTION 3.0, TESTING AND MEASUREMENT PROTOCOLS

- 3.1 Each analytical method to be used shall be referenced. This includes EPA-approved and other validated nonstandard methods.
- 3.2 If applicable, modifications to EPA-approved or other validated nonstandard methods shall also be described.

#### SECTION 4.0, QA/QC CHECKS

- 4.1 The SAP shall list and define all calibrations and QC checks and/or procedures used for the project, both field and laboratory as needed..
- 4.2 For each specified calibration, QC check, or procedure, required frequencies and acceptance criteria shall be included.

#### SECTION 5.0, DATA REDUCTION AND REPORTING

- 5.1 Data reduction procedures specific to the project, and also specific to each organization, shall be summarized.
- 5.2 The reporting requirements (*e.g.*, units, reporting method [*e.g.*, wet or dry]) for each measurement and matrix shall be identified.

# SECTION 6.0, REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

The deliverables expected from each organization responsible for field and/or analytical activities shall be described.

# **QAPP REQUIREMENTS FOR BASIC RESEARCH PROJECTS**

A basic research project is a study performed to generate data used to evaluate unproven theories, processes, or technologies.

# SECTION 1.0, PROJECT OBJECTIVES AND ORGANIZATION

- A. State the project objectives.
- 1.2 <u>Identify the responsibilities of all project participants (e.g., QAPP preparation, sample collection and analyses, data reduction/validation/analysis, report preparation, QA).</u>

#### SECTION 2.0, EXPERIMENTAL APPROACH

- 2.1 Describe the process, site, facility, apparatus, and/or environmental system to be tested.
- 2.2 <u>Describe all known or pre-established test conditions and variables, including replicate experimental runs.</u>
- 2.3 Describe the planned approach (statistical and/or non-statistical) for evaluating project objectives (i.e., data analysis).

#### SECTION 3.0, SAMPLING AND MEASUREMENT APPROACH AND PROCEDURES

3.1 Complete a table similar to the following to summarize the experimental sampling strategy to be used.

Sample/Measurement Location	<u>Matrix</u>	<u>Measurement</u>	<u>Frequency</u>	Experimental QC <sup>1</sup>	Total No. Samples

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>QC samples generated during experiment, as applicable (e.g., blanks, replicate samples, spikes)

3.2 Complete a table similar to the following to summarize the experimental sampling and analytical procedures to be used.

<u>Matrix</u>	<u>Measurement</u>	Sampling/ Measurement Method <sup>1</sup>	Analysis Method <sup>1</sup>	Sample Container/ Quantity of Sample	Preservation/ Storage	Holding Time(s) <sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Provide details in text, as necessary, if standard method or SOP cannot be referenced

#### SECTION 4.0, QA/QC CHECKS

Complete a table similar to the following to summarize QA/QC checks.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Both to extraction and analysis, if applicable

<u>Matrix</u>	Measurement	QA/QC Check <sup>1</sup>	Frequency	Acceptance Criteria	Corrective Action

Include all QA/QC checks (experimental and analytical, as applicable) for accuracy, precision, detection limits, mass balance, etc. (e.g., matrix spikes, lab control samples, blanks, replicates, surrogates)

## **SECTION 5.0, DATA REPORTING**

Describe data reduction procedures specific to the project.

#### **SECTION 6.0, REFERENCES**

Provide references to methods and germane prior publications.

#### IN ADDITION, WHEN APPLICABLE...

- If bulk sample(s) will be collected in the field for use in laboratory experiments, include applicable information from Section 2.0 of *QAPP Requirements for Sampling and Analysis Projects*.
- List all project-specific target analytes (i.e., when a class of compounds is specified in the table).
- Indicate if reporting is on a wet or dry weight basis (solid matrices only).
- Describe the method used to establish steady-state conditions.
- Describe how sampling equipment is calibrated.
- Describe how cross-contamination between samples is avoided.
- Describe the procedures used to collect representative samples.
- <u>Describe sample packing and shipping procedures.</u>
- Describe instrument calibration procedures and acceptance criteria if not included in a referenced method or SOP.

# QAPP REQUIREMENTS FOR APPLIED RESEARCH PROJECTS

An applied research project is a study to demonstrate the performance of technologies under defined conditions. These studies are often pilot- or field-scale. The following requirements should be addressed as applicable.

# **SECTION 0.0, DISTRIBUTION LIST**

A distribution list shall be provided to facilitate the distribution of the most recent current version of the QAPP to all the principal project participants.

#### SECTION 1.0, PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND OBJECTIVES

- 1.1 The purpose of study shall be clearly stated.
- 1.2 The process, site, facility, and/or environmental system to be tested shall be described.
- 1.3 Project objectives shall be clearly stated and identified as primary or non-primary.

# **SECTION 2.0, PROJECT ORGANIZATION**

- 2.1 Key points of contact for each organization involved in the project shall be identified.
- 2.2 All QA Managers and their relationship in the organizations (*i.e.*, location within each organization) shall be identified with evidence that the QA Manager is independent of project management.
- 2.3 Responsibilities of all other project participants and their relationship to other project participants shall be identified, meaning that organizations responsible for planning, coordination, sample collection, sample custody, measurements (*i.e.*, analytical, physical, and process), data reduction, data validation, and report preparation shall be clearly identified.

#### SECTION 3.0, EXPERIMENTAL APPROACH

- 3.1 The general approach and the test conditions for each experimental phase shall be provided. The statistical methods that will be used to evaluate the data (*i.e.*, ANOVA, or summary statistics) should be identified.
  - (NOTE: As deemed appropriate to the project by the TLP, the information requested in Sections 3.2, 3.3, and 3.4 may be presented here or in Section 4; the information requested in Sections 3.5 may be presented here or in Section 5; and the information requested in Sections 3.6 may be presented here or in Section 7.)
- 3.2 The sampling strategy shall be included and evidence must be presented to demonstrate that the strategy is appropriate for meeting primary project objectives, *i.e.*, a description of the statistical method or scientific rationale used to select sample sites and number of samples shall be provided.

- 3.3 Sampling/monitoring points for all measurements (*i.e.*, including locations and access points) shall be identified.
- 3.4 The frequency of sampling/monitoring events, as well as the numbers for each sample type and/or location shall be provided, including QC and reserve samples.
- 3.5 All measurements (*i.e.*, analytical [chemical, microbiological, assays], physical, and process) shall be identified for each sample type or process, and project-specific target analytes shall be listed and classified as critical or noncritical in the QAPP.
- 3.6 The planned approach (statistical and/or non-statistical) for evaluating project objectives shall be included.

# **SECTION 4.0, SAMPLING PROCEDURES**

- 4.1 Whenever applicable, the method used to establish steady-state conditions shall be described.
- 4.2 Known site-specific factors that may affect sampling/monitoring procedures shall be described.
- 4.3 Any site preparation needed prior to sampling/monitoring shall be described.
- 4.4 Each sampling/monitoring procedure to be used shall be discussed or referenced. If compositing or splitting samples, those procedures shall be described.
- 4.5 For samples requiring a split sample for either QA/QC purposes or for shipment to a different laboratory, the QAPP shall identify who is responsible for splitting samples, and where the splitting is performed (*e.g.*, field versus lab).
- 4.6 If sampling/monitoring equipment is used to collect critical measurement data (*i.e.*, used to calculate the final concentration of a critical parameter), the QAPP shall describe how the sampling equipment is calibrated, the frequency at which it is calibrated, and the acceptance criteria for calibration or calibration verification, as appropriate.
- 4.7 <u>If sampling/monitoring equipment is used to collect critical measurement data, the QAPP shall describe how cross-contamination between samples is avoided.</u>
- 4.8 The QAPP shall include a discussion of the procedures to be used to assure that representative samples are collected.
- 4.9 A list of sample quantities to be collected, and the sample amount required for each analysis, including QC sample analysis, shall be specified.
- 4.10 Containers used for sample collection, transport, and storage for each sample type shall be described.
- 4.11 The method for uniquely identifying each samples shall be described.

- 4.12 Sample preservation methods (*e.g.*, refrigeration, acidification, *etc.*), including specific reagents, equipment, and supplies required for sample preservation shall be described.
- 4.13 Holding time requirements shall be noted.
- 4.14 Procedures for packing and shipping samples shall be described.
- 4.15 Procedures to maintain chain-of-custody (*e.g.*, custody seals, records) during transfer from the field to the laboratory, in the laboratory, and among contractors and subcontractors shall be described to ensure that sample integrity is maintained.
- 4.16 Sample archival requirements for each relevant organization shall be provided.

## SECTION 5.0, TESTING AND MEASUREMENT PROTOCOLS

- 5.1 Each measurement method to be used shall be described in detail or referenced. Modifications to EPA-approved or similarly validated methods shall be specified.
- 5.2 For unproven methods, verification data applicable to expected matrices shall be included in the QAPP meaning the QAPP shall provide evidence that the proposed method is capable of achieving the desired performance.
- 5.3 For measurements which require a calibrated system, the QAPP shall include specific calibration procedures applicable to each project target analyte, and the procedures for verifying both initial and continuing calibrations (including frequency and acceptance criteria, and corrective actions to be performed if acceptance criteria are not met).

#### SECTION 6.0, QA/QC CHECKS

- 6.1 At a minimum, the QAPP shall include quantitative acceptance criteria for QA objectives associated with accuracy, precision, detection limits, and completeness for critical measurements (process, physical, and analytical, as applicable) for each matrix.
- 6.2 Any additional project-specific QA objectives shall be presented, including acceptance criteria. This includes items such as mass balance requirements.
- 6.3 The specific procedures used to assess all identified QA objectives shall be fully described.
- 6.4 The QAPP shall list and define all other QC checks and/or procedures (*e.g.*, blanks, surrogates, controls, *etc.*) used for the project, both field and laboratory.
- 6.5 For each specified QC check or procedure, required frequencies, associated acceptance criteria, and corrective actions to be performed if acceptance criteria are not met shall be included.

## SECTION 7.0, DATA REPORTING, DATA REDUCTION, AND DATA VALIDATION

- 7.1 The reporting requirements (e.g., units, reporting method [wet or dry]) for each measurement and matrix shall be identified.
- 7.2 The deliverables expected from each organization responsible for field and laboratory activities shall be listed.
- 7.3 Data reduction procedures specific to the project, and also specific to each organization, shall be summarized.
- 7.4 <u>Data validation procedures specific to each organization used to ensure the reporting of accurate project</u> data to internal and external clients shall be summarized.
- 7.5 Data storage requirements for each organization shall be provided.
- 7.6 The product document that will be prepared for the project shall be specified (*e.g.*, journal article, final report, *etc.*). The contents of this document can be referenced to a NRMRL or program-specific QMP, if appropriate.

# **SECTION 8.0, ASSESSMENTS**

- 8.1 The QAPP shall identify all scheduled audits (*i.e.*, both technical system audits [TSAs] and performance evaluations [PEs]) to be performed, who will perform these audits, and who will receive the audit reports.
- 8.2 The QAPP shall provide procedures that are to be followed that will ensure that necessary corrective actions will be performed.
- 8.3 The responsible party(-ies) for implementing corrective actions shall be identified.

# **SECTION 9.0, REFERENCES**

References shall be provided either in the body of the text as footnotes or in a separate section.

# QAPP REQUIREMENTS FOR PROJECTS USING SECONDARY DATA

A secondary data project involves the gathering and/or use of existing environmental data for purposes other than those for which they were originally collected. These secondary data may be obtained from many sources, including literature, industry surveys, compilations from computerized databases and information systems, and computerized or mathematical models of environmental processes. For these projects, a QAPP shall be prepared to include the requirements identified below. If primary data will also be generated as part of the project, then the information below can be incorporated into the associated QAPP to address the secondary data. The following requirements should be addressed as applicable.

#### SECTION 1.0, PROJECT OBJECTIVES, ORGANIZATION, AND RESPONSIBILITIES

- 1.1 The purpose of study shall be clearly stated.
- 1.2 Project objectives shall be clearly stated.
- 1.3 The secondary data needed to satisfy the project objectives shall be identified. Requirements relating to the type of data, the age of data, geographical representation, temporal representation, and technological representation, as applicable, shall be specified.
- 1.4 The planned approach for evaluating project objectives, including formulas, units, definitions of terms, and statistical analysis, if applicable, shall be included.
- 1.5 Responsibilities of all project participants shall be identified, meaning that key personnel and their organizations shall be identified, along with the designation of responsibilities for planning, coordination, data gathering, data analysis, report preparation, and quality assurance, as applicable.

#### SECTION 2.0, SOURCES OF SECONDARY DATA

- 2.1 The source(s) of the secondary data must be specified.
- 2.2 The rationale for selecting the source(s) identified shall be discussed.
- 2.3 The sources of the secondary data will be identified in any project deliverable.

# SECTION 3.0, QUALITY OF SECONDARY DATA

- 3.1 Quality requirements of the secondary data must be specified. These requirements must be appropriate for their intended use. Accuracy, precision, representativeness, completeness, and comparability need to be addressed, if applicable. (If appropriate, a related QAPP containing this information can be referenced.)
- 3.2 The procedures for determining the quality of the secondary data shall be described.

3.3 If no quality requirements exist, this shall be stated in the QAPP. If no quality requirements exist or if the
quality of the secondary data will not be evaluated by EPA, the QAPP shall require that a disclaimer be
added to any project deliverable to indicate that the quality of the secondary data has not been evaluated by
EPA for this specific application. The wording for the disclaimer shall be defined.
SECTION 4.0, DATA REPORTING, DATA REDUCTION, AND DATA VALIDATION
4.1 Data reduction procedures specific to the project shall be described, including calculations and equations.
4.2 The data validation procedures used to ensure the reporting of accurate project data shall be described.
4.3 The expected product document that will be prepared shall be specified ( <i>e.g.</i> , journal article, final report, <i>etc.</i> ).
<u>eic.).</u>

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# **QAPP REQUIREMENTS FOR RESEARCH MODEL PROJECTS**

A research model project is a study performed to develop a new model or apply an existing model to

provide information to support non-regulatory environmental research or decision-making. If a decision to be made is regulatory in nature, additional QAPP requirements will need to be addressed; your Division QA Manager should be consulted. QAPPs for model projects shall address those activities performed following the development of the model theory (not subject to QA requirements) and prior to software tool development (subject to different QA requirements).

#### SECTION 1.0, PROJECT OBJECTIVES AND ORGANIZATION

- A. Discuss the purpose of the model. Include any background information which will facilitate understanding of the need/uses for such a model.
- 1.2 Identify the roles and responsibilities of all project participants.

## **SECTION 2.0, MODEL DESCRIPTION**

- 2.1 Identify the theoretical approach for the model.
- 2.2 Define the mathematical relationship(s) between input and output variables. Includemathematical algorithms and any calculation methods to be used.
- 2.3 Identify the software to be used to demonstrate this relationship.
- 2.4 Discuss any initial assumptions regarding model development/application.
- 2.5 Specify required sources for model databases and any requirements for these data (e.g., quality, quantity, spatial and temporal applicability). If data sources are not currently known, describe the criteria used to identify sources.

#### **SECTION 3.0, MODEL EVALUATION**

- 3.1 Describe how the computer code will be verified to ensure that it correctly represents the mathematical algorithms.
- 3.2 Discuss how the model will be calibrated. Identify the type and source of data (e.g., new data, secondary data, professional judgement, expert opinion elicitation) that will be used to calibrate the model. If data sources are not currently known, describe the criteria used to identify sources. Include specific criteria which needs to be met for predicted and observed data, if applicable.
- 3.3 Describe any requirements (e.g., quality, quantity, spatial and temporal applicability) for the data that will be used to calibrate the model, if applicable.
- 3.4 Describe the approach for assessing model and parameter sensitivity/uncertainty.
- 3.5 Discuss requirements for model review (e.g., internal peer review, publication in a peer-reviewed journal).

# **SECTION 4.0, MODEL DOCUMENTATION**

4.1 State that all phases of model development/application will be adequately documented to ensure that activities can be reconstructed. Provide specific requirements as necessary.

#### **SECTION 5.0, REFERENCES**

5.1 Provide references to methods and applicable publications.				
QAPP REQUIREMENTS FOR PROJECTS USING DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, AND OPERATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGIES				
There are no tailored QAPP requirement for this type of QAPP. Please follow Part C of ANSI/ASQ E4. The following web addresses are provided for general guidance.				

 $\underline{http://www.epa.gov/quality/qs-docs/g5-final.pdf}$ 

 $\underline{http://www.epa.gov/quality/qs-doc/g5m-prd.pdf}$ 

# **QAPP REQUIREMENTS FOR METHOD DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS**

A method development project is typically needed in situations for which there exists no standard or known method, or when an existing method needs to be modified to meet a project-specific need. The following requirements should be addressed as applicable.

#### SECTION 1.0, BACKGROUND

A description of the situation that requires the generation of a new or modified method shall be clearly stated. Why are we doing this?

# SECTION 2.0, SCOPE AND APPLICATION

The scope and application of the method shall be clearly stated. Specifically, to what matrices, conditions, *etc.*, will this method apply for this project? What detection limits and/or practical quantitation limits are needed? How is this method intended to be used in the future (*e.g.*, research only, potential regulatory usage, *etc.*)?

# **SECTION 3.0, PROJECT ORGANIZATION**

Responsibilities of all project participants shall be identified, meaning that key personnel and their organizations shall be identified, along with the designation of responsibilities for planning, coordination, sample collection, measurements (*i.e.*, analytical, physical, and process), data reduction, data validation (independent of data generation), data analysis, report preparation, and quality assurance.

# SECTION 4.0, EXPERIMENTAL APPROACH INCLUDING SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

- 4.1 A description of the test(s) to be conducted in order to support the development of the method shall be included. All known or preestablished test conditions and variables shall be provided.
- 4.2 All planned measurements (*i.e.*, analytical [chemical, microbiological, assays, *etc.*], physical, and process) shall be identified, and project-specific target analytes shall be listed.
- 4.3 Any known restrictions/specifications for sampling (*e.g.*, collecting soil samples from a site or water samples from a port, *etc.*) or subsampling (*e.g.*, mixing sample before taking subsample for analysis, *etc.*) shall be documented. Include specifications for: type and size of sample containers; amount of sample needed for preparation and analysis; preservation; holding times; representativeness; compositing; QC samples; *etc.*
- 4.4 The type of instrumentation that will be used and any required instrument conditions shall be documented.

  Include a discussion of calibration and calibration verification including frequency, acceptance criteria, and corrective action to be taken if acceptance criteria are not met.

## SECTION 5.0, QA/QC CHECKS

Any planned QC checks and criteria that must be met for the method to be considered successful shall be specified. QC checks may include spikes, replicates, blanks, controls, surrogates, etc.

Note: For chemical methods, quality control procedures to determine the precision, accuracy, and method detection limit should be described. For microbiological methods, positive and negative control procedures should be described.

#### SECTION 6.0, METHOD VERIFICATION

The tests that will be used to verify the method's performance once it's been developed shall be specified.

#### **SECTION 7.0, REPORT**

The report for a successful method development project will be a method written in a format appropriate for the application *e.g.*, SW-846 for RCRA applications, Standard Methods for bacteria in drinking water, a SOP for a specific application (with supporting method performance data appended), *etc.* 

# **SECTION 8.0, REFERENCES**

References shall be provided either in the body of the text as footnotes or in a separate section.

## **REQUIREMENTS FOR QUALITY MANAGEMENT PLANS (QMPs)**

This quality management plan (QMP) requirements list is applicable to multi-year, multi-project efforts and is based on EPA guidance (http://www.epa.gov/quality/qs-docs/r2-final.pdf). A QMP defines an organization's quality system and documents policies and procedures that will be used to meet customer's quality needs.

Note (1): If a requirement is not applicable, state "not applicable" and provide an explanation regarding why. Note (2): To eliminate redundancy, reference to other sections of the QMP is permissible. Note (3): Ensure that the QMP clearly designates the personnel responsible for performing each procedure described in the QMP.

#### SECTION 0.0, QMP APPROVAL

An approval page for the signatures of the senior accountable manager, senior line management (as appropriate) and the QA manager of the organization(s) that are part of this program level quality system needs to be provided. Signatures must be obtained prior to submitting the QMP for Agency review.

# SECTION 1.0, QUALITY SYSTEM MANAGEMENT AND ORGANIZATION

- 1.1 **Program Quality Policy.** State the "quality policy," established and implemented by program management, which ensures that this environmental program produces the type and quality of results needed and expected.
- 1.2 Program Organizational Structure and Communication. Describe functional responsibilities (including QA personnel), levels of accountability, authority, and communication for each organization that is part of this program level quality system. Demonstrate that the QA Manager(s) is/are independent of groups generating, compiling, and evaluating environmental data. Include a discussion of how disputes regarding quality system requirements, QA/QC procedures, assessments, or corrective actions are resolved. Note: It may be helpful to include organizational charts in addition to a narrative discussion.
- 1.3 **Technical Activities.** Briefly describe all technical activities (*e.g.*, basic research, technology evaluation, modeling, technology construction, *etc.*) that are supported by the quality system.
- 1.4 Communicating the Program's Quality System. Describe how program management ensures that the quality management plan is communicated to and understood by those who are required to follow it (*e.g.*, training, meetings, *etc.*).
- 1.5 **Resources.** Describe program management procedures for allocating resources (human and financial) to implement the quality system (including, but not limited to, personnel training, quality system audits).
- 1.6 Authority to Stop Work for Safety and Quality Considerations. Define who has the authority to stop unsafe work, or work of inadequate quality.

1.7 Management Assessment of Quality System Adequacy. Describe how program management assesses and documents quality system adequacy. Include frequency of assessment, description of assessment (purpose, types of activities reviewed), and possible response actions.

# SECTION 2.0, QUALITY SYSTEM AND DESCRIPTION

- 2.1 Quality System Elements. Generally describe the principal components (or "tools") comprising the quality system and how they are used to implement the quality system. This includes (but is not limited to): QMPs; QA project plans, standard operating procedures; and audits/assessments. Include how and when each component is applied to individual projects and tasks.
- 2.2 Quality Management Plan Reviews and Revisions. Describe procedures for updating quality system documentation.

## SECTION 3.0, PERSONNEL QUALIFICATION AND TRAINING

- 3.1 Personnel Training and Qualification Procedures. Describe how program management ensures that all personnel performing work (including subcontractors, if applicable) are trained and qualified to perform work prior to initiating work. In addition to formal education, include specific on-the-job training for technical and management personnel (*e.g.*, lab, field, health and safety, management, QA).
- 3.2 Formal Qualifications and Certifications for Specialized Activities. Identify when formal qualification or certification is required.
- 3.3 **Training Documentation.** Describe how program management ensures that required training is performed and documented.
- 3.4 Evidence of Personnel Job Proficiency. Describe how objective evidence of personnel job proficiency is documented and maintained.
- 3.5 **Re-Training.** Describe how the need for re-training is evaluated.

# SECTION 4.0, PROCUREMENT OF ITEMS AND SERVICES RELATED TO TECHNICAL ACTIVITIES

- 4.1 **Procurement Planning and Control.** Describe procedures for planning and controlling the procurement of items and services (*e.g.*, subcontractor who provides analytical support, subcontractor who provides drilling support, calibrated sampling equipment, *etc.*).
- 4.2 Procurement Technical and Quality Requirements. Describe procedures for ensuring that procurement documents (e.g., formal contract with subcontractor, purchase order for equipment, etc.) clearly describe the item or service needed and the associated technical and quality requirements (including a quality system

consistent with EPA requirements when applicable). Include a discussion of when procurement documents will require the supplier to furnish a demonstrated capability to furnish items and services that meet all requirements and specifications.

- 4.3 <u>Procurement Document Specification of Verifying Supplier's Conformance.</u> Describe procedures for ensuring that procurement documents specify how the supplier's conformance to customer's requirements will be verified.
- 4.4 **Procurement Document Review.** Describe procedures for the internal review of procurement documents to ensure accuracy and completeness.
- 4.5 **Review of Changed Procurement Documents.** Describe procedures for ensuring that changed procurement documents receive the same level of internal review and approval as the original documents.
- 4.6 **Review of Procured Items and Services.** Describe how procured items and services are reviewed to ensure compliance with requirements and specifications.

#### SECTION 5.0, DOCUMENTS AND RECORDS

- 5.1 Records Management Procedures. Describe records management procedures from preparation to disposal, including maintenance (protection from damage and deterioration), storage (including accessibility), and retention (including disposition in accordance with statutory or contractual requirements). Describe how these records management procedures are controlled and maintained. Include printed and electronic records. Identify which documents/electronic records are included under these record management procedures (e.g., QAPP, data package, electronic data, laboratory notebooks, chain-of-custody forms, etc.).
- 5.2 <u>Document Control.</u> Identify which documents require control (*e.g.*, technical manuals, operating procedures, QAPPs, SOPs, final reports, *etc.*). Describe procedures for document review and approval (internal to the organization and external, *e.g.*, client), and revision (before and after submission to client). Include procedures for distribution, replacement of previous document versions, and for ensuring that obsolete documents are no longer used.

#### SECTION 6.0, COMPUTER HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE

This section applies to computer hardware and software operations that directly impact the quality of the results of environmental programs (both developed and purchased) including: design, design analysis, data handling, data analysis, modeling of environmental processes and conditions, operations or process control, and data bases.

6.1 Conformance to User and EPA Requirements. Describe procedures for ensuring computer software and computer hardware/software configurations meet user's requirements and conform to applicable EPA

- requirements (e.g., Y2K compliance, security [protection from physical loss of data], and privacy [protection from unauthorized use of data]).
- 6.2 Configuration Testing. Describe procedures for testing computer hardware/software configurations prior to use to ensure technical requirements and quality expectations are met; include how the results of configuration tests are documented and maintained.
- 6.3 Configuration Change Assessment. Describe procedures for assessing changes to hardware/software configurations; include how changes are evaluated based on the impact on technical and quality objectives of the program.
- 6.4 **Re-Testing and Re-Documentation.** Describe procedures for re-testing and re-documentation when components are changed (creating a new configuration) or when program requirements change (bringing capability of the configuration into question).

In addition to environmental data collection activities, Sections 7-10 must also be addressed for the design, construction, and operation of environmental technologies; use of secondary data (*i.e.*, use of environmental data); and development/modification of mathematical models (*i.e.*, use and/or generation of environmental data), when applicable.

#### **SECTION 7.0, PROJECT PLANNING**

- 7.1 Planning and Documenting the Generation, Acquisition, and Use of Environmental Data. Describe procedures for planning and documenting all work involving the generation, acquisition, and use of environmental data (and the design, construction, and operation of environmental technologies as applicable). Identify types of planning documents generated (*e.g.*, work plans, QAPPs, *etc.*) and summarize their purpose.
- 7.2 <u>Identifying and Documenting Type and Quality of Environmental Data Needed.</u> Describe how the type and quality of environmental data needed (including secondary data, mathematical models, and the quality of technology design) are identified. Describe how this information is documented (*e.g.*, DQO Process, QAPP, *etc.*)
- 7.3 <u>Including Key Users, Customers, and Technical Staff in Planning.</u> For each applicable technical activity, describe procedures for involving the key users and customers of the data (and technology or model), in addition to the technical staff, during project-specific planning.
- 7.4 Reviewing and Approving Planning Documents. Describe procedures used for review and approval (internal to organization and external, *e.g.*, client) of planning documents prior to initiation of work.

  Reference to Section 5.0 may be applicable.

#### **SECTION 8.0, IMPLEMENTATION OF WORK PROCESSES**

- 8.1 <u>Implementation of Work According to Planning Documents.</u> Describe procedures (*e.g.*, meetings, documentation) for ensuring that all work is performed according to approved planning and technical documents.
- 8.2 Standard Operating Procedures Documentation. Describe the process for documenting standard operating procedures. Describe how standard operating procedures should be written so that they are easily understood by the user and contain sufficient detail and clarity.

#### SECTION 9.0, PROJECT ASSESSMENT AND RESPONSE

For the purposes of this section, audits and assessments are synonymous.

- 9.1 **Planning Project Assessments.** Describe how, in the planning stage, management determines the appropriate type of assessment activity (*e.g.*, technical systems audit, performance evaluation audit, *etc.*) for a particular project.
- 9.2 <u>Assessment Planning and Procedures.</u> Describe the process used to ensure assessments are performed according to approved written procedures.
- 9.3 <u>Assessment Personnel Qualifications</u>. Describe procedures for ensuring that assessments are performed by qualified personnel. Assessors shall be capable of assessing technical requirements and other procedures specified in the planning document.
- 9.4 <u>Assessor Responsibility and Authority to Stop Work.</u> Describe the assessor's responsibility and authority to stop work. Describe conditions under which a stop work order may be needed.
- 9.5 Assessment Documentation, Reporting, and Review. Describe assessment documentation, reporting, and review procedures. Include procedures for documenting and reporting assessment results to management. Include a discussion of how the assessor reports the impact of a negative assessment result on planned operations. For each procedure, include a time line for completion.
- 9.6 Assessment Responses and Follow-up Action. Describe procedures for documenting assessment responses and how corrective action occurs. Include how follow-up is performed to ensure action was taken. For each procedure, include a time line for completion.

#### SECTION 10.0, ASSESSMENT AND VERIFICATION OF DATA USABILITY

10.1 **Assessing, Verifying, and Qualifying Data.** Describe procedures for assessing, verifying/validating, and qualifying data obtained from environmental data operations according to their planned intended use, including secondary data and mathematical modeling. (Describe procedures for assessing and verifying

- the performance of environmental technology for its intended use.)
- 10.2 Expressing and Documenting Limitations on Data. Describe procedures for expressing and documenting (in print, or electronically) any limitations on this intended data use (and/or technology performance).
- 10.3 Providing Independent Review of Data-Containing Project Reports. Describe procedures for the independent review of project reports containing data, or reports containing the results of environmental data operations (and/or technology performance), to confirm that the data or results are presented correctly. Reference to Section 5.0 may be applicable.
- <u>Management Approval of Reports.</u> Describe procedures for obtaining management approval of these reports prior to release, publication, or distribution. Reference to Section 5.0 may be applicable.

## SECTION 11.0, QUALITY SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT

- 11.1 Quality Improvement Process. Describe the quality improvement process used to continuously develop and improve the quality system. Include procedures such as communication with and among customers and suppliers; staff identification of problems and solutions, *etc*.
- 11.2 **Preventing, Detecting and Correcting Quality System Problems.** Describe procedures used to prevent, detect and correct quality system problems.
- 11.3 **Response Actions.** Describe procedures for planning, documenting, and implementing response actions to quality system problems.

#### NRMRL QA Requirements/Definitions List

EPA's Quality System Website: http://www.epa.gov/quality/qs-docs/r5-final.pdf

## **Category Level Designations (determines the level of QA required):**

Category I Project - applicable to studies performed to generate data used for enforcement activities, litigation, or research project involving human subjects. The QAPP shall address all elements listed in "EPA Requirements for QA Project Plans, EPA QA/R-5, March 2001": http://www.epa.gov/quality/qs-docs/r5-final.pdf

Category II Project - applicable to studies performed to generate data used in support of the development of environmental regulations or standards. The QAPP shall address all elements listed in "EPA Requirements for QA Project Plans, EPA QA/R-5, March 2001": <a href="http://www.epa.gov/quality/qs-docs/r5-final.pdf">http://www.epa.gov/quality/qs-docs/r5-final.pdf</a>

<u>Category III Project</u> - applicable to projects involving applied research or technology evaluations. The QAPP shall address the applicable sections of "EPA Requirements for QA Project Plans, EPA QA/R-5, March 2001": <a href="http://www.epa.gov/quality/qs-docs/r5-final.pdf">http://www.epa.gov/quality/qs-docs/r5-final.pdf</a> as outlined in the NRMRL QAPP requirements for the specific project type (see below).

<u>Category IV Project</u> - applicable to projects involving basic research or preliminary data gathering activities. The QAPP shall address the applicable sections of "EPA Requirements for QA Project Plans, EPA QA/R-5, March 2001": <a href="http://www.epa.gov/quality/qs-docs/r5-final.pdf">http://www.epa.gov/quality/qs-docs/r5-final.pdf</a> as outlined in the NRMRL QAPP requirements for the specific project type (see below).

#### **Project Types:**

Applied Research Project - pertains to a study performed to generate data to demonstrate the performance of accepted processes or technologies under defined conditions. These studies are often pilot- or field-scale. The QAPP shall address all requirements listed in "QAPP Requirements for Applied Research Projects" from Appendix B of the NRMRL QMP.

Basic Research Project - pertains to a study performed to generate data used to evaluate unproven theories, processes, or technologies.

These studies are often bench-scale. The QAPP shall address all requirements listed in "QAPP Requirements for Basic Research Projects" from Appendix B of the NRMRL QMP.

Design, Construction, and/or Operation of Environmental Technology Project - pertains to environmental technology designed, constructed and/or operated by and/or for EPA. The QAPP shall address requirements in Part C of "Specifications and Guidelines for Quality Systems for Environmental Data Collection and Environmental Technology," ANSI/ASQC E4-1994, American Society for Quality Control, Milwaukee, WI, January 1995. (Please contact a member of the QA Staff for further information.)

Method Development Project - pertains to situations where there is no existing standard method, or a standard method needs to be significantly modified for a specific application. The QAPP shall address all requirements listed in "QAPP Requirements for Method Development Projects" from Appendix B of the NRMRL QMP.

Model Development Project - includes all types of mathematical models including static, dynamic, deterministic, stochastic, mechanistic, empirical, etc. The QAPP shall address all requirements listed in "QAPP Requirements for Modeling Projects" (Requirements still in development. Please contact a member of the QA Staff for further information.)

Sampling and Analysis Project - pertains to the collection and analysis of samples with no objectives other than to provide characterization or monitoring information. The QAPP shall address all requirements listed in "QAPP Requirements for Sampling and Analysis Projects" from Appendix B of the NRMRL QMP.

Secondary Data Project - pertains to environmental data collected from other sources, by or for EPA, that are used for purposes other than those originally intended. Sources may include: literature, industry surveys, compilations from computerized databases and information systems, and computerized or mathematical models of environmental processes. The QAPP shall address all requirements listed in "QAPP Requirements for Secondary Data Projects" from Appendix B of the NRMRL QMP.

<u>Software Development and Data Management Project</u> - pertains to software development, software/hardware systems development, database design and maintenance, data validation and verification systems. The QAPP shall address all requirements listed in "QAPP Requirements for Software Development Projects" from Appendix B of the NRMRL QMP.

#### **Definitions:**

Environmental Data - For EPA, environmental data include information collected directly from measurements, produced from software

and models, and compiled from other sources such as data bases or the literature.

Incremental Funding - Incremental funding is partial funding, no new work.

NRMRL's Quality System Specifications for Extramural Actions - These requirements typically pertain to single project efforts. The five specifications are:

- (1) a description of the organization's Quality System (QS) and information regarding how this QS is documented, communicated and implemented;
- (2) an organizational chart showing the position of the QA function;
- (3) delineation of the authority and responsibilities of the QA function;
- (4) the background and experience of the QA personnel who will be assigned to the project; and
- (5) the organization's general approach for accomplishing the QA specifications in the SOW.

Quality Assurance (QA) - Quality assurance is a system of management activities to ensure that a process, item, or service is of the type and quality needed by the customer. It deals with setting policy and running an administrative system of management controls that cover planning, implementation, and review of data collection activities and the use of data in decision making. Quality assurance is just one part of a quality system.

Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) - A QAPP is a document that describes the necessary quality assurance, quality control, and other technical activities that must be implemented to ensure that the results of the work performed will satisfy the stated performance criteria. A QAPP documents project-specific information.

Quality Control (QC) - Quality control is a technical function that includes all the scientific precautions, such as calibrations and duplications, that are needed to acquire data of known and adequate quality.

Quality Management Plan (QMP) - A QMP is a document that describes an organization's/program's quality system in terms of the organizational structure, policy and procedures, functional responsibilities of management and staff, lines of authority, and required interfaces for those planning, implementing, documenting, and assessing all activities conducted. A QMP documents the overall organization/program, and is primarily applicable to multi-year, multi-project efforts. An organization's/program's QMP shall address all elements listed in the "Requirements for Quality Management Plans" in Appendix B of the NRMRL QMP.

**Quality System** - A quality system is the means by which an organization manages its quality aspects in a systematic, organized manner and provides a framework for planning, implementing, and assessing work performed by an organization and for carrying out required quality assurance and quality control activities.

Substantive Change - Substantive change is any change in an activity that may alter the quality of data being used, generated, or gathered.

Supplemental Funding - Supplemental funding is additional funding of new work.

<u>Technical Lead Person (TLP)</u> - This person is technically responsible for the project. For extramural contract work, the TLP is typically the contracting officer's representative (COR). For intramural work, the TLP is typically the Principal Investigator.

## Abbreviations:

<u>COR</u>	Contracting Officer's Representative	IAG	Interagency Agreement
NRMRL	National Risk Management Research Laboratory	<u>QA</u>	Quality Assurance
QA ID	Quality Assurance Identification	QAM	Quality Assurance Manager
<b>QAPP</b>	Quality Assurance Project Plan	QMP	Quality Management Plan
<u>QS</u>	Quality System	SOW	Statement of Work
TLP	Technical Lead Person	<u>CRADA</u>	Cooperative Research & Development Agreement